# MUTUAL SECURITY FY 1956

# BUDGET BUREAU PRESENTATION

FAR EAST

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BY COWE! , SER / MO / CEM
AUTHORITY: E0 12005 & para 923, Uniform Security
Regulations

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11/8/54

**BEST AVAILABLE** 

# FAR EAST AND PACIFIC REGION PROPOSED FY 1956 PROGRAMS

BURMA

C H I N A (Formosa)

INDONESIA

JAPAN

KOREA

PHILIPPINES

THAILAND

INDOCHINA
(Cambodia, Laos, VietNam)

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Regulations

OFFICE OF FAR EASTERN OPERATIONS

FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

#### All Programs, Including Military Assistance to Korea and Excluding Military Assistance Elsewhere

#### Summary of Obligations by Country (In thousands of dollars)

(III dilotts	Obligations				
	Actual FY 1954 <u>a</u> /	Estimated FY 1955	Estimated FY 1956 <u>a</u> /		
Asian Economic Organization	-	-	<u>b</u> /		
Burma	<b>-</b> 9 <b>,</b> 634 <b>c</b> /	-	-		
China (Formosa)	111,630	89,700	101,735		
Indochina (Cambodia, Iaos, and Vietnam)	769,768 <u>d</u> /	100,000 <u>d</u> /	140,000 <u>d</u> /		
Indonesia	3,869 <u>e</u> /	3,700 <u>e</u> ∕	68,000 <u>e</u> /		
Japan	-	500	<u>f</u> /		
Korea (including U.S. Contribution to UNKRA)	632,500 g/	658,700 g/	700,000 g/		
Philippines	14,794	19,700	40,400		
Thailand	8,926	8,200	24,700		
Undistributed by Country	200	536,598 <u>h</u> /	200		
Allowance for Contingencies			600,000 i/		
Total Programs	1,532,053 <u>a</u> /	1,417,098 <u>a</u> /	1,675,035 <u>a</u> /		

All figures ( ) in millions of dollars in following footnotes.

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Excludes interregional costs (including domestic program expenses).

Included in Allowance for Contingencies (207.0) and in NEA and FE country programs (193.0), total (400.0).

Deobligations of prior years' funds.

Direct Forces Support (FEC and ASF) in FY 1954 (745.0), but none as yet specifically determined for FY 1955 or FY 1956.

Development Assistance in FY 1954 and FY 1955, none, but in FY 1956 (60.0) including loans (43.0).

Included in Allowance for Contingencies.

Includes Department of Defense estimates for Military Assistance and Direct Forces Support.

Includes Section 121 funds (700.0) less Pakistan (55.6), China (10.0), Indochina (100.0), Thailand (3.5), Japan (0.5); balance (530.4) plus balance Section 123 (b) (3) for China (6.098) and regional project costs (0.1), total (536.598).

i/ Presented in separate paper.

#### Regional Narrative Statement

#### Situation in the Area

At the present juncture, with the exception of Indochina where the future remains uncertain, the forces of external aggression and internal subversion by military means have been checked in the Far East and Pacific area. In Indochina, too, military operations have ceased, though the prestige of the West throughout the whole area was damaged by the loss of North Vietnam. On the economic side, however, the rate of growth is too slow to convince the people of the area that the new nationalist governments are capable of fulfilling the economic expectations of their followers, or to generate the degree of internal savings and investment required to maintain such growth without continuing external aid. Deterioration in terms of trade and levels of external income following the cessation of hostilities in Korea have accentuated the problem of securing sufficient resources to carry out development programs.

A characteristic common to the countries of the area, with limited exceptions, is their recent acquisition of sovereignty with resulting political insecurity and the experimental nature of their national institutions. Greatly aggravating the political weakness resulting from this situation is the heavy and growing pressure of population on resources, and the fact that they have made only the most limited progress in improving their material wellbeing over prewar levels. In some cases living standards may have declined.

By contrast, Communist China and the USSR present to these people at least the outward appearance of substantial stability and economic progress, and Western nations,

particularly the United States (per capita consumption up 50 percent above prewar) and Mestern Europe, have achieved marked economic advancement. It is not surprising, therefore, that in general peoples of the area have grown to regard themselves as a "have-not" group. This, combined with a distrust of the Mest stemming from colonial experiences, fear of involvement in war and the appeal of theoretical Marxism to many young intellectuals has, with the notable exception of dominant groups in the Philippines and Thailand, produced at best a neutralist attitude toward the Free Morld-Communist struggle, and at worst a fertile field for internal subversion and external aggression.

While a strong belief exists in the possibilities of economic progress through united national and international programs, this is accompanied by a feeling of deen frustration at their internal economic weaknesses and what is generally regarded, even in the Philippines, as an excessive dependence on a few export crops or raw materials sold in fluctuating world markets to produce foreign exchange for imports, some of which could be produced internally given a modest degree of industrialization. There exists a real fear that income from these sources will not be adequate, nor sufficiently stable, to permit the accomplishment of what all people of the area feel to be essential; namely, an orderly and reasonably rapid rate of economic development. However, with the exceptions noted above, countries of Southeast Asia are not willing to include in the price of substantial external assistance political and defense undertakings which they feel would intensify rather than relax tensions in the area.



#### Regional Narrative Statement (continued)

A group of possible U.S. objectives which are also espoused by Asians and which would, therefore, have a wide popular appeal are:

- (1) Support efforts to ensure survival of noncommunist governments in Asia, even if those governments avoid political and defense commitments for collective security in the face of communist strategy emphasizing internal subversion.
- (2) Strengthen the Asian desire for continuing association with the West in general, and the U.S. in particular, as promising economic progress which the communists contend can only be achieved by their methods.
- (3) Encourage greater regional cohesion and cooperation on mutual economic problems and thus
  increase the effectiveness of our aid and the
  resources of Asian countries available for
  economic development and to increase and make
  more effective economic assistance provided
  by other non-Asian countries.
- (4) Assist in placing Japan on a sounder economic basis by improving its trading opportunities with non-communist countries in the Far East and Asia generally.

#### Means of Attaining U.S. Goals

External aid programs in the Far East and South Asia area, which now provide an aggregate of assistance (including release of sterling balances) for economic development of \$350-\$400 per annum (over half of which is supplied by the United States), are conducted essentially on a bilateral basis. Neither the U.S. programs, nor aid furnished within the framework of the Colombo Plan, have engendered the type of international collaboration among the Free Asian countries, which has been developed in Europe through the OEEC-EPU mechanisms.

Since the basic focal point of regional interest in Asia is economic development, rather than shorter run expansion of intraregional trade, the main emphasis of a regional economic effort in
Asia would be on the former. However, the two problems are very
closely related since balance of payments problems frequently grow
out of ill-advised efforts to over-accelerate development beyond the
capacity of internal and external resources, with consequent internal
inflation. The stability of export receipts from primary product
exports is a third great economic concern to most Asian countries. It
is, therefore, around the three problems of economic development,
trade and payments, and stabilization of export income that a regional
program might be built and to the improvement of which its efforts
would be directed.

None of the present vehicles for international collaboration in the area entirely meet the requirements for a practical working mechanism through which group discussions of policy can be conducted, and decisions having real area significance can be made and implemented. The United Nations organizations in the area, such as the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East, are doing useful work at the technical level, but the participation of the USSR and their somewhat academic approach, make them inappropriate as vehicles for the achievement of major U.S. objectives.



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#### Regional Narrative Statement (continued)

The Consultative Committee of the Colombo Plan, which now includes all free countries in South Asia and the Far East — with the exception of Nationalist China and South Korea — as well as Australia, New Zealand, Canada, the United Kingdom and the United States, is ideal from the standpoint of country grouping. Its extremely informal arrangements, since it is basically an annual assembly of country representatives superimposed on a group of bilateral aid programs, do not make for an effective operating mechanism. Its multilateral operating functions are confined to the technical cooperation field. However, the lack of any written constitution for the Plan would make it possible to build any desired organizational structure on the present base.

#### Possible Structure of a Regional Organization

The Executive Branch has not yet arrived at basic decisions in respect to the desirability of a more formal economic grouping of free Asian countries than now exists under the Colombo Plan framework, nor on the degree of supervision, if any, that such an organization might exercise in respect to U.S. aid funds. These problems are now under consideration in the National Security Council. Nor have Asian countries been consulted as to what initiative might come from them respecting such an organization. Therefore, other agencies have not been requested to concur in this section of the presentation. However, a working group of State Department and FOA technicians have considered two alternative approaches. These are:

- (1) To provide substantial support to a multilateral financial institution, essentially an investment bank with complementary technical assistance functions, or
- (2) To undertake a bilateral loan program, a variant of which would be to have the initial U.S. loans repaid to a multilateral institution.

If the first alternative were followed, a Council of Ministers, following in general the OEEC pattern (except that its committee and sub-committee structure would conform to the problems of the area) might be set up with overall responsibilities for the operation of the program and related matters. The Council would consider such matters of mutual interest as the interrelationship between their economic development plans, regional trade problems, and the exchange of technical aid and information. The Council would not undertake detailed review view of annual bilateral aid programs (U.S. or Colombo Plan), but would review longer range economic development programs, the progress being made in these programs, and the general fiscal and economic situation of the member countries which would, of course, have a vital bearing on the activities of the financial institution.

The latter would be essentially an investing and lending institution, although it would be prepared to finance on a grant basis the demonstration and testing activities, and the engineering and other analytical studies incident to the development and presentation of projects for financing by the institution or other sources. In practice the institution, unlike IBRD or the EXIM BANK, would be prepared to finance on a flexible basis either the foreign exchange or both the foreign exchange and local currency costs of private and governmental projects. Its loan resources would be obtained by the sale of its debentures or preferred shares to the governments of the U.S. and, we would hope, the UK, Australia, Canada, Japan, and the "recipient" countries. Widest possible distribution of the debt obligations of the institution would eventually be sought.

The financial institution would act under the very general direction of the Council. Its own internal organization would not be unlike that of the IBRD. The right of the management to be largely autonomous in its operations would have to be agreed to in advance by the participating countries. Only a strong,





#### Regional Narrative Statement (continued)

effective management operating in accordance with sound economic and political policies could ensure the institution's success. The example of the IBRD suggests that it should not be impossible to secure such management.

Considerable flexibility would be desirable in respect to the terms of contributions received and financial advances made by the financial institution. The general principle might be that the United States would not expect to be repaid the principal amount of its contribution at any fixed time, unless the financial situation of the institution was such as to enable it to dispense with a part of the U.S. contribution, but that the terms of its advances should be such as to secure the maximum prospect of maintaining the integrity of its resources consistent with the attainment of its objective — to finance all sound and needed development projects in the area for which other types of financing cannot be secured.

The Charter should be sufficiently flexible to permit investments in public or private equities and other securities as well as loans to governments or private borrowers. The necessary "softness" should, whenever possible, be injected into loan agreements by the length of time allowed for repayment and liberal moratoria before foreign exchange payments are due. rather than by providing that complete repayment may be made in the currency of the borrower (except, of course, when the entire loan was made in such a currency). The latter would tend to convert the loan to a grant, for practical purposes, and might not be acceptable to the more responsible member countries. However, emphasis should be on "useable" (for re-lending), rather than fully "convertible", currencies in specifying repayment requirements, and the extent to which such repayment is required in specified currencies would, in any case, depend on the servicing capacity of the borrower.

The Charter should make explicit the institution's role as distinct from that of the IMF, the IBRD, or other loan agencies. It should not, for example, finance projects which are sufficiently bankable to assure repayment in convertible currencies within 15 to 20 years. However, it should not be debarred from making loans in support of other types of projects - in countries which are "fully loaned up" from the standpoint of other lending institutions or are not sufficiently viable to permit the entry of such institutions.

The multilateral approach in alternative (1) appears to offer several advantages as a method of implementing a new program to realize U.S. objectives in the area. It would provide a means for obtaining contributions of external resources by other nations. Among countries of the region it would foster a greater cohesion and a better sense of responsibility by virtue of their participation in discussions respecting the use of external assistance. It might gain a more enthusiastic reception and, by providing for Japanese participation, foster an improvement in Japan's relations with other Asian countries. Because it would be in sharp contrast with the present method of administering U.S. assistance, it is hoped that it would produce a dramatic impact on the minds of Asians. This political aspect of the multilateral approach is one of its greatest attributes. Assistance provided through this mechanism would supplement technical cooperation and military assistance (including in part defense support) programs which would continue, as needed, on a bilateral basis.

The advantages which might be claimed for alternative (2) are that it would be preferred by Congress (since it would not involve any degree of multilateral control of U.S. funds), and that it would fit the pattern of bilateral aid being furnished under the Colombo Plan. Also, different types of U.S. assistance (economic development, technical cooperation, military assistance





#### Regional Narrative Statement (continued)

and defense support) might be more readily integrated if all given on a bilateral basis. The Consultative Committee of the Colombo Plan might be adequate to provide a forum for discussion of any regional questions arising with such a program, making the establishment of a new Council unnecessary.

The consultations held with Congress during the last session on the establishment of an Asian economic grouping on a broad basis elicited a positive response and evidenced a receptive attitude toward consideration of further plans to that end.

#### U.S. Contribution in FY 1956

The amount as well as the form of the U.S. contribution to Asian economic development in FY 1956 will depend on the choice between the alternatives referred to in the preceding section, and possibly other proposals. If the bilateral approach (alternative (2)) were to be selected,

would arise. There are included in the country submissions for South Asia and Far Eastern countries a substantial number of projects suitable for financing on a loan basis, assuming liberal terms of repayment for such loans similar to those contained in the Mutual Security Act of 1954. The aggregate requirements for such projects are \$193 million.1

no problem of initial capitalization of a lending institution

If a regional lending institution were established. these projects could be financed through such an institution. This sum, however, would not be adequate to capitalize a new regional financial organization or to elicit the desired financial support from other countries outside the area or achieve U.S. political objectives in the "recipient" countries. Therefore, an additional amount for this purpose has been included in the proposed contingencies fund which a current appraisal of the situation in the region indicates will be required for nonmilitary assistance in FY 1956. This amount, added to contributions of other countries under the Colombo Plan, would mean about a 50 percent increase in external aid for development purposes for the area. Such a level of aid, if combined with greatly increased efforts by these countries, might produce a rate of increase of their national incomes of about 1 percent per year.

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<sup>1/</sup> This sum is broken down as follows in millions of dollars: India - 85; Pakistan - 40; Philippines - 25; Indonesia - 43.

# FAR EAST AND PACIFIC REGION PROPOSED FY 1956 PROGRAMS

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#### BURMA

OFFICE OF FAR EASTERN OPERATIONS
FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

November 9, 1954

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Country: BURMA

#### FAR EAST AND THE PACIFIC

#### General Narrative Statement

No assistance is presently proposed for Burma in FY 1956. The Governments of the United States and Burma had entered into a technical cooperation agreement in 1951 and had started a group of projects of considerable importance to Burma's economic growth. Internal political developments led the Burmese Government to ask for the termination of the projects, effective June 30, 1953. The Burmese asked, however, that deliveries be completed under outstanding obligations.

The United States agreed to the termination request but withdrew approximately \$12 million of the total of \$31 million previously allocated. The "close-out" agreement negotiated with the Burmese Government provided for the cancellation of projects that were in initial stages of implementation and for the phase-out of the remainder in such a manner as to avoid waste and facilitate the transfer to Burma of full responsibility for support of the activities involved. It was agreed that U.S. technicians in Burma should complete their assignments.

Burma has continued to finance with its own funds some of the projects undertaken during the period of U.S. assistance and is providing funds for the extension of several contracts for U.S. technical and engineering services initially financed by FOA.

Two Burmese purchasing missions have recently visited the U.S. to buy equipment for their economic development program which was formulated with the help and advice of FOA. The program close-out has been conducted in a friendly atmosphere and is virtually complete.

A balance of about \$1 million of the program remains to be delivered, mostly in the form of terminal payments on several large technical service contracts. Of the 114 personnel in Burma on March 17, 1953, when the termination request was received, six will remain on December 31, 1954, and only one after March 1955 (as a result of a long-term contract committed at the time of the close-out request).

There is no indication at present that Burma will request a renewal of the bilateral agreement. However, there appears to be a possibility that a loan program for economic development might be requested. It is believed that Burma would be interested in participating in any new regional economic organization which does not commit the country militarily.

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# FAR EAST AND PACIFIC REGION PROPOSED FY 1956 PROGRAMS

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CHINA (FORMOSA)

OFFICE OF FAR EASTERN OPERATIONS
FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

November 9, 1954

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#### PROPOSED FY 1956 BUDGET

Country China (Formosa)
Date November 1, 1954

#### SUMMARY OF OBLIGATIONS BY FUNCTION

(In thousands of dollars)

	FY 1954 Actual	FY 1955 Estimated	FY 1956 Estimated
Direct Forces Support	29,077	25,000 <u>a</u> /	37,000
Defense Support	82 <b>,</b> 553 <u>b</u> / <u>c</u> /	61,600 <u>d</u> /	61,885
Technical Cooperation	_	3 <b>,</b> 100 <u>c</u> /	2,850 <u>c</u> /
Total Obligations	111,630 <u>c</u> /	89 <b>,</b> 700 <u>c</u> /	101 <b>,</b> 735 <u>c</u> /
Direct Forces to be financed by:			
(a) Grants	29,077	25,000	37,000
efense Support to be financed by:			*
(a) Loans	-	20,000	-
(b) Grants	82,553	41,600	61,885
Technical Cooperation financed by:			
(a) Grants	•	3,100	2,850
Total	111,630	89,700	101,735

a/ Includes \$10 million of Section 121 funds and \$5.9 million for Section 402 agricultural commodities.
b/ Authorized and conducted in FY 1954 as an integrated program including features of Technical Cooperation and Defense Support.

Includes \$5 million Section 550 commodities the local proceeds of which are programmed for Direct Forces and Defense Support.

Excludes \$5 million Section 550 commodities the local proceeds of which are programmed for OSP.

c/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.191 million in

FY 1954, \$0.3 million in FY 1955 and \$0.265 million in FY 1956. d/ Includes \$34.5 million for Section 402 agricultural commodities.

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#### Country: CHINA (FORMOSA)

#### General Narrative Statement

#### U. S. Objectives and FCA Courses of Action

U. S. objectives being sought in Formosa are to deny the island to the Chinese Communists; to maintain the Government of the Republic of China as stable, responsible and friendly to the U.S.; to increase the effectiveness of Free China's armed forces and to use its political and military potential in the best interests of the Chinese people, the United States and the Free World.

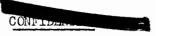
Courses of action in the economic program under the FOA, furthering the above objectives, are as follows: Supporting the Chinese military effort through dollar imports and counterpart financing of defense projects under MAAG supervision; maintaining price stability and hence assuring orderly internal marketing and distribution; enhancing Free China's prestige through improved public administration, economic planning, education and living standards; and increasing Formosa's capacity for self-support through capital goods imports and the investment of counterpart for economic development.

#### Major Changes in Formosa Situation since January 1, 1954

Major recent developments have been both favorable and unfavorable from the standpoint of the economy of Formosa. Among the favorable developments is the upward trend in Government revenues, 36 percent more in FY 1954 than in FY 1953, and 17 percent above FY 1954 in FY 1955. Liberalized treatment of foreign capital has now been assured by new legislation (in July 1954) and tax incentives to spur industrial production are expected soon to be adopted.

Improved economic planning has furnished useful guides for future development in agriculture and industry. The Central and Provincial budgets have been consolidated and heretofore hidden subsidies to the military have been identified through improved fiscal procedures. On the other hand, foreign exchange earnings have declined, due chiefly to international quota limitations on sugar exports and reduced rice exports resulting from declining world prices, increasing local consumption, and Chinese Government reluctance to export rice. Recent increases in agricultural and industrial production have not kept pace with population growth. Because the rehabilitation of idle capacity has been largely completed, industrial investment has gone increasingly into new plants since the beginning of FY 1954, with consequently smaller production increases per dollar invested.

Unfavorable developments from the economic standpoint have stemmed partly from the greater accent on defense in recent months. From June 1950 till the late summer of 1954, fears of an invation of Formosa were negligible, owing to the Presidential order to the 7th Fleet to defend the island and to Communist preoccupation in Korea and Indochina. While the threat of an actual Communist invasion of Formosa remains remote, despite a massive Peiping campaign promising "liberation", the security of a number of Nationalist-held islands just off the mainland coast became a sensitive issue with the Communist shelling of the Quemoys on September 2 of this year. The flare-up around the Quemoys, and more recently (November 1) a heated exchange in the Tachens, involving the first Communist use of planes in bombing and strafing any of the offshore islands, indicated to the Chinese on both sides that "limited" war is still being actively waged. After the Quemoy attack in September, a sudden upward fluctuation in the black market price of U.S. dollars and a brief spurt in



Country: CHINA (FORMOSA)

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

commodity hoarding indicated that the relative economic stability enjoyed since 1952 still was vulnerable to psychological disturbances.

During the spring and summer of 1954 it became increasingly apparent that further steps were required to improve the combat effectiveness of military personnel, particularly in the ground forces. Intensified nutrition studies and training activities under MAAG supervision in 1954 revealed that many troops (some estimates ranging over 100,000 men) should be classed as combat ineffectives. The Chinese in recognition of this problem had already initiated a reserve training program with U.S. encouragement, whereby approximately 60,000 fresh troops were to be readied for action each year. However, the problem of weeding out the ineffectives and substituting fresh reserves remains to be solved. Implicit in the solution of this problem is the cost of assimilating the ineffectives into the economy and the further costs of equipping and training new recruits at an accelerated rate.

On balance, developments thus far during 1954 have exerted an adverse effect on Formosa's economy. The outlook for the near future is, therefore, that Formosa's reliance on U.S. assistance will increase.

#### Need for Supplemental FY 1955 Funds

In view of the need for accelerating military preparedness in Formosa, the Senate Appropriations Committee on August 6, 1954 suggested to FOA that additional aid of \$100 million be "definitely committed" during the current fiscal year. In keeping with this expression of intent, funds for this purpose were earmarked by agreement on October 11 between FOA, State and Defense. The suggestion of the Senate Committee was that \$52 of the \$100 million be furnished in the form of added military assistance ("hardware"), the balance of \$48 million to be used for direct forces support (\$18 million) and defense support (\$30 million).

Although final decision has not yet been made, it is expected that the supplemental program will be directed toward objectives such as the following: (a) to retire combat ineffectives from the Chinese armed forces and employ them in road and airfield construction, harbor improvement and other defense projects; (b) to furnish equipment (exclusive of "hardware") and necessary additional training facilities for recruits in order to bring existing units up to approved strength within the authorized force goals; (c) to moderately accelerate current FOA efforts to increase Formosa's capacity for self-support in fields related to defense production, and (d) to complete facilities needed to cope with the influx of overseas Chinese students.

The FY 1955 supplemental funds are not a substitute for funds presently being requested for FY 1956. The extraordinary expense - not faced in prior years - of retiring ineffectives and training recruits (still within established force goals) may well require more than the total FY 1955 supplement.

#### Progress in Program Implementation

Satisfactory progress is being made in implementing past and current programs. With FY 1951-53 obligations largely liquidated, three-fourths of the pipeline on June 30, 1954 consisted of FY 1954 items.



#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

The June 30, 1954 pipeline is normal for the Formosa program because: (1) Beginning with the FY 1954 program, about one-third of the pipeline has been composed of long-lead capital goods. (2) The FOA program is predominantly a supply program designed to meet the island's consumption needs. In order to assure the timely arrival of FOA supplies, obligations must be scheduled in the latter half of the fiscal year in order to avoid shutdowns of important consumer goods industries during the first half of the following fiscal year.

As of June 30, 1954 total cumulative obligations for supplies and equipment were \$390.0 million, against which imports valued at \$273.1 million had actually arrived in Formosa since January 1, 1951. The difference between obligations and arrivals, \$116.9 million, was accounted for primarily by FY 1954 obligations plus previous years obligations for long-lead capital goods.

As of October 31, allotments against the \$90.0 million program in FY 1955 totaled \$30.7 million, of which \$16.6 million was obligated and most of the balance was in process of obligation by either the Mission or FOA/W.

#### Magnitude of the Proposed FY 1956 Program

The program in FY 1956 is similar in emphasis and purposes to the programs of prior fiscal years. The total aid figure for FY 1956 is \$102.0 million, as compared with \$90.0 million in FY 1955 (exclusive of supplemental funds) and \$111.8 million in FY 1954 (see Summary Table).

The increase in FY 1956 over the previous year is accounted for by anticipated greater expenditures for military purposes, within currently authorized force levels. It is expected that up to one-third of this increase, estimated at the equivalent of \$16.0 to \$20.0 million, can be met from increased Chinese Government revenues. The balance will be met primarily by increasing Direct Forces Support funds by \$12.0 million and in part by diverting an additional portion of counterpart funds to military uses.

Some change in procedure is planned for this part of the program, namely, a shift from local procurement to the direct import of items needed by the military. To meet the total increased military demands by primary reliance on local procurement as heretofore would mean a delay in the implementation of military projects and might also mean the importation of saleables at a higher level than the economy can readily absorb (unless criteria of essentiality are relaxed to include semi-luxuries).

The increase of \$12.0 million in dollar funds for Direct Forces Support will bring the FY 1956 funding for this program component to a total figure of \$37.0 million as compared with \$25.0 million in FY 1955. The funds will be used to meet additional military needs for imports such as aviation gasoline, lubricating oils, motor vehicles, raw cotton, and construction materials.

In planning the FY 1956 aid program for Formosa, the major portion of all resources has necessarily been devoted to military support and to saleable commodities. A smaller portion has been devoted to the investment component of the program, but the dollar magnitude is about the same as in the program presently

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

#### FAR EAST AND THE PACIFIC



approved for FY 1955. The breakdown between these two components is as follows:

A. Military Support (Saleable Commodities \$78.7 million and Saleable Commodities for Counterpart Generation plus "Commonuse" Items.)

B. Investment (Capital Equipment #23.3 million and Technical Assistance)

TOTAL \$102.0 million

Of the amount under "A" in the above table, approximately \$24.0 million is for saleable commodities expected to generate counterpart during FY 1956. This amount, together with an estimated \$54.5 million of counterpart collections during FY 1956 against prior fiscal years' aid, and about \$9.5 million of repayments of counterpart loans made in prior years, will be required to provide the \$88.0 million of counterpart funds needed in FY 1956 for all purposes, principally for military support and some for investment.

#### Loan Possibilities in FY 1956

All assistance in FY 1956 is being proposed on a grant basis, notwithstanding the FOA decision in FY 1955 to extend loans to Formosa to the extent of \$20.0 million. The \$20.0 million loan assistance program in FY 1955 was found necessary in order to help meet the mandatory legislative total for the year and at the same time avoid the undesirable political consequences of making up this amount in loans to certain other countries.

Loans to Formosa are hard to justify on a strictly economic basis. In view of the Chinese Government's international indebtedness of \$800.0 million equivalent, Formosa's capacity to service loans in dollars is negligible. Loan servicing capacity in local currency is limited as long as the current military burden exists. This is evident in the fact that direct counterpart support of the budget consumed the equivalent of \$13.2 million in FY 1954 with a similar amount expected in FY 1955. In FY 1956 budget support equal to \$28.9 million is anticipated.

#### Agricultural Commodities in Program

A total of \$40.4 million of Section 402 commodities is included in the FY 1955 program, and \$41.6 million of similar items is contemplated for FY 1956. In addition, Formosa is expected to absorb about \$5.3 million of P.L. 480 commodities in FY 1955, as compared with a figure of \$20.0 million originally requested by the FOA Mission. The difference between the Mission's request and the currently approved level of P.L. 480 assistance is attributable in part to the sudden arrival in the summer of 1954 of wheat and barley under last year's "Section 550" program and the slowness thus far demonstrated in shifting from a predominantly rice diet to a modified diet containing a higher proportion of U.S. agricultural surpluses. By FY 1956, however, it is estimated that Formosa may be able to absorb \$15.0 million of U.S. surplus commodities due to the steadily increasing utilization of wheat and barley.

#### Forecast of Trend of Aid Levels

Any forecast of the trend of aid levels over the next few years must be based primarily upon the U.S. Government's evaluation of the importance of Formosa's military potential to the Free World. As long as armed forces of approximately present magnitudes



#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

are maintained, there appears to be little likelihood of an appreciable reduction in aid over the next several years. This forecast assumes that, as in past years, the Chinese Government will make its maximum possible contribution, which will continue to rise although at a slower rate in FYs 1956 and 1957.

The above conclusion seems to be warranted by the trend indicated in the following table showing the percentage of total aid resources being used by the military:

	<u>1952</u>		lscal Ye 1954		<u>1956</u>
Percentage of Direct Forces Support to total aid	16.3	28.5	25.9	27.8	36.3
Percentage of military support counterpart to total counterpart	45.7	44.9	47.6	46.6	49.7

Despite the predominant emphasis given to military needs in the FOA program since 1951, as of June 30, 1954 non-military capital investment comprised almost 20 percent of the total FOA program. This capital investment through U.S. aid, plus private foreign investment, offers promise of reducing aid levels in FY 1958 below the levels of FY 1956, assuming no major intensification of hostilities.

An example of the benefits in terms of foreign exchange savings, expected by 1958, is seen in the fertilizer industry which by then will be more nearly capable of meeting Formosa's total fertilizer needs, with a consequent reduction of about \$20.0 million in import requirements during 1958 as compared with 1954. As of June 30, 1954, the value of FOA-supplied capital goods, other than MCS, which had actually arrived in Formosa was \$23.5 million. As against this figure, \$39.1 million has been obligated but had not yet arrived and a further \$18.4 million is currently being obligated in FY 1955. Thus the principal impact of the investment program is still to be felt.



#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

(In thousands of dollars)

Country China (Formosa)
Table 1 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

CONFIDENTIAL

					Project Assistance			
Act.			Non-Project Assistance			U.S. Employed	Contract Service	
No.	Activity	Total	Commodities	Commodities	Participants	Technicians	Technicians	
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources							
-•	1954	1,677	_	890	195	232	360	
	1955	1,147	_	654	153	228	112	
	1956	1,598	-	1,193	165	240	-	
2.	Industry and Mining							
	1954	26 <b>,</b> 569	-	26,194	196	57	122	
	1955	17,952	-	17,189	152	87	524	
	1956	18,885	-	18,564	185	91	45	
3.	Transportation							
	1954	1,838	-	1,780	36	22	-	
	1955	1,318	· <b>-</b>	1,260	<b>5</b> 0	8	-	
	1956	375	-	250	52	15	58	
4.	Labor	•-			_	<b>.</b> .		
	1954	19	-	-	5	14	-	
	1955	18	-	-	10	8	-	
	1956	15	-	-	-	15	-	
5.	Health and Sanitation							
	1954	615	-	417	118	80	-	
	1955	607	-	500	-	107	-	
	1956	165	-	17	65	83	-	
6.	Education	800		200	<i>( -</i>	20	207	
	1954	720	-	309	65	<b>3</b> 9	307	
	1955	742	•	576	110	56	-	
	1956	705	-	540	105	60	-	

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#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country China (Formosa)
Table 1 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

					Project A	ssistance	
Act.			Non-Project Assistance			U.S. Employed	Contract Service
No.	Activity	Total	Commodities	Commodities	Participants	Technicians	Technicians
7.	Public Administration						
•	1954	423	_	-	117	190	116
	1955	323	_	-	87	236	
	1956	390	-	-	127	255	8
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare & Housing						
•	1954	_	_	-	-	-	_
	1955	40	_	_	10	30	_
	1956	10	-	-	10	-	
9.	General and Miscellaneous						
	1954	870	-	25	15	<b>5</b> 0	780
	1955	677	-	20	36	71	550
	1956	895	_ ,	232	23	90	550
	Total - 9 Activities						
	1954	32,731	_	29,615	747	684	1,685
	1955	22,824	_	20,199	608	831	1,186
	1956	23,038	-	20,796	732	849	661
		•					
	Direct Forces Support (Common Use)	20 077	22 100	5 704		9	ri o
	1954	29,077	23,199	5,796	122	8	73
	1955	25,0003/	18,498	6,197	132		165
	1956	37,000	29,900	6 <b>,81</b> 9	105	-	176

#### SONE IDENTIAL

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Table China (Formosa)

Table 1 Page 3

November 1, 1954

				Project A	Assistance	
Act. No. Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
Maintenance of Civilian Supply						
(Non-project Counterpart Gener						
1954	49 <b>,</b> 822 <u>b</u> /	49,822	-	_	_	-
1955	41,876	41,876	-	-	-	-
1956	41,697	41,697		•	-	_
Total Country Program	,					
1954	111,630 <u>°</u> /,	73,021	35,411	747	693	1,758
<b>1</b> 95 <b>5</b>	89 <b>,</b> 700 <sup>©</sup> /	60,374	26,396	740	839	1,351
1956	101 <b>,</b> 735 <b>º</b> /	71,597	27,615	837	849	837

a/ Includes \$5.9 million Section 402 MS Act of 1954 Agricultural Commodities.

b/ Includes \$5 million Section 550 Commodities the local proceeds of which are to be used for Direct Forces and Defense Support. Excludes \$5 million Section 550 Commodities the local proceeds of which are to be used for OSP.

c/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.191 million in FY 1954, \$0.3 million in FY 1955 and \$0.265 million in FY 1956.

FAR EAST AND PACIFIC

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DIRECT FORCES SUPPORT

Country_	China (Formosa)
Table	2
Date	November 1, 1954

		(111 01100	Danab or dorrar b	<u>,                                    </u>		
				Project A	ssistance	
Fiscal Year	Total	Non-Project Assistance Total Commodities Commodities		Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
Direct Forces Support						
1954	29,077	23,199	5 <b>,</b> 796	-	9	73
1955	25,000	18,498	6,197	132	8	165
1956	37,000	29,900	6,819	105	-	176

#### CONTIDENTIAL

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT a/

Country China (Formosa)
Table 3 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

					Project	Assistance	
Act. No.	Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources						
_•	1954	1,677	-	890	195	232	360
	1955	325	-	325	-	-	_
	1956	888	-	888	-	<b>-</b> ·	-
2.	Industry and Mining						
	1954	26 <b>,</b> 569	-	26,194	196	<i>5</i> <b>7</b>	122
	1955	17,874	-	17,189	74	87	524
	1956	18,810	-	18,564	110	91	45
3.	Transportation						
	1954	1,838	-	1,780	36	22	_
	1955	1,280	-	1,260	12	8	-
	1956	345	-	250	22	15	58
4.	<u>Labor</u>						
	1954	19	<b>-</b>	· <b>-</b>	5	14	· · ·
	1955	-	-	-	_	_	_
	1956	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Health and Sanitation						
	1954	615	<b>-</b> '	417	118	80	_
	1955	100	-	100	<b>-</b>	_	_
	1956	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Education						
	1954	<b>7</b> 20	-	309	65	39	307
	1955	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1956	-	-	-	<b>-</b> ·	-	-

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#### OBIJICATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT

Country China (Formosa)
Table 3 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

				Project A		
Act. No. Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
NO.						
7. Public Administration				220	190	116
1954	423	-	-	117	120	110
1955	120	-	-	-	135	_
1956	135	-	-	-	199	_
8. Community Development, Social Wel	fare & Housing		•			_
1954	-	-	-	-	15	<u>-</u>
1955	25	_	-	10	15	<b>-</b>
1956	10	-	-	10	-	. –
9. General and Miscellaneous	***		25	15	50	780
1954	<b>87</b> 0	-	25	19	, o	700
1955	_	-	-	-	_	_
1956	-	• -	-	-	_	
Total - 9 Activities			29,615	747	684	1,685
1954 <u>a</u> /	32,731	-	18,874	96	230	524
1955	19,724	-	19,702	142	241	103
1956	20,188	_	17,102	144	~~~	
Maintenance of Civilian Supply (Non-project Counterpart-Generating	ng Program)					
(Non-project Counterpart dedonora or	49,822	49,822	-	-	-	-
1954 <u>b</u> /	41,876	41,876	-	-	-	_
1955 <u>c</u> / 1956 <u>d</u> /	41,697	41,697	-	-	-	<b>-</b>
Total Country Program	4	10. 400	20 615	747	684	1,685
1954	82,553	49,822	29 <b>,</b> 615	96	230	524
1955	61,600	41,876	18,874	142	241	103
1956	61,885	41,697	19,702	T45	~~~~	
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#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT

CONFIDENT	TAT
Country	China (Formosa)
Table	3 Page 3
Date	November 1, 1954

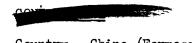
CONFIDENTIAL

a/ Authorized and conducted in FY 1954 as an integrated program including features of technical cooperation and defense support.

b/ Includes \$5 million Section 550 commodities local proceeds of which are for direct forces and defense support purposes. Excludes \$5 million Section 550 commodities, proceeds of which are for OSP.

c/ Includes \$34.5 million Section 402 commodities.

d/ Includes \$31.110 million agricultural commodities.



#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND CCST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country China (Formosa)
Table 5 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

			Project Assistance					
Act.	Activity	Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians		
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources 1954 1955 1956	- 822 710	329 305	- 153 165	- 228 240	- 112 -		
2.	Industry and Mining 1954 1955 1956	- 78 75	- - -	- 78 75	<u>-</u>	· - - -		
3.	Transportation 1954 1955 1956	- 38 30	- - -	<b>-</b> 38 30	- - -	- - -		
4.	<u>Labor</u> 1954 1955 1956	- 18 15	- - -	- 10 -	- 8 15	- - -		
5.	Health and Sanitation 1954 1955 1956	- 507 165	400 17	<b>-</b> - 65	- 107 83	- - -		



#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country China (Formosa)
Table 5 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

				Project Ass	istance	
ct.	Activity	Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
6.	Education					
	1954	7/2	<b>-</b> 576	-	<del>-</del> 56	-
	1955 1956	742 705	570 540	110 105	60	_
	1990	70)	)40	10)	00	
7.	Public Administration					
. •	1954	-	-	<b>-</b>	<del>-</del>	-
	1955	203	-	87	116	-
	1956	255	-	127	120	8
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare &	Housing				
٥,	1954	HOUSTING -	_	-	_	. <b>_</b>
	1955	15	-	_	15	_
	1956	-	—	-	-	-
_						
9.	General and Miscellaneous	_	_	_	_	_
	1954	677	20	36	71	550
	1955 1956	895	232	23	90	550 550
	Total - 9 Activities	0//	272	~	/-	,,,,
	1954 <u>a/b</u> /	_	-	_	-	_
	1955 <u>b</u> / 1956 <u>b</u> /	3,100	1,325	512	601	662
	1956 <u>b</u> /	2,850	1,094	590	608	558

a/ Technical cooperation in FY 1954 authorized and conducted as part of an integrated program with defense support.

b/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.191 million in FY 1954, \$0.3 million in FY 1955 and \$0.265 million in FY 1956.

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#### NON-PROJECT ASSISTANCE: COMMODITY BREAKDOWN OF OBLIGATIONS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country China (Formosa)
Table 6 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

	<del>- (</del>		FY 1955	Estimated			FY 19	956 Estimated	
Commodity Detail	FY 1954 Actual	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	Total
Agricultural Commodities	49,237	5,900	34,500	_	40,400	9,670	31,907	_	41,577
Sec. 550 <u>a</u> /	5,000					_ '			
Wheat	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sec. 402	_	5,900	34,500	-	40,400				
Raw Cotton Dairy Products (Milk) Soy Beans Beef Tallow Wheat	- - - -	1,600 1,800 2,500	13,500 2,000 10,000 2,000 7,000	- - - -	15,100 2,000 11,800 2,000 9,500	- - - -	-, - - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Other than Sec. 402 and 550	44,237			=	=	9.670	31,907		41,577
Raw Cotton Dairy Products (Milk) Soy Beans Beef Tallow Wheat	22,039 1,215 12,764 1,015 7,204	- - - -		- - - - -	- - - -	2,640 1,870 5,160	12,212 1,000 11,700 1,815 5,180	- - - -	14,852 1,000 13,570 1,815 10,340
Petroleum Products	4,772	5,077	800		5,877	6,745	800	_	7,545
Avigas Lubricants Asphalt	2,400 2,372	3,907 1,148 22	800	- - -	3,907 1,948 22	4,745 2,000	800	-	4,745 2,800
Raw Materials & Semi-Finished Products	13,158	4,087	4 <b>,</b> 106		8,193	5,180	4 <b>,</b> 790	_	9 <b>,97</b> 0
Chemicals & Chem. Preparations Medicinal & Phar. Preparations Pesticides Leather	2,550 1,539 400	450 2,480 - -	1,450 250 286 -	- - -	1,900 2,730 286	970 2,000 30	1,340 100 450	<u>:</u>	2,310 2,000 130 450

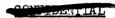


#### NON-PROJECT ASSISTANCE: COMMODITY BREAKDOWN OF OBLIGATIONS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country China (Formosa)
Table 6 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

				or dorrars)					
	FY	Direct	FY 1955	Estimated		Direct	FY 19	956 Estimated	
Commodity Detail	1954 Actual	Forces Support	<b>Defense</b> Support	Technical Cooperation	Total	Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	Total
Lumber & Sawmill Products	2,212	_	600	_	600	50	650	_	700
Pulp, Paper & Products	1,742	85	_	_	85	310	450	_	760
Non-Metallic Minerals	411	34	-	_	34	320	<b>4</b> ,50	_	320
Iron & Steel Mill Materials	1,417	325	1,120	-	1,445	890	1,400	_	2,290
Nonferrous Metals & Products	2,697	713	´ <b>-</b>	_	713	610		_	610
Tin Plate	190	-	400	-	400	_	400	-	400
Machinery & Vehicles	3,920	1,638	1,979	_	3,617	3,960	3,450	_	7,410
Electrical Apparatus, Generators & Motors	803	137	395	-	532	550	400	-	950
Construction, Mining & Conveying Equip.	35	59	275	-	334	300	150	_	450
Machine Tools & Metal Working Machinery	604	310	240	-	550	800	400	_	1,200
Agricultural Equipment and Tractors	-	_	14	-	14	_	-	_	-
Motor Vehicles, Engines & Parts	1,430	950	<b>7</b> 50	-	1,700	1,600	1,600	_	3,200
Industrial Machinery N.E.C.	1,048	120	305	_	425	625	800	_	1,425
Other	-	62	-	-	62	85	100	_	185
Miscellaneous	1,934	1,796	491	. <b>-</b>	2,287	4,345	750	•••	5,095
Scientific & Professional Instruments	351	208	_	-	208	930	100	_	1,030
Misc. Commodities for Ed. & Science Use	182	<b>7</b> 9	80	-	159	400	50	_	450
Rubber Products	1,155	429	350	· <b>-</b>	779	640	400	_	1,040
Misc. Iron & Steel Manufactures	111	143	5	_	148	350	200	_	550
Textile Products	135	743	56	-	799	1,620	_	-	1,620
Other	-	194	-	. <del>-</del>	194	405	-	-	405
TOTAL	73,021	18,498	41,876	-	60,374	29,900	41,697	_	71,597

a/ Includes \$5 million wheat, local proceeds from which are for Direct Forces & Defense Support purposes. Does not include \$5 million (\$2 million barley, \$0.1 tobacco, \$2.9 wheat) local proceeds from which are for OSP.



#### HOME

#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country China (Formosa)
Table 7
Date November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

					Project A	ssistance	
Fiscal Year	Total <u>a</u> /	Non-Pro Assista Commodi	ince	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
1954		Capital Goods	Soft Goods				
Unliquidated obligations New obligations <u>b</u> / Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	79.4 111.6 191.0 78.4 112.6	2.0 3.2 5.2 2.0 3.2	48.1 69.8 117.9 57.3 60.6	27.6 35.4 63.0 16.8 46.2	0.7 0.8 1.5 0.8 0.7	0.2 0.7 0.9 0.7 0.2	0.8 1.7 2.5 0.8 1.7
<u>1955</u>							
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	112.6 89.7 202.3 96.3 106.0	3.2 3.1 6.3 3.2 3.1	60.6 57.3 117.9 62.0 55.9	46.2 26.4 72.6 26.5 46.1	0.7 0.7 1.4 1.0 0.4	0.2 0.8 1.0 0.9 0.1	1.7 1.4 3.1 2.7 0.4
1956							
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	106.0 101.7 207.7 107.8 99.9	3.1 7.0 10.1 4.9 5.2	55.9 63.9 119.8 69.0 50.8	46.1 28.4 74.5 31.3 43.2	0.4 0.8 1.2 0.9 0.3	0.1 0.8 0.9 0.7 0.2	0.4 0.8 1.2 1.0 0.2

a/ New obligation amounts exclude regional and interregional costs FY 1954: \$0.191 million; FY 1955: \$0.300 million; FY 1956: \$0.265 million.

b/ Excludes \$5.0 million Section 550 for OSP.

#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - DIRECT FORCES SUPPORT

OUNTIDES	
Country_	China (Formosa)
Table	8
Date_	November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

					Project A	ssistance	
Fiscal Year	Total	Non-Pro Assista Commodi	ince	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
1954		Capital <u>Goods</u>	Soft Goods				
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	22.5 29.1 51.6 20.1 31.5	0.6 0.9 1.5 0.7 0.8	13.3 22.3 35.6 12.1 23.5	8.6 5.8 14.4 7.3 7.1	- - - -	- - - -	0.1
1955 Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	31.5 25.0 56.5 24.9 31.6	0.8 1.1 1.9 0.7 1.2	23.5 17.4 40.9 18.0 22.9	7.1 6.2 13.3 6.0 7.3	0.1 0.1 - 0.1	- - - -	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.1
1956 Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	31.6 37.0 68.6 31.1 37.5	1.2 3.2 4.4 1.6 2.8	22.9 26.7 49.6 24.0 25.6	7.3 6.8 14.1 5.0 9.1	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2	- - - - -	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.3



# FAR EAST AND PACIFIC PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT

Country China (Formosa)
Table 9
Date November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

					Projec	ct Assistance	
Fiscal Year	Total	Non-Pro Assista Commodi	ince	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
<u>1954</u>	10001	Capital Goods	Soft Goods				200
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	56.9 82.5 <u>a</u> / 139.4 58.3 81.1	1.4 2.3 3.7 1.3 2.4	34.8 47.5 82.3 45.2 37.1	19.0 29.6 48.6 9.5 39.1	0.7 0.8 1.5 0.8 0.7	0.2 0.7 0.9 0.7 0.2	0.8 1.6 2.4 0.8 1.6
<u>1955</u>							
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	81.1 61.6 142.7 69.6 73.1	2.4 2.0 4.4 2.5 1.9	37.1 39.9 77.0 44.0 33.0	39.1 18.9 58.0 20.0 38.0	0.7 0.1 0.8 0.8	0.2 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.1	1.6 0.5 2.1 2.0 0.1
<u>1956</u>							
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	73.1 61.9 135.0 73.7 61.3	1.9 3.8 5.7 3.3 2.4	33.0 37.2 70.2 45.0 25.2	38.0 20.5 58.5 25.0 33.5	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2

a/ Excludes \$0.191 million regional and interregional costs.

#### PIPELINE ANALYCIS BY COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

CONFIDENT	TAL
Country_	China (Formosa)
Table_	11
Date_	November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

					ssistance	stance		
Fiscal Year	Total.	Non-Project Assistance Commodities		Commodities	Participants	V.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	
<u>1954</u> a/		Capital Goods	Soft <u>Goods</u>					
Unliquidated obligations	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
New obligations	-		-	<b>-</b> .	<b>-</b>	-	-	
Total available	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unliquidated obligations	<del>-</del>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1955								
Unliquidated obligations	_	_	_	-	_	_		
New obligations	3.1	-	-	1.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	
Total available	3.1 3.1 <u>b</u> /	-	-	1.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	
Expenditures	1.8		-	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.5	
Unliquidated obligations	1.3	-	-	0.8	0.3	-	0,2	
<u>1956</u>								
Unliquidated obligations	1.3	_	_	0.8	0.3		0.2	
New obligations	2.8 <u>c</u> /	_	_	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.5	
Total available	4.1	_	_	1.9	0.9	0.6	0.7	
Expenditures	3.0	-	-	1.3	0.6	0.6	0.5	
Unliquidated obligations	1.1		-	0.6	0.3	_	0.2	

a/ Authorized and conducted in FY 1954 in China as an integrated program including features of Technical Cooperation and Defense Support.

CONFIDENTIAL

b/ Excludes regional and interregional costs of \$0.300 million.

c/ Excludes regional and interregional costs of \$0.265.

#### COMULTOWN 1-7

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF PARTICIPANTS OBLIGATED BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country China (Formosa)
Table 12 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

#### TA TYPE "A"

				FY 1954			<u> </u>	FY 1955				FY 1956	
	Activity	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion a/	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources	46	-	46	-	41		-	41	33	-	_	33
2.	Industry and Mining	40	-	40	-	<b>5</b> 0	-	34	16	39	-	24	15
3.	Transportation	8	_	8	-	12	-	4	8	12	-	6	6
4.	Labor	1	-	1	-	2	-	-	2	-	-		-
5.	Health and Sanitation	24	-	214	-	3.3		_	13	13		-	13
6.	Education	18	- 04-	3.8	<b></b>	22		_	22	21	-		21
7•	Public Administration	33		33	· <b>-</b>	25		•••	25	38		-	38
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	-	<u></u>	<b></b>	~	2	<b>N</b> -1*	2	_	2	-	2	-
9.	General and Miscellaneous	4	#gr.	4	with	8			8	5	-	***	5
	Military Support	-		-	-	ŗо	40	-	-	21	21	-	-
	Total	174	<b>-</b>	174	-	215	40	40	135	184	21	32	131

a/ Technical Cooperation in China in FY 1954 authorized and conducted as part of an integrated program with Defense Support.



## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF PARTICIPANTS OBLIGATED BY FUNCTION (A PROPRIATION) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country China (Formosa)
Table 12 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

CORP LED TIAL

#### TA TYPE "AX" a/

				FY 1954				FY 19 <b>5</b> 5				FY 1956	
	Activity	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion b/	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources	22	-	22	-	18	_	_	18	20	_	2	18
2.	Industry and Mining	13	-	13	-	<b>2</b> 0	-	11.	9	8		3	5
3.	Transportation	2	-	2	-	6	-	-	6	6	-	1	5
4.	Labor			-	_	2	_	-	2	-	1	_	_
5.	Health and Sanitation	7		7		Ĺį	-	_	2,	6		-	6
6.	Education	6		6		26	<del></del>	-	26	12	•••		12
7.	Public Administration	26	•-	16		-		<b></b>	_	-		los.	-
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	_	<b></b>	_		_		ANT	_	-	<u></u>	•	~
9.	General and Miscellaneous	-	<b>B</b> erit	<del>-</del>		3			3	1		-	1
	Military Support	<b>-</b>		-	-	-		-	-			*	-
	Total	66	<b>-</b> .	66	-	79	-	11	68	53	-	6	47

a/ China Program Type "AX" projects are financed with counterpart funds only; no appropriated US\$ funds involved.

b/ Technical Cooperation in China in FY 1954 authorized and conducted as part of an integrated program with Defense Support.

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country China (Formosa)
Table 13 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

	Actua	al	Estima	ated	
	FY <b>1953</b>	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956	
A. Funding (In thousands of dollars)					
Program Obligations Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	801 801 346	7և7 7և7 և90	740 740 90	837 837	
end of FY	455	257	650	837	
B. Numbers					
1951 and 1952 Programs					
In training or in process 63 a/					
1953 Program					
Target Obligated Arrivals Departures	167 167 6	xxx xxx 150 75	жж жж 11 92	300X  -	
In training	6	75 81	-	_	
1954 Program					
Target Obligated Arrivals Departures In training	XXX XXX XXX	174 174 20 - 20	xxx xxx 134 67 87	20 107	
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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country China (Formosa)
Table 13 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

	Actual		Estimated	
	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
1955 Program				
Target	xxx	xxx	215	xxx
Obligated	xxx	XXX	215	XXX
Arrivals	XXX	XXX	20	150
Departures	XXX	20XX	-	<b>7</b> 5 95
In training	xxx	XXX	20	95
1956 Program				
Target	xxx	xxx	XXX	184
Obligated	XXX	xxxx	XXX	184
Arrivals	XXX	xxx	xxx	20
Departures	xxx	<b>3000</b>	xxx	-
In training	XXX	XXX	XXX	20
(1953 - 1956 Programs)				
Arrivals	6	170	165	190
Departures	-	<b>7</b> 5	159	190 182
In training	6	101	107	115

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANTS (AX) FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country China (Formosa)
Table 13 Page 3
Date November 1. 1954

	Acti	al	Estim	ated
	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
Funding (In thousands of dollars) a/				
Numbers				
1954 Program (Actual)				
Target	xxx	66	xxx	xxx
Obligated	XXX	66	xxx	XXX
Arrivals	XXX	48	XXX	XXX
Departures	XXX	31 17	XXX	XXXX
In training	XXX	17	XXXX	XXX
1955 Program (Estimates)				
Target	xxx	xxx	79	xxx
Obligated	xxx	xxx	70	ххх
Arrivals	xxx	xxx	xxx	xxx
Departures	xxx	XXX	xxx	XXX
In training	xxx	xxx	xxx	ххх
1956 Program (Estimates)				
Target	xxx	xxx	xxx	53
Obligated	XXXX	XXX	XXX	53 51
Arrivals	XXX	xxx	xxx	XXX
Departures	XXX	XXX	XXX	xxx
In training	XXX	XXX	XXX	xxx
<u>.</u>				
Arrivals	xxx	48	xxx	xxx
Departures	xxx	31	xxx	xxx
In training	xxx	17	xxx	xxx

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

Country China (Formosa)
Table 14 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

			FY 1954				FY 1955				F <b>Y</b> 1956	
ctivity and Personnel Category	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
• Agriculture and Natural Resources												
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	16 13 13 1/3	- - -	16 13 13 1/3	-	18 16 15 1/12	-	<u>-</u> -	18 16 15 1/12	16 16 16	- - -	<u>-</u> -	16 16 16
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	3 3 24 <b>7/</b> 12	- - -	3 3 24 7/12	- ` - -	10 5 6 11/12	- - 2 -	- - -	10 5 6 11/12	8 8 6 <del>1</del> 2	- - -	- - -	8 8 6 <del>2</del>
Industry and Mining												
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	6 5 4	- - -	6 5 4	<u>-</u> -	7 5 5 3/4	- - -	7 5 5 3/4	· =	<b>7</b> 7 6	- - -	<b>7</b> 7 6	- - -
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	5 4 2	- - -	5 4 2	- -	17 16 12 1/12	- -	17 16 12 1/1	- - 2 -	13 13 11	- -	13 13 11	=
• Transportation												
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	1 - 11/12	= =	1 - 11/12	-	1 1 ½	- -	1 1 ½	- -	1 1 1	- -	1 1 1	- -
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	- - -	- -	- - -	-	5 5 4 <del>2</del>	- -	5 5 4 <del>½</del>	- -	6 6 3	- · -	6 6 3	-

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#### Count

Country China (Formosa)
Table 114 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

			FY 1954				FY 1955				FY 1956	
Activity and Personnel Category	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
Labor												
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	1 1 1	- - -	1 1 1	- -	1 - 1/2	- - -	- - -	1 - ½	1 -	<u>-</u>	- - -	1 - -
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	<u>-</u> -	- - -	- -	-	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	<u>-</u> -	- - -	<del>-</del> -	-
Health and Sanitation												
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	9 6 4 1/3	<u>-</u>	9 6 4 1/3	-	13 7 7 1/6	- - -	- -	13 7 7 1/6	7 7 5⅓	- - -	- - -	7 7 5½
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	- - -	<u>-</u> -	- <u>-</u>	-	-	- - -	<u>-</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	- - -	- - -
• Education												
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	3 2 1 3/4	<u>-</u> -	3 2 1 3/4	<u>-</u> -	5 5 3 5/6	- - -	- - -	5 5 3 5/6	14 14 14	- - -	- - -	14 14 14
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	10 6 5 3/4	- - -	10 6 5 3/4	=	11 9 8 7/12		- -	11 9 8 7/12	11 11 9	-	-	11 11 9

# Country China (Formosa) Table 14 Page 3 Date November 1, 1954

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

				FY 1954				FY 1955				FY 1956	
Act	vivity and Personnel Category	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
7•	Public Administration												
	U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	16 15 14 7/12	- - -	16 15 14 7/12	- - -	25 16 19	<u>-</u> -	8 8 8	17 8 11	17 17 17	<u>-</u> -	9 9 9	8 8 8
	Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	11 7 3 2/3	- -	11 7 3 2/3	-	7 - 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	- - -	7 - -	- 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	2 - 1/4	- - -	- - -	2 - 1 4
3.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing												
	U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	1 1	- - -	1 1 1	- - -	3 2 2	- - -	2 1 1	1 1 1	- - -	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	-
	Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	- - -	=	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
9.	General and Miscellaneous												
	U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	5 5 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	=	5 5 3 <del>1</del>	- - -	6 5 4 3/4	=	- - -	6 5 4 3/4	6 6 6	- -	- - -	6 6 6
	Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	22 22 18 1/3	- - -	22 22 18 1/3	-	23 22 20 1/12	- - -	- - -	23 22 20 1/12	19 19 19	- -	- - -	19 19 19

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) A D ACTIVITY

Country China (Formosa)
Table 114 Page 14
Date November 1, 1954

		Dimont	FY 1954				FY 1955				FY 1956	
ctivity and Personnel Category	Total	Direct Forces Support	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total		Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
Military Support											<del> </del>	
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	1 - 1/12	1 - 2 1/12	- - -	=	3 1 14	3 1 1 <del>1</del>	-	<u>-</u>	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	3 3 2/3	3 3 2/3	-	-	8 8 7 3/4	8 8 7 3/4	-	-	8 8 8	8 8 8	- - -	· <del>-</del>
Total Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	93 99 <del>1</del>	- 3/4	23 28 <del>1</del>	<u>-</u> -	123 133	9 9	36 11 <sub>1</sub>	78 110	123 112 <del>1</del>	8 8	36 24	79 80 <del>1</del>

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF FIELD PROGRAM PERSONNEL FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ACTIVITIES

Country China (Formosa)
Table 15
Date November 1, 1954

	Actual		Estimat	
	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
A. Funding (Obligations) (In thousands of dollars)				
U.S. Employees: Programs U.S. Technicians: Full time Temporary and Parttime	1,520 562 527 35	2,451 693 630 63	2,190 839 739 100	1,686 849 815 34
Contract technicians (Incl. incidental costs)	<b>95</b> 8	1,758	1,351	837
Total obligations	1,520	2,451	2,190	1,686
B. Numbers				
U.S. Employees: Total Target U.S. Technicians:	102	113	163	126
Full time Positions filled end of FY Man Years (obligations) Temporary and parttime: Positions filled end of FY Man Years (obligations)	56 46 41 12 3 4	50 45 41 9 3 8 3∕4	56 56 49 1/6 26 - 6 2/3	56 56 56 5 5 2
Contract technicians:  Positions contracted for during FY  (disregarding length of stay)  Positions filled end of FY  Man Years (obligations)	34 25 53	54 45 74 1/3	81 60 70 1/12	65 45 31
Totals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years (obligations)	74 98	93 123 7/12	116 125 11/12	106 89

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#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

# Country China (Formosa) Table 16 Page 1 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

			Initial			Obligation	ns (In thous	ands of dolla	rs)
Code			Date of		Act	tual		Estim	ated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
10	Agriculture and Natural Resources	University of	10/30/54						
19	All Other (JCRR)	California	(Approx)		-		<b>3</b> 15	112	
20	reached the firm planning stage Agriculture conferred in Taiwan with the University of Californi to strengthen and to improve the and instruction methods. Five five permanent and three tempore a period of three years, i.e., a to be about 10% of salaries of t	with officials of Ma, and the contract e College of Agricult permanent and one term field personnel antil about November technicians, i.e., \$2	TU, JCRR, and the is to be signed ture of NTU in comporary field per large planned for 1957. Overhead	e Mission. N in the immed urriculum pla rsonnel are e TY 1956. The	egotiations iate future nning, buil xpected to contract,	s have bee e. The pu ldings, la arrive in when sign	n under way rpose of the boratories, Taiwan duri ed, is to be	in Washington contract is equipment, ng FY 1955, a in effect fo	and or
21	Mining and Minerals	U.S.Geological Survey	Jan 1954	_		·	30	_	
. ~-	The services provided under this Due to the absence of reliable unof U.S. geologists for field part	seful geological dat	ta and unusually	difficult fi	eld condit:	ions, the	skilled pers	onal guidance	•



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#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

# Country China (Formosa) Table 16 Page 2 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1. 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

			Init <b>i</b> al			Obligatio	ns (In thou	sands of do	llars)
Code			Date of		Aç	tual		Esti	mated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
20	Industry and Mining (continued)	U.S. Bureau							
22	Power and Communications	of Reclamation	Feb 3, 1953		-	31.	111	424	
	dam at Wu Sheh, Taiwan: (1) Exarconstruction recommendations, and during FY 1953; three during FY 1 Current expiration date of the cophase (2) is well under way, and nical overhead costs for Phase (1 depend on numbers of field technical	d cost estimates; and 1954; five during FY 1 ontract is mid-1957, of funds have been include were slightly more	(3) construction a 1955; and five duri depending on progre aded in the FY 1955 than 20% of the to	dvice. Numb ng FY 1956. ess of the wo program for	ers of per The contr rk. Phase beginning	sonnel are act was de (1), abov Phase (3)	planned as veloped in e, has been . Administ	follows: Washington. completed. rative and	Six tech-
22	Power and Communications	Gibbs & Hill, Inc	Dec 11,1952		_	750	_	_	
	Services provided under this contengineering, procurement, supervivors. The contract was developed specified in the contract. In Fi will work in Taiwan in FY 1955, a Overhead expenses are 65% of cost functions, and 50% of cost of time who perform construction services	sory construction, and in Washington in con I 1954, three personned and seven in FY 1956. Its of time of engineer the of a superintendent	nd any other similansultation with Tai all performed service Services under the s, draftsmen, insp	ur services in wan Power Comes in Taiwan his contract pectors, etc.	ncidental mpany. No . It is e are expect , performi	to satisfa numbers o stimated t ed to be c ng enginee	ctory compl f field ner hat six fie completed in ring and pr	etion of th sonnel were ld personne mid-1957. ocurement	ө 1



#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

# Country China (Formosa) Table 16 Page 3 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

<del></del>			Initial			Obligations	(In thous	ands of dol	lars)
Code			Date of			tual			mated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
30	Transportation	U.S. Civil Aero-							
37	Air Transport	nautics Admin.	Jan 20,1954		<del>-</del>		83		58
	procured as a military project personnel still provide some a tially for military use), the tract in FY 1956, which has be were planned but it is likely tract was developed in Washing until January 20, 1956. Field	dvice to the military (major portion of their en requested by the Chithat a sixth will be recton. Current termination	assistance in impro work is now on the nese Government, ar quested during FY 1 on of the contract:	vement of Tai civilian side e charged to 955 and will is January 20	pei Inter , and fun this code remains d ), 1955.	national Aids for an e of Original oring part An extension	rport which extension to ly, 5 field of FY 1956 on has been	h is per- o the con- d technician . The con- requested	
60	Education	Pennsylvania							
61	Technical Education	State College	June 1,1953			91	100		
	The purpose of this contract i department within the Taiwan T								

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

#### CONFIDENCE

Country China (Formosa)
Table 16 Page 4
Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

			Initial			Obligations	(In thous	ands of dol	lars)
ode			Date of			tua1			mated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
60	Education (continued)	D . 1 .							
66	Professional and Higher Education	Purdue University	June 1,1953			108	207		<u>-</u>
	course of instruction of the Taiwar Purdue University coming to Taiwan (Costs of participants are outside surveyed the work to be done in Tafrom three to five other staff mem nicians have been or are planned a at 25% of salaries of field person	the contract.) The diwan. The contract subers (4 to 6 man years follows: FY 1954,	r training of Chir contract was devel pecifies that the s). The current of	nese particin loped in Wash contractor w contract will	ants in thington affill maint expire a	he U.S. arr ter a renre ain in Taiw t the end o	anged by P sentative an a Chief f FY 1956.	urdue Unive from Purdue Advisor an Field tec	rsity. had d h-
<b>7</b> 0	Public Administration	Peat, Marwick,							
74	Budget Administration	Mitchell & Co.	June 24,1953			100	37	<u> </u>	8
	Services provided under this contration of sound and effective account of the Republic of China. It was who would be qualified to advise in that all work under this contract and other delays, the validity of fiscal year 1954; one returned to	ting procedures and r planned that PMM woul n the fields of publi would be completed no the contract was exte	ecords in various d furnish not less c utilities; sugar t later than Octob nded to September	corporations than five none, mining and per 1953, but 30, 1954.	operated or more +1 chemical due to no ight field	by or on bhan seven a s. It was egotiations d personnel	ehalf of the countants originally , processing arrived in	he Governme of senior contemplat ng of nerso n Taiwan du	nt grade ed nnel, ring

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#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1. 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

Table 16 Page 5

Date November 1, 1952

					Obligation	ns (In thou	sands of dolla	ars)
		Date of						
Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
General and Miscellaneous								
	J. G. White							
All Other	Company	October 14,1948	884.	_	300	<b>ማ</b> ደበ	550	550
_		General and Miscellaneous  J. G. White	General and Miscellaneous  J. G. White	Activity and Sub-activity Contractor Contract FY 1951  General and Miscellaneous  J. G. White	Activity and Sub-activity Contractor Contract FY 1951 FY 1952  General and Miscellaneous  J. G. White	Activity and Sub-activity Contractor Contract FY 1951 FY 1952 FY 1953  General and Miscellaneous  J. G. White	Activity and Sub-activity  Contractor  Contract  FY 1951 FY 1952 FY 1953 FY 1954  General and Miscellaneous  J. G. White	Activity and Sub-activity  Contractor  Contract  FY 1951 FY 1952 FY 1953 FY 1954 FY 1955  General and Miscellaneous  J. G. White

The first 2-year contract between CUSA and the J. G. White Engineering Corp. became effective on October 14, 1948, was continued for two years by a new contract dated January 21, 1951, and continued again for 2 years under the present contract dated February 1, 1953. The present contract expires on February 1, 1955, and discussions will be held for continuing it for an additional period beyond that date. The purpose of the contract is to supply general engineering and consulting engineering services in China, such services being essential to the completion of the industrial reconstruction, replacement, and development program approved, or to be approved, by FOA. Discussions with J. G. White regarding the contract and/or its extensions have been the line in Washington with FOA (MSA), and the Chinese Technical Mission acting for CUSA. The present contract provides for not less than 10, and not more than 30 field personnel. Numbers of personnel in the field in past years have been as follows: FY 1951, 7; FY 1952, 14; FY 1953, 23; FY 1954, 22. Twenty-six field personnel are contemplated during both FYs 1955 and 1956. Overhead allowances are defined in the present contract as follows:

- "1. 71.5% of the U.S. dollar total salary costs of American personnel in WHITE'S field organization (exclusive of 3 below)" excluding (1) salary costs of personnel other than operations personnel, and (2) any excess over \$54.17 of salary costs applicable to any particular employee;
- "2. 69.5% of the U.S. dollar total salary costs of the operational personnel in WHITE's New York Office organization" excluding any excess over \$56. of salary costs per work day applicable to any employee;
- "3. 20% of the U.S. total bare salary costs of members of American personnel in WHITE's field organization employed in minor projects . . ." excluding any excess over \$50 of salary costs per work day applicable to any particular employee. WHITE will also be reimbursed "for overhead in lieu of reimbursement for those US dollar costs . . . which are normally charged by WHITE to overhead in accordance with its usual accounting practice."

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## CONFIDENTIAL

## STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

Country China Tormosa)
Table 17 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars and dollar equivalents)

	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
. Deposit Accruals:			
Commensurate basis a			
Balance of accruals carried forward	US.33,413	US\$48,420	US\$71,000
<ul><li>U.S. aid furnished (Shipments paid for period April 1953 to March 1954, per Report 13)</li><li>Loan Repayment</li><li>Interest</li></ul>	87,711 10,875 1,205	80,000 11,800 1,200	65,000 <u>b</u> / 12,000 1,300
Total	133,204	141,420	149,300
Less: Deposit waived	1,267	2,830	3,100
Deposit deferred (Represents shipment paid on common-use items, period 4/53-3/54)	(30,016) <u>a</u> /	-	-
Total Deposit Accruals	131,937	138,590	146,200
Deposit Account Transactions:			
Balance carried forward	9,016	18,346	932
Actual deposits against above requirements: @15.65 to 1 on			
Commensurate basis a	93,517	57 <b>,</b> 584	32,168
Total	102,533	75,930	33,100
Less transfers for U.S. use	670	575	575
Balance available for withdrawals	101,863	75,355	32,525

CONFIDENTIAL

	ACCOUNT B Proceeds)	Table 17	ina (Formosa) Page 2 Vember 1, 1954							
(1)	(In thousands of dollars and dollar equivalents)									
		FY 1954	FÍ 1955	FY 1956						
C. Expenditures (actual withdrawals): By 9 activities: c/										
<ol> <li>Agriculture and Natural Resources</li> <li>Industry and Mining</li> <li>Transportation</li> <li>Labor</li> <li>Health and Sanitation</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Public Administration</li> <li>Community Development, Social Welfare</li> <li>General and Miscellaneous</li> <li>Other: Direct Military Support</li> </ol>	and Housing	US# 9,557 10,421 9,002 55 2,147 482 1,450 18 315 40,070	US\$12,844 13,099 2,556 32 1,751 1,022 639 1,022 383 33,035	US\$10,747 700 600 1,200 2,400 1,200 600 1,000 13,180						
Total Expenditures		73,517	66,383	31,627						
D. <u>Disbursements by Cooperating Government</u> By 9 activities:										
<ol> <li>Agriculture and Natural Resources</li> <li>Industry and Mining</li> <li>Transportation</li> <li>Labor</li> <li>Health and Sanitation</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Public Administration</li> <li>Community Development, Social Welfare</li> <li>General and Miscellaneous</li> <li>Other: Direct Military Support</li> </ol>	and Housing	9,086 7,344 7,830 35 1,719 285 1,185 17 291	14,057 16,294 3,834 58 1,661 831 895 1,150 383 34,505	10,500 3,500 1,600 2,000 2,600 1,200 600 1,000						
Total Disbursements		71,954	73,668	37,000						

STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

C. C.	PIAL
Country	China (Formosa)
Table	17 Page 3
Date_	November 1, 1954

Although Chinese Government is required by bilateral to deposit CP on a commensurate basis for all aid furnished (except certain TC projects) FOA demands for deposit are based on sales proceeds actually realized. Since DFS aid commodities have not been sold, this item has been in effect deferred in the amount of US\$48,994,000 for the period 1 July 1951 to June 30, 1954.

b/ Includes agricultural commodities which in FY 1955 program were separately reported as Section 402 commodities.
c/ These figures exclude US\$4 million of 402 type proceeds, in category 10, US\$14.8 million of PL 480 proceeds and US\$5.2 million of 402 type proceeds in category 20, US\$2 million of 402 type in category 30, and US\$29.820 of

PL 480 proceeds in Direct Military Support.





#### STATUS OF SECTIONS 550 AND 402 FUNDS

Country China (Formosa)
Table 18 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars and dollar equivalents) a/

	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
A. Dollar Program		•	
Total Surplus Agricultural Commodities			
Furnished under Sections 550 and 402	4,590 <u>b</u> /	27 <b>,7</b> 10 <u>c</u> /	41,020 <u>e</u> /
Less: Sales Proceeds to be Programmed for OSP	4,590 d/	410	
Balance available for non-military program <u>f</u> /		27,300	41,020
B. Deposits of Local Currency			
Balance carried forward	_	_	5,380
Actual deposits during year	. <del>-</del>	32,300	41,020
Total available for expenditures	-	32,300	46,400
Total available for obligation	-	32,300	41,020
C. Obligations in Local Currency			
Direct Forces Support (MAAG Approved Military Projects)	_	13,300	29,820
Defense Support (Industrial, Agricultural, Housing, Fisheries			•
Projects on Loan Basis)	-	14,000	11,200
Technical Cooperation	_	<u> </u>	-
OSP (FY 1954 Ammunition Production Contracts on which			
production to be completed in FY 1955	_	5,000	-
Total	-	32,300	41,020
D. Expenditures in Local Currency			
Direct Forces Support	· <b>-</b>	10,800	25,000
Defense Support	_	11,120	9,000
Technical Cooperation	_	-	-
OSP	_	5,000	-
Total	_	26,920	34,000

#### STATUS OF SECTIONS 550 AND 402 FUNDS

COMPT	
Country	China (Formosa)
Table	18 Page 2
Date	November 1, 1954

a/ Conversion rate 15.65 NT\$ - 1 US\$, except to arrive at total amount of NT\$ estimated for actual deposit in FY 1956 add NT\$42.881 million after converting deposit amount indicated by NT\$15.65 to US\$1. This additional amount represents Defense Tax collected on a portion of items.

b/ Shipments paid for period April-June, 1954.

Indicates that portion of Section 402 commodities of the FY 1955 program amount expected to arrive and be sold for local currency during the fiscal year, plus residual Sec. 550 from the FY 1954 program arriving and to be sold. Remainder of FY 1955 Section 402 commodities programmed amount carried over to FY 1956 is \$18.1 million, which amount represents normal carryover calculated on basis normal consumption.

Shown in FY 1954 although sales proceeds are deposited in FY 1955.

Indicates that portion of FY 1956 Defense Support, Section 402 type commodities expected to arrive and be sold for local currency during the fiscal year (\$16.920 million), plus Direct Forces Support Section 402 type commodities to arrive during the fiscal year with payment to be made from Chinese Government budget funds (\$6.0 million), plus FY 1955 program Section 402 commodities carryover (\$18.1 million).

Actual obligation and expenditures of local currency will be for military program (Direct Forces Support) and Defense

Support.



#### GENERAL CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE a/

Country China (Formosa)
Table 19
Date November 1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: NT\$ 15.65 = US\$ 1.00

(Millions of dollar equivalents)

(Millions of dollar equivalents)								
	Calendar Year 1953	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1955 b/	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1956 <u>b</u> / c/					
Revenue d/								
Income taxes Other taxes Profits on government enterprises Special account (FOA counterpart) Other foreign grants Other revenues	17.2 104.6 13.7 50.9 -	17.7 171.5 12.6 86.4 -	15.0 186.0 14.0 88.0 — 13.0					
TOTAL REVENUE	209.6	301.0	316.0					
Expenditures National defense e/	122.1	189.7	200.0 126.0					
Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	88 <b>.</b> 7 210 <b>.</b> 8	120 <b>.</b> 1 309 <b>.</b> 8	326.0					
Deficit before Counterpart	52.1	95•2	98.0					
Deficit after Counterpart	1.2	8.8	10.0					

a/ Central and Provincial Government finances are herein reported on a combined basis.

c/ FOA Mission estimate.
d/ Excludes receipts from bank borrowings and payment for debt redemption.

b/ Beginning July 1, 1954, the Chinese Government changed its fiscal year from a calendar year to a July-June basis. For the six months January-June 1954, revenue totaled \$144.2 million, and expenditures \$151.8 million, leaving a deficit of \$7.6 million (\$55.0 million before counterpart). For the 12-month period, July 1, 1953 to June 30, 1954, revenue totaled \$270.5 million and expenditures \$275.6 million, leaving a deficit of \$5.1 million (\$90.4 million before counterpart).

Includes expenditures for the National military establishment as well as the Provincial Peace Preservation Corps.

FAR	EAST	AND	PA	CIFI	C

#### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

Country China (Formosa)
Table 20 Page 1
November 1, 1954

(	In	millions	of	U.S.	dollars	)

	CY 1953	CY 1954 ª∕	CY 1955 ª/	CY 1956 B
. Goods and Services				
Exports	125.6	101.1	108.7	112.5
Imports	199.1	209.0	206.3	244.1
Trade Balance	-73.5	-107.9	-97.6	-131.6
Non-monetary gold movement (net)	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Foreign travel	-1.6	<b></b> 6	-1.6	-1.6
Transportation and insurance	<del>-</del> 3.0	-3.0	<del>-</del> 3.0	<b>-</b> 3.0
Investment income	-4.1	-4.0	<b>-4.</b> 0	<b>-</b> 4.0
Government n.i.e.	-1.5	-1.3	-1.3	<b>-1.</b> 3
Others	7.2	12.9	5.0	4.0
Sub-Total, Current Account	-74.5	-102.9	-101.5	-136.5
• Private Financing				
Direct Investment	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0
Total Private Financing	4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0
. Net Errors and Omissions	5.9	-	-	-
. Surplus (≠) or Deficit (-) A through C	-64.4	-98.9	-97.5	-132.5

<u>a</u>/ Estimated.

#### CONFIDENTIAL

#### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

Country China (Formosa)
Table 20 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

	(In millions of U.S. dollars)										
		CY 1953	CY 1954 a/	CY 1955 a/	CY 1956 ª/						
E.	Official Financing										
	1. Donations Grants from U.S.	83.0	87.2	100.0	135.0						
	2. Long-Term Capital Loan repayments	-2.0	-1.5	-1.5	-1.5						
	3. Short-Term Capital Change in reserves (increase -)	-15.6	14.2	_	-						
	Monetary gold (increase -)	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0						
	Total Official Financing (1/2/3)	64.4	98.9	97•5	132.5						
	Memorandum on Reserves										
	Status, end of period: Dollars (including other currencies)	30.3	16.1	16.1	16.1						
	Gold Other	41.6	42.6	43.6	44.6						



a/ Estimated.

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

(In thousands of dollars)

ina (Formosa)

Table 22 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

			FY 1954			F'	1955			F	1956	
0.1	4-41		Direct			Direct		Technical		Direct		Technical
Code	Activity and		Forces	Defense	/	Forces	Defense	Coopera-		Forces	Defense	Coopera-
No.	Sub-activity	Total	Support	Support8	Total	Support	Support	tion	Total	Support	Support	tion
10	Agriculture and Natural Resources	1,677	_	1,677	1,147	_	225	822	1 500		ada	710
11	Research, Agricultural Education	<u> </u>	-	_1,077	1914	•	325		<u>1,598</u>	-	888	710
	and Extension	350	-	<b>35</b> 0	-	_	-	· <b>-</b>	_	_	-	-
12	Land and Water Resources	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
13	Crop and Livestock Development	758	-	758	3	-	_	3	345	_	345	-
14	Agricultural Economics, Farm											
	Organization and Agricultural											
	Credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Agricultural Marketing and											
- 4	Processing		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Home Economics and Rural Youth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Forestry	58	-	58	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	l'isheries	18	-	18	325	-	325	-	543	_	543	-
19	All Other	493	-	493	819	-	-	819	710	-	-	710
20	Industry and Mining	26,569	_	26,569	17,952	_	17,874	78	18,885	-	18,810	75
21	Mining and Minerals	648	_	648	743	_	738	5	820	_	820	-
22	Power and Communications	6,377	_	6,377	5,993	_	5,976	17	8,254	_	8,244	10
23	Manufacturing and Processing	17,946	-	17,946	9,197	-	9,141	56	8,040	_	7,975	65
24	Service Industries	1,500	-	1,500	1,500	_	1,500	-	1,500	_	1,500	_
25	Engineering and Construction	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
26	Marketing and Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
27	Industrial Management	-	-	-	116	-	116	_	<b>21</b> 0	-	210	-
28	Industrial Training	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
29	all Other	98	-	98	`403	-	403	-	61	-	61	-
30	Transportation	1,838	_	1,838	1,318	_	1,280	. 38	375	-	345	30
31	Highways	10	-	10	5	-		5	10	_	-	10
32	Urban Transit and Traffic											
	Engineering	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	• "		-	-

#### COLLEGIAL

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country China (Formosa)
Table 22 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

			FY 1954				1955			FY	1956	
			Direct			Direct		Technical		Direct		Technical
Code	activity and		${ t Forces}$	Defense_/	,	Forces	Defense	Coopera-		Forces	Defense	Coopera-
No.	Sub-activity	Total	Support	Support 4	Total	Support	Support	tion	Total	Support	Support	tion
33	Railways	1,651	-	1,651	485	-	<b>47</b> 0	15	110	-	100	10
34												
	Improvement	148	-	148	199	-	194	5	10	-	10	-
35	Inland Waterways	-	-	-	_		-	_	-	_	_	_ <del>-</del>
36	Ship Operations	1/.	-	14	18	-	8	10	25	-	15	10
37	Air Transport	-	-	-	135	-	135	-	220	-	<b>22</b> 0	-
39	All Other	15	-	15	476	-	473	3	-	-	-	-
40	Labor	19	-	19	18	-	-	18	<u>15</u>	-	-	15
41	Labor and Trade Union Leadership	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	-	-	-
42	Apprenticeship and In-Service											
	Training for Workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
43	Labor Productivity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
44	Labor Management Relations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45	Labor and Social Legislation and											
	Enforcement	5	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46	Manpower Utilization and Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
47	Industrial Safety-Hygiene	-	-	-	10	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
48	Workers' Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	- -
49	All Other	14	-	14	8	-	-	8	15	-	-	15
50	Health and Sanitation	615	-	615	607	-	100	507	165	-	-	<u>165</u>
51	Control of Specific Diseases	277	-	277	41	-	-	41	_	-	-	<del>-</del>
52	Environmental Sanitation	22	-	22	355	-	-	355	55	-	-	55
53	Health Facilities - Operation of							4				10
	and Advisory Services to	92	-	92	8	-	-	8	10	-	-	10
54		124	-	124	138	-	100	88	75	-	-	75
55	Health Facilities Construction,											10
	Remodeling, Equipment	-		-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	10
59	All Other	100	-	100	15	-	-	15	15	-	-	15

#### CONFIDENTIAL

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

(In thousands of dollars)

Country China (Formosa)
Table 22 Page 3
Date November 1, 1954

			FY 1954				1955				1956	
			Direct			Direct		Technical		Direct		Technical
Code	activity and		Forces	Defense		Forces	Defense	Coopera-		Forces	Defense	Coopera-
No.	Sub-activity	Total	Support	Supports/	Total	Support	Support	tion	Total	Support	Support	tion
60	Education	720	_	720	742	_	_	742	705	_	_	705
61	Technical Education	464	_	464	416	_	_	416	385	_	_	<u>705</u> 385
62	Vocational Agriculture Education	8	_	8	55	_	_	55	75	· _	_	75
63	Home Economics Education		_	_		_	_		-	_	_	-
	Elementary Education	-	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
64		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
65	Secondary Education	172	-	172	210	<u>-</u>		210	170	_	_	170
66	Professional and Higher Education	1/2	-	1/2	210	-	-	210	170	_	_	110
67	Fundamental Adult and Community	26		24	/ 1			/ 1	60	_	_	60
/ A	Education	26	-	26	41	-	-	41		-	_	-
68	Educational Administration	-	-	<b>-</b>	20	-	-	20	15	-	_	15
69	All Other	50	-	<b>5</b> 0	20	-	-	20	15	-	-	1)
70	Public administration	423	-	423	323	-	120	203	390	_	135	255
71	Organization and Management of											
	Particular Ministries or								- 4-			
	Programs	21	-	21	9 <b>3</b>	-	60	33	169	-	135	34
72	Government-Wide Organization											
	and Management	240		24C	60	-	60	-	10	-	-	10
73	Public Personnel Administration	10	-	10	11	_	-	11	-	-	-	<del>-</del>
74	Budget Administration	98	-	98	-	-	_	-	78	-	-	78
75	Public Finance	27	_	27	90	_	-	90	75	-	-	75
76	General Services	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
77	Organization and Administration											
	of Institutes or Bureaus of											
	Public Administration	_	_	-	-	_	<b>-</b>	-	-	-	-	-
78	Statistics - General and Census	14	_	14	15	-	-	15	10	-	-	10
79	All Other	13	_	13	54	_	_	54	48	-	-	48
17	The Collect	-2		-2	- 4			•				

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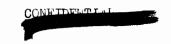
#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country China (Formosa)
Table 22 Page 4
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

			EN 3051			Taxe	7055				207/	
			FY 1954			Direct	1955	Technical			1956	<u>.</u>
Code	and inside		Direct	D = 6			T) - 6			Direct	D 0	Technical
	Activity and	m . 4 . 3	Forces	Defense	/	Forces	Defense	Coopera-	m	Forces	Defense	Coopera-
No.	Sub-activity	Total	Support	Support&	Total	Support	Support	tion	Total	Support	Support	<b>ti</b> on
80	Community Development Conicl											
30	Welfare and Housing	_	_	_	40	_	25	15	10		10	
81	Community Development	-	-	_	<u>40</u> 15	-	25	<del><u>+2</u></del>		-	10	-
		-	-	-	15	-	-	15	-	-	-	-
82	Social Welfare	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
83	housing	-	-	-	25	-	25	-	10	-	10	-
84	Aided Self-Help Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
85	Supporting Projects, Housing	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
86	Emergency Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
89	All Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
90	General and Miscellaneous	870	-	870	677	-	-	<u>677</u>	<u>895</u>	-	-	<u> </u>
91	Trade and Investment	12	-	12	25	-	-	25	18	-	-	18
92	Information (Mass Communications,											
	etc.)	78	-	78	102	-	-	102	327	-	-	327
99	All Other	780	-	780	550	-		<b>55</b> 0	550	-	-	550
	Military Support	5,878	5,878		6,502	6,502	-	-	7,100	7,100	-	-
	Airfields	532	532	-	1,234	1,234	-	-	2,180	2,180	-	<b>-</b> ·
	Naval Bases	194	194	-	500	500	_	-	500	500	-	-
	army Bases	1,455	1,455	-	1,388	1,388	-	-	2,285	2,285	-	-
	Communications Facilities	73	73	_	808	808	_	_	375	375	-	-
	Other Construction	14	14	_	48	48	_	_	_	_	_	-
	Materiel Procurement & Production		3,380	_	1,295	1,295	_	_	1,344	1,344	_	_
		9,500	7,500	_	1,277	<b>-</b>	_	_	-,,,	-,,,,,,	_	_
	Ships and Harbor Craft	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	5	5	_	_
	Supplies and Equipment	-	-	-	1 000	1 220	-	-		411		_
	Operations & Maintenance Materials	230	230	-	1,229	1,229	-	-,	411	411	-	
	Total	38,609	5,878	32,731	29,326	6,502	19,724	3 <b>,</b> 100 <b>b</b> /	30,138	7,100	20,188	2,850b/

a/ Authorized and conducted in FY 1954 as an integrated program including features of Technical Cooperation and Defense Support.
b/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.3 million in FY 1955 and \$0.265 million in FY 1956.



## FAR EAST AND PACIFIC REGION PROPOSED FY 1956 PROGRAMS

#### INDONESIA

OFFICE OF FAR EASTERN OPERATIONS
FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

November 9, 1954

COMPTENDATA

#### PROPOSED FY 1956 BUDGET

Country Indonesia
Date November 1, 1954

#### SUMMARY OF OBLIGATIONS BY FUNCTION

(In thousands of dollars)

FY 1954 Actual	FY 1955 Estimated	FY 1956 Estimated
-	- <u>a</u> /	60,000 <u>b</u> /
3,869 <u>c</u> /	3,700 <u>c</u> / <u>d</u> /	8,000
3,869 <u>c</u> /	3,700 <u>a</u> / <u>c</u> / <u>d</u> /	68,000
-	-	43,000
-	<b>-</b> <u>a</u> /	17,000
3,869 <u>c</u> /	3,700 c/ d/	8,000
3 <b>,</b> 869 <u>c</u> /	3,700 a/c/d/	68,000
	Actual  3,869 c/  3,869 c/	Actual Estimated  - a/  3,869 c/ 3,700 c/ d/  3,869 c/ 3,700 a/ c/ d/  - a/  - a/  3,869 c/ 3,700 c/ d/

Excludes pending supplemental request for malaria control program amounting to \$1.4 million. Other development assistance deferred until FY 1956.

CONFERMITTAL

b/ Includes \$14.0 million for Section 402 agricultural commodities and \$14.0 million for related processing and transportation costs.

c/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.131 million in FY 1954, and \$0.3 million in FY 1955.

d/ Excludes pending supplemental request amounting to \$1.9 million.

## Commentation

Country: INDONESIA

#### FAR EAST AND THE PACIFIC

#### General Narrative Statement

#### Major Changes Affecting Indonesia Since January 1, 1954

Communist success in Indochina, culminating in the Geneva Settlement, was the major political development affecting Indonesia during the year. This event had two adverse effects from the viewpoint of U.S. interests: (1) It enhanced the prestige of Communist China in Indonesia; (2) increased the urge on the part of many Indonesians to normalize political and economic ties with the Communist orbit. On the other hand, it also made Indonesia somewhat more wary about the Communist threat in Southeast Asia.

Economically, the continued deterioration of Indonesia's financial position was of major importance. By the middle of 1954, the country was faced with depleted gold and foreign exchange reserves with which to meet domestic budget requirements. The effect of the approaching balance of payments crisis is two-fold: (1) the curtailment of imports affects a wide range of mass consumers, due to the dependence of Indonesia on imported textiles, and it limits the raw materials supplies of Indonesian industries, thus increasing unemployment; (2) the limited foreign exchange resources available to finance the importation of capital goods frustrates the Indonesian national aspiration of "economic development".

The Communists have been quick to take advantage of the general dissatisfaction with present economic conditions in Indonesia through propaganda, trade negotiations, and infiltration of local labor and farm organizations.

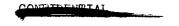
#### U. S. Objectives

The United States objectives are to maintain and expand political, economic and cultural intercourse between Indonesia and the free world and to maintain and strengthen Indonesian independence in order to prevent Indonesia's take-over by Communism.

#### Obstacles to Progress Toward U.S. Objectives

Among the serious impediments to the achievement of United States objectives are the following:

- 1 Failure of many Indonesian leaders to see the dangers of Communism.
- 2 Extreme nationalism of many groups in Indonesia, which leads to favoritism for inexperienced Indonesia business at the expense of efficiency and foreign exchange.
- 3 Heritages of colonialism, especially the memories of centuries of domination by another race and the scarcity of trained administrators, professional personnel, skilled labor, and managerial and entrepreneurial talent.
- 4 A stagnating economy which keeps one of the world's potentially richest countries actually one of the poorest.





Country: INDONESIA

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

- 5 Indonesia's immediate balance of payments and budgetary difficulties.
- 6 The intensified activities of the Communists.

#### Courses of Action

The changes which have occurred during the past year, including the Communist success in Indochina, imperil the attainment of U.S. objectives in Indonesia. The continuation and expansion of the present Technical Cooperation program, valuable as it has been in its transfer of technical knowledge and in the friendship for the United States created among leadership elements of Indonesian society, will not alone serve to reverse the general political and economic deterioration which has taken place. To counter the grwoth of Communist infiltration and thus carry out U.S. objectives, it is necessary to deal with the economic problems which have weakened the country and added to its political instability. Progress toward solving the major economic problem of the accumulation and mobilization of capital resources must be correlated with the development of technical and managerial know-how.

The courses of action implicit in such a program are:

- 1 To assist in developing institutions to train increased numbers of personnel in all technical and managerial fields, in order to improve government services and productive efficiency.
- 2 To mitigate the internal inflationary pressures and the strains on Indonesia's balance of payments and to reverse the trend toward economic regression and stagnation.

Despite the country's "independent" foreign policy there are strongly anti-communist elements in Indonesia whose political and economic interests coincide with U.S. objectives. It is in the interest of the United States to take effective action to strengthen the Indonesian economy before it deteriorates to a point where general unrest gives irresponsible and anti-Western elements an opportunity to seize control. It appears unlikely that the present unstable coalition government would have the strength or the will to undertake major economic and fiscal reforms. By FY 1956, however, free elections should produce a more stable government capable of inaugurating measures to ameliorate Indonesia's economic situation. The United States must be prepared to give substantial and immediate assistance to such a government if found at that time to be in the U.S. interest to do so. The development assistance program for FY 1956 assumes that this condition will have been met. Such support to a government oriented against Communism would be of great importance in influencing the long-run direction of Indonesia in world affairs.

#### Implementation of Present Program

The pipeline at the end of FY 1954 was abnormally large because of a change of Government in Indonesia, and other administrative difficulties delayed agreement on the program until the last quarter. Implementation of the Technical Cooperation program in FY 1955 is more advanced than in FY 1954, and expenditures in FY 1955 will reduce significantly the existing Technical Cooperation pipeline, as the Indonesian Government presents claims for long-delayed reimbursements.

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Country: INDONESIA

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

#### Determination of Aid Level for FY 1956

To move the Indonesian economy off dead center, and to alter the basic economic pattern, would require external resources estimated at between \$150 million and \$300 million per annum for a minimum period of five years. While some credits are being offered by France, Western Germany and The Netherlands and while a portion of the needed financing may possibly be available from the IBRD, a substantial share of such external assistance would have to come from the United States in the form of loans and grants.

Private capital is unlikely to contribute substantially to the needed structural reorientation of the economy until government-sponsored foreign investments have prepared the ground by creating a condition more conducive to economic and political stability. It has been assumed that the Eximbank would expand its credits and that the International Bank would be willing to extend new loans to Indonesia. The Indonesian Government has under consideration projects which would appear particularly suitable for additional loans from these institutions and such projects have been excluded from consideration in formulating the FOA program.

The projects tentatively selected for FOA assistance are relatively few in number and concentrate on major bottle-necks to economic expansion. It is believed that they can be carried out within the managerial competence of available Indonesian personnel, supported by additional technical assistance as an integral part of the project, or provided under the Technical Cooperation program.

In total, the program consists of the following:

- 1 A development assistance program of \$60 million, comprising direct dollar aid to specific projects in fields of agriculture, mining and industry, transportation, and health and sanitation, totaling \$32 million; and surplus agricultural commodities of the Section 402 type in the amount of \$14 million, plus an additional amount of \$14 million for processing and transportation.
- 2 A technical cooperation program of \$8 million.

In addition, the use of Public Law 480 agricultural surplus commodities is contemplated to the extent of \$10 million.

#### Capacity of Indonesia to Finance Own Costs of Development

It is estimated that, if the entire program were to be implemented as planned (with the proposed importation of consumer goods to provide an additional non-inflationary source of local currency financing), Indonesia could meet, out of its budget, all local costs not met by counterpart, totaling approximately \$94 million. With the exception of the Eximbank and the International Bank, and the possibility of some European credits, as discussed above, the receipt of assistance from other sources would in all probability be limited to technical assistance from the United Nations, the Ford Foundation, and the Colombo Plan countries. Any capital assistance that might be received through the Colombo Plan would be small initially. A substantial increase in private investment is not contemplated until later years.





#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

#### Proposed Use of Agricultural Commodities

The basic objectives of the proposal to utilize \$28 million for Section 402 type surplus agricultural products (\$14 million for the products themselves and \$14 million for processing and transportation) are two-fold: (1) To increase the standard of living by offering on the local markets a greater choice of foodstuffs than is now available under current stringent foreign exchange controls; and (2) to generate local currency to cover local costs of dollar-aided projects. The planned additional use of P. L. 480 surplus agricultural commodities is aimed at increasing consumption of textiles and would involve arranging for the processing of surplus cotton in a third country. A portion of the local currency proceeds from the latter program would be used to acquire strategic commodities and a portion would be used for economic development loans or grants.

#### Loan Programs

New loan programs considered possible of handling by the Eximbank and the International Bank and under consideration by the Indonesian Government currently total over \$100 million. In the absence of discussions with the Indonesian Government, it is impossible to determine appropriate terms for the loans projected in the FOA program, which amount to \$43 million. FOA assistance to all development projects with the exception of malaria control, aerial mapping, and the processing and shipping of the surplus agricultural products would be on a loan basis. It is apparent that such FOA loans must be long-term and repayable in local currency in view of Indonesia's current outstanding loans, the projected Exim and International Bank loans, Indonesia's normal "invisible" payments of \$100 million annually, and the current foreign exchange shortages.

FOA:0/FE November 9, 1954

#### Forecast of Trend of Program Level

The total new external investment needs of Indonesia have been estimated at from \$150-300 million annually for a minimum period of five years. It is assumed that loans will be made available by the Eximbank and the IBRD to the extent that repayment in dollars is possible. One aim of the FOA program is to assist in inducing the Indonesian Government to establish a favorable investment climate which would lead foreign investors to take advantage of the many opportunities which would exist if reasonable treatment was assured. Capital inflow from such sources is estimated to begin by FY 1957.

This will still leave a need for FOA grants and loans repayable in local currency, estimated at an average of \$30 million per year through 1960, with \$50 million for 1957 but declining to \$10 million by 1960. The division between loans and grants would be dependent on circumstances at the time and the type of assistance necessary within the context of the forthcoming Indonesian five-year plan.

With reference to technical cooperation, it is apparent that this program should be long-term in nature, and greater needs will continue to manifest themselves as economic activity expands. With limited resources available to the Indonesian Government until the investment program is translated into an increase in gross national product, it is estimated that the U.S. should increase this type of aid for almost four years before it will become possible to phase out some of the older projects and turn them completely over to the Indonesian Government. The amount required is estimated to average at \$10 million a year.



#### COMM

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country Indonesia
Table 1 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

			(11 0110 (11) (11)	Project Assistance						
Act.	Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs		
1. A	griculture and Natural Resources									
T. W	1954	97	-	(195)	267	(29)	54	_		
	1955	1,245	-	401	277	4.56	-	111		
	1956	3,000	-	1,867	228	456 630	180	95		
2. <u>Inc</u>	dustry and Mining									
	1954	1,337	-	436	86	(85)	900	-		
	1955	815	-	347 17 <b>,</b> 716	174	146	80	68		
	1956	19,200	-	17,716	226	60	1,113	85		
3. <u>Tra</u>	ansportation						4.5			
	1954	78	•	18	-	. •	60	.~		
	1955	210	-	18	145	-	-	47		
	1956	11,000		10,694	88	30	143	45		
4. <u>Ia</u>	<u>bor</u>	((0)		~-	2/	(200)				
	1954	(69)	-	75 60	26	(170)	-	7.00		
	1955	500 700	-	104	200 210	132 271	-	108 115		
	1956	700	-	104	210	2/1	-	115		
5. <u>He</u> s	alth and Sanitation	2//		(22)	110		280			
	1954	366	-	(33)	119 20	- (2		7		
	1955	105	-	15 2 420	65	63 191	-	24		
	1956	2,900	-	2,620	65	191	-	24		
6. <u>Ed</u> 1	ucation	1776		Ø,	(23)	(35)	450			
	1954	476 430	. •	84 193	(25) 84	101	490	- 52		
	1955 1956	430 1 <b>,</b> 200	-	150	. O4	75	975	- -		
	1770	1,200	-	1,00	_	17	717	_		

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#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country \_Indonesia Table 1 Page 2 November 1, 1954 Date

			(In thousands	of dollars)				
					Project As	sistance		
Act No		Total_	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities .	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
7.	Public Administration							
<i>'</i> •	1954	1,172	_	1,020	152			
	1955	195	_	48	83	23	-	- / 7
	1956	800	-	315	- -	135	3 <b>5</b> 0	41 <del>-</del>
8.	Community Development, Social and Housing					~,	,,,,	
	1954	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	1955	60	-	19	25	7	_	9
	1956	400	-	245	<del>5</del> 0	83	-	22
9•	General and Miscellaneous 1954 1955 1956	412 140 800	-	<b>-</b> 5	- - 29	412 40 60	<b>-</b> 95 700	- - 11
			-	_	27	80	700	11
	Total - 9 activit				<b>(07</b>	0.0		
	1954	3,869	-	1,405	627	93	1,744	-
	1955 1956	3,700	-	1,106	1,008	968	175	443
	1950	40,000	-	33,711	896	1,535	3,461	397
	Maintenance of Civilian Supply (Non-project counterpart genering program)	at-		.*.				
	1954	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
	1955	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
	1956	28,000	28,000	-	-	-	-	-
	Total Country Program							
	1954	3,869	-	1,405	627	93	1,744	_
	1955	3.700 <u>a</u> /	_	1,106	1,008	968	175	443
	1956	68,000	28,000	33,711	896	1,535	3,461	397

a/ Excludes pending supplemental request of \$1.4 million for Development Assistance and \$1.9 million for Technical Cooperation

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#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

Country Indonesia
Table 4 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

		(Ir	n thousands of do	ollars)		Date	MOVEMBEL 1,	1974
Act.	Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Proje Participants	ct Assistance U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources 1955 1956	1,500	<u>-</u>	1,320	-	-	180	-
2.	Industry and Mining 1955 1956	17,400	- · -	17,400	-	Ξ	Ξ	<u>-</u>
3.	Transportation 1955 1956	10,100	:	10,100	-	-	-	-
5.	Health and Sanitation 1955 1956	2,600	-	2,596	· -	<u>.</u>	:	14
9•	General and Miscellaneous 1955 1956	400	Ξ	-	-	:	400	-
	Total - 9 Activities 1955 1956	_ <u>a</u> / 32,000	-	31,416	- -	-	580	<u>-</u>



#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

Country Indonesia Table 4 Page 2 November 1, 1954 Date

(In thousands of dollars)

				Projec	t Assistance		
Act. No. Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
Maintenance of Civilian Supply b							
1955 1956	28,000	28,000	-	-	-	-	-
Total Program 1955 1956	_ <u>a</u> / 60,000	28,000	31,416	- -	Ī	<b>-</b> 580	<u>-</u>

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{a}/$  Excludes pending supplemental request for \$1,400,000.  $\underline{b}/$  Non-project counterpart-generating program.



#### COMPLETE

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country Indonesia
Table 5 Page 1

Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

			Project Assistance							
Act.		Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs <sup>a</sup> /			
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources 1954 1955 1956	97 1,245 1,500	(195) 401 547	267 · 277 228	(29) 456 630	54 - -	- 111 95			
2.	Industry and Mining 1954 1955 1956	1,337 815 1,800	436 347 316	86 174 226	(85) 146 60	900 80 1,113	- 68 85			
3.	<u>Transportation</u> 1954 1955 1956	78 210 900	18 18 594	- 145 88	- - 30	60 - 143	- 47 45			
4.	Labor 1954 1955 1956	(69) 500 700	75 60 104	26 200 210	(170) 132 271	- - -	108 115			
5.	Health and Sanitation 1954 1955 1956	366 105 300	(33) 15 24	119 20 65	63 191	280 - -	- 7 20			

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country Indonesia Table 5 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

		,	0110 01100 01 00220		Project Assistan	ce	
Act.		Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costsa
No.	Activity	10041	- COMMON OF CE	Tur oronparos			
6.	Education 1954 1955 1956	476 430 1,200	84 193 150	(23) 84 -	(35) 101 75	450 - 9 <b>7</b> 5	- 52 -
7.	Public Administration 1954 1955 1956	1,172 195 800	1,020 48 315	152 83 -	- 23 135	- - 350	 41 -
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing 1954 1955 1956	- 60 400	- 19 245	- . 25 . 50	- 7 83	- -	9 22
9.	General and Miscellaneous 1954 1955 1956	412 140 400	- 5 -	- - 29	412 40 60	95 300	- - 11
	Total - TC Program 1954 1955 1956	3,869 3,700 <u>b</u> / 8,000	1,405 1,106 2,295	627 1,008 896	93 968 1,535	1,744 175 2,881	- 443 393

a/ International travel costs of participants computed at \$1,800 per participant except where otherwise indicated. b/ Excludes pending supplemental request for \$1,900,000.

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#### COMME

NON-PROJECT ASSISTANCE: COMMODITY BREAKDOWN OF OBLIGATIONS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country Indonesia

Table 6

Date November 1, 1954

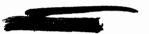
(In thousands of do	ollars)	Date November 1, 1954			
	1956 Estimated				
Commodity Detail	Development Assistance	Total			
Agricultural Commodities	14,000	14,,000			
Food (Section 402: wheat for flour, milk products, canned meats, etc.)	14,000	14,000			
Petroleum Products	-	•			
Raw Materials and Semi-Finished Products	-	-			
Machinery and Vehicles	-	-			
Miscellaneous and Unclassified	14,000	14,000			
Other _ Food processing and ocean freight related to above	14,000	14,000			
TOTAL	28,000	28,000			

#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country Indonesia
Table 7
Date November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

					I	roject Assistar	ce	
Fiscal Year	Total	Non-Pr Assist Commod	ance ities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Cost:
1954		Capital Goods	Soft Goods					
Unliquidated obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	9.8 3.9 13.7 4.2 9.5	- - - -	- - - -	6.8 1.4 8.2 2.0 6.2	1.4 0.6 2.0 0.7 1.3	0.7 0.1 0.8 0.7 0.1	0.9 1.8 2.7 0.8 1.9	- - - -
1955 Unliquidated Obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	9.5 3.7 13.2 8.8 4.4	- - - -	- v	6.2 1.1 7.3 4.8 2.5	1.3 1.0 2.3 1.4 0.9	0.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 0.1	1.9 0.2 2.1 1.5 0.6	- 0.4 0.4 0.1 0.3
1956 Unliquidated Obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	4.4 68.0 72.4 25.5 46.9	- - - -	28.0 28.0 12.0 16.0	2.5 33.7 36.2 8.0 28.2	0.9 0.9 1.8 1.0 0.8	0.1 1.5 1.6 1.5 0.1	0.6 3.5 4.1 2.6 1.5	0.3 0.4 0.7 0.4 0.3



#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

Country Indonesia
Table 10
Date November 1, 1954

	-		(In mi)	lions of dollars)				
		•				Project Assista	nce	
T		Non-Pr Assist	ance			U.S. Employed	Contract Service	Other
Fiscal Year	Total	Commod		Commodities	Participants	Technicians	Technicians	Local Costs
1954		Capital Goods	Soft <u>Goods</u>					
Unliquidated Obligations	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
New Obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Available	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unliquidated Obligations	-	-	-	-	<b>-</b>	-	-	-
<u>1955</u>								
Unliquidated Obligations	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	<u> </u>
New Obligations	_	_	_	_	<b>-</b>	-	-	-
Total Available	_	-	<b>-</b> .	-	<b>-</b> ,	_	_	-
Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unliquidated Obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>1956</u>								
Unliquidated Obligations	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
New Obligations	60.0	_	28.0	31.4	-	-	0.6	-
Total Available	60.0	_	28.0	31.4	-	-	0.6	-
Expenditures	17 <b>.7</b>	-	12.0	5.1	-	-	0.6	-
Unliquidated Obligations	42.3	-	16.0	26.3	-	-	-	-

#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

AND DENTE DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE PA

Country Indonesia
Table 11
Date November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

						Project Assista	nce	
Fiscal Year	Total	Non-Pro Assista Commod	ance ities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
1954		Capital <u>Goods</u>	Soft Goods					
Unliquidated Obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	9.8 3.9 13.7 4.2 9.5	- - -	-	6.8 1.4 8.2 2.0 6.2	1.4 0.6 2.0 0.7 1.3	0.7 0.1 0.8 0.7 0.1	0.9 1.8 2.7 0.8 1.9	- - - -
<u>1955</u>								
Unliquidated Obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	9.5 3.7 13.2 8.8 4.4	- - - -	-	6.2 1.1 7.3 4.8 2.5	1.3 1.0 2.3 1.4 0.9	0.1 1.0 1.1 1.0 0.1	1.9 0.2 2.1 1.5 0.6	0.4 0.4 0.1 0.3
1956 Unliquidated Obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	4.4 8.0 12.4 7.8 4.6	- - - -	- - - -	2.5 2.3 4.8 2.9 1.9	0.9 0.9 1.8 1.0	0.1 1.5 1.6 1.5	0.6 2.9 3.5 2.0 1.5	0.3 0.4 0.7 0.4 0.3

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#### (A)

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF PARTICIPANTS OBLIGATED BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND 9 ACTIVITIES

Country Indonesia
Table 12
November 1, 1954

Technical Cooperation a					
FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956			
57	63	52			
24	38	47			
-	26	25			
45	60	64			
18	14	13			
24	29	23			
48	23	38			
-	-	12			
·		7			
216	243	281			
	57 24 - 45 18 24 48	FY 1954       FY 1955         57       63         24       38         -       26         45       60         18       4         24       29         48       23			

a/ All participants are included in Technical Cooperation.

PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS)

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Country Indonesia
Table 13 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

#### AND ALL ACTIVITIES

	Acti	al	Estin	
	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
. Funding (In thousands of dollars)				
Programs	1,174	627	1,451	1,293
Obligations Expenditures a	1,174	627	1,451	1,293
Expenditures 4	198	700	1,500	1,400
Unliquidated obligations end of FY	1,414	1,341	1,291	1,184
. Numbers				
1951 and 1952 Programs				
In Training or in process	66	133	39	0
1953 Program				
Target	179	xxx	xxx	ххх
Obligated	179	XXX	XXX	XXX
Arrivals in U.S.	2	123	35 60	XXX
Departures from U.S.	•	56	60	- 1.0
In Training in U.S.	2	109	96	43
1954 Program				
Target	xxx	216	ххх	XXX
Obligated	XXX	216	XXX	XXX
Arrivals	XXX	-	216	-
Departures	xxx	-	106	110
In training	xxx	-	216	110
			<b>(()</b> (),	27-05-5-01
	- 7E			

Country Indonesia
Table 13 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS)

#### AND ALL ACTIVITIES

	Acti		Estima	ted
	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
1955 Program				
Target	xxx	xxx	243	xxx
Obligated	xxx	XXX	243	xxx
Arrivals	XXX	XXX	183	60
Departures	XXX	xxx	10	107
In training	xxx	xxx	183	106
1956 Program				
Target	xxx	xxx	xxx	281
Obligated	xxx	xxx	XXX	281
Arrivals	xxx	xxx	XXX	200
Departures	XXX	XXX	xxx	10
In training	XXX	XXX	XXX	190
otal (1953-1956 Programs)				
Arrivals	2	123	434	260
Departures	-	56	176	227
In training	2	109	495	449
•		/	-,,,	. • •

a/ Including international travel, shown in other tables in "Local Cost" column.

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

Country Indonesia
Table 14 page 1
Date November 1, 1954

	F	Y 1954	FY	1955		<b>FY</b> 1956	
	•	Technical		Technical		Development	Technical
ctivity and Personnel Category	Total	Cooperation	Total	Cooperation	Total	Assistance	Cooperation
. Agriculture and Natural Resources							
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals:							
Positions filled end of FY	21	21	35	35	37	-	37
Man Years obligated during FY	18	18	30-1/4	30-1/4	32	•	32
Contract Technicians:							
Positions filled end of FY	-	-	1	1	13	12	1
Man Years obligated during FY	•	-	-	-	12	12	-
Industry and Mining							
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals:							
Positions filled end of FY	2	2	19	19	4	-	4
Man Years obligated during FY	, <b>1</b>	1	9-3/4	9-3/4	4	-	14
Contract Technicians:							
Positions filled end of FY	20	20	30	30	58	-	58
Man Years obligated during FY	20	20	5	5	54-1/2	-	54 <b>-</b> 1/2
Transportation							
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals:							
Positions filled end of FY	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
Man Years obligated during FY	-	-	-	-	2	<del>-</del> :	2
Contract Technicians:							
Positions filled end of FY	<del>-</del>	-	4	4	15	-	15
Man Years obligated during FY	4	4	-	-	9-1/2	_	9-1/2

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#### CONTIDENTIAL.

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

Country Indonesia
Table 14 Page 2
November 1, 1954

	FY	1954	]	F <b>Y</b> 1955		<b>FY</b> 1956	
Astivity and Dangannal Cutanan	m-4-3	Technical		Technical		Development	Technical
Activity and Personnel Category	Total	Cooperation	Total	Cooperation	Total	Assistance	Cooperation
4. Labor							
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	1	1	17 8-3/4	17 8-3/4	19 16	-	19 16
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	-	<u>.</u>	- -	- -	<del>-</del> -	-	-
5. Health and Sanitation							
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	10 8-1/4	10 8-1/4	14 14	4 4	16 8	-	16 . 8
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	<b>-</b> 20	<b>-</b> 20	10	10	13	<u>-</u>	13
6. Education							
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	2 2-1/4	2 2-1/4	13 6-3/4	13 6-3/4	6 5	<u>-</u>	6 5
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	<u>-</u> 16	- 16	12	12 - ,	27 65	<u>-</u> -	27 65

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

CONFIDENCIAL

Country Indonesia
Table 14 Page 3
Date November 1, 1954

	F	Y 1954	FY	1955		<b>FY</b> 1956	
		Technical		Technical		Development	Technical
Activity and Personnel Category	Total	Cooperation	Total	Cooperation	Total	Assistance	Cooperation
7. Public Administration							
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	1 1/4	1 1/4	3 1-1/2	3 1 <b>-</b> 1/2	9 9	-	9 9
Contract Technicians Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	-	<u>-</u>	-	:	10 14	- -	10 14
8. Community Development, Social Welfa and Housing	re						
U.S. employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	3	3 1-1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	6 5 <b>-</b> 1/2	-	6 5-1/2
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	<u>-</u> ···	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-
9. General and Miscellaneous							
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	4 3-1/4	4 3-1/4	2	2 1	7 <b>†</b>	- -	4 4
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	3 3	3 3	5 4	5 4	23 23	15 15	8 8
Positions filled end of FY	3 3	•	5 4 <b>- 7</b> 9 <b>-</b>	5 4	23 23	15 15	8

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

Country Indonesia
Table 14 Page 4
Date November 1, 1954

	F	Y 1954		FY 1955		<b>FY</b> 1956	
Activity and Personnel Category	Total	Technical Cooperation	Total	Technical Cooperation	Total	Development Assistance	Technical Cooperation
Total Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	6 <b>7</b> 98-1/2	67 98 <b>-</b> 1/2	156 71-1/2	156 <b>7</b> 1-1/2	262 263 <b>-</b> 1/2	27 27	235 236-1/2

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF FIELD PROGRAM PERSONNEL FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ACTIVITIES

Country Table

Indonesia ·15 Date November 1, 1954

	Act	ual	Estim	ate
	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955 <u>a</u> /	FY 1956
A. Funding (Obligations) (In thousands of dollars)				
U.S. Employees:	2 50	3 020	2.210	1, 006
Programs	1,524	1.,837	1,143	4,996
U.S. Technicians:	520	93	968	1,535
Full time	520		900	±,,,,,,
Temporary and Part time	-	<b>-</b> .	_	
Contract technicians (Incl. incidental costs)	1,004	1,744	175	3,461
Total obligations	1,524	1,837	1,143	4,996
3. Numbers				
J.S. Employees:		-		2/2
Total Target	n.a.	67	156	262
U.S. Technicians:				
Full time		44	94	103
Positions filled end of FY Man Years (obligations)	-	35 1/2	62 1/2	85 1,
Temporary and Part time:	-	3) 1/2	02 1/2	0) 1/
Positions filled end of FY	_	_	_	••
Man Years (obligations)	-	-	-	-
Contract technicians:				
Positions contracted for during FY			2-	
(disregarding length of stay)	-	-	87	100
Positions filled, end of FY	-	23 63	62	159
Man Years (obligations)	-	63	9	178
Totals:				
Positions filled end of FY	-	67	156	262
Man Years (obligations)	-	98 1/2	71 1/2	263 1,

a/ Excludes pending supplemental requests totalling \$3.3 million.



#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

# Country Indonesia Table 16 Page 1 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

			Initial			Obligation	s (In thousa	nds of dollars	)
ebo C			Date of			ual			mated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1950
10	Agriculture and Natural Resources								
13	Crop and Livestock Development	Undetermined	FY 1956						180
	This contract will provide technique.	nical assistance in	extension phases	of the growing	ng, process	ing and ma	rketing of s	mallholders;	
20	Industry and Mining								
23	Manufacturing and Processing	Platt Bros., England	Feb 1955					65	
	ment one factory technician would ing of operators can be started, entered into as soon as the auth Expenditures for the contract and for salary.	. This contract wa nority was issued a	s originally plann nd remain in force	ed in Indone; for eighteen	sia. Curre n months un	nt status:	The contractanted or extension	ct would be ended.	
25	ing of operators can be started, entered into as soon as the auth Expenditures for the contract an	. This contract wa nority was issued a	s originally plann nd remain in force	ed in Indone; for eighteen	sia. Curre n months un	nt status:	The contractanted or extension	ct would be ended.	70

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS



#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

			Initial				ns (In thousa		imated
Code No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Date of Contract	FY 1951		tual FY 1953	FY 1954		FY 1956
20	Industry and Mining (continued)								
28	Industrial Training	Undetermined	FY 1956						100
	The contract under considerate Engineering and Management in which will serve government, p technicians for two man years into during FY 1956 for a per- staff are presently in Indones	Indonesia. The projective tention of two years and a	ect is to organized banking instituted in specified in formain in formation in formation in formation in formation in the forma	with the he tions. The c fields. Curr rce unless te	ontractor's ent status rminated a	technicians staff will the control tan earli	ns such an in ll consist of tract will be er date. Non	three entered e of the	
28	Industrial Training	Undetermined	FY 1956						225
30	This contract will provide tecand industrial extension programmes and industrial extension programmes.		managerial develo	ment program	s for the	Department	of Industry	s research	
37	Air Transport	Undetermined	Dec 1954				60		60
37	The contract under considerativeloping aircraft and engine technicians in four fields to staff will consist of one semin different fields. The comby January 1, 1955, for an estall would be expected to arriequipment was obligated in FY program in support of the consideration.	mechanics which are all cover aircraft, enging ior technical instructurant was originally outlinated period of three by April 1955. \$60	lmost non-existen nes, ground and m tor who will also developed in Wash ee years. None o 0,000 for four te he contract. A f	t. The contraintenance of act as Chief ington. Curr the contracthnicians was urther \$18,00	act will port the Govern Advisor a rent status stor's staff obligated to for equi	rovide for nment-owne nd three t . The con f members in FY 195 pment is p	a company to d airline. I echnicians wi tract will be are currently 4; \$18,000 for rogrammed in	The contractor the training entered in Indones or training the FY 1955	to ia;

#### CONFIDENTIAL

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

## Country Indonesia Table 16 Page 3 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1. 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

Code			Initial Date of	Actual	gations (In thouse	ands of dollars) Estimated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951 FY 1952 FY	1953 FY 1954	FY 1955 FY 1956
50	Health and Sanitation					
54	Health Training and Education	University of California	July 1, 1954	123	330	
	The contract was established to skilled personnel for teaching University of California to giving direction of research, clin four specialists but not to exe Washington. Current status: Tyears until June 30, 1957, unle	and training in the e technical advice ical and other rela eed ten technicians he contract was en	e Medical Department and assistance in in ated activities. The and three office start ared into July 1, 19	at the University. This approving and accelerating a contractor's staff will taff. The contract was or: 954, and will remain in for	contract provides the teaching progr consist of a Chair iginally developed are for a period of	for the ram includ- man and lin
60	Education					
61	Technical Education	Tuskegee Institute	July 22,1954		450	450

The contract was established to provide the Republic of Indonesia with technical assistance in the development of a system of practical, technical and vocational education which will provide skilled and supervisory personnel for the industrial development of Indonesia. The contract provides for Tuskegee Institute to make available advice, consultation, supervision and procurement services. The contractor's staff will consist of a Chief Advisor and 11 technical specialists and teacher trainers with experience in specified fields. The contract was originally developed in Washington. Current status: The contract was entered into July 22, 1954, and will remain in force for a period of three years, until July 21, 1957, unless terminated at an earlier date. None of the contractor's staff members are currently in Indonesia; all are scheduled to arrive before December 31, 1954. Expenditures under the contract are estimated to total \$265,224 during its first year of operation; \$177,969 during the second year; and \$349,398 during the third year. In addition to salaries and expenses of the contractor's staff, the contract permits the expenditure of up to \$50,000 for training aids and payments of \$45,225 for contractor's overhead (15% of base salaries). The contract will be expanded in FY 1956 to cover the cost of 15 participants estimated at a total of \$100,000.

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

## Country Indonesia Table 16 Page 4 Date November 1, 1954

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#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYB 1955/1956

			Initial			rations (In thousar	ds of dollars	<u> </u>
Code		<b>0 1 </b>	Date of	FY 1951 I	Actual FY 1952 FY 1	953 FY 1954	Esti: FY 1955	
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	F1 1991 1	1 17/2 11 1	7777		
60	Education (continued)	University						250
61	Technical Education	of California	January 1955					250
	The contract under considerati would furnish the technical st Current status: At the preser and make a survey and determin three years with possible exte It is expected that the contra ticipants.	taff for the development time it is contemponed the details of the	ent of the program lated that a techn final contract.	. The contract ician from UCLA The final conte members of the	t was original A would spend emplated contr e contemplated	a year at Gadjah P act would be for a l staff presently i	Mada to teach a period of in Indonesia.	
61	Technical Education	Undetermined	FY 1956					75
	This contract will provide for	r a school-to-school	relationship to in	crease the effe	ectiveness of	the Djogjakarta Te	echnical School	1.
66	Professional and Higher Educa	tion Undetermined	FY 1956					200
	The contract under considerate Economic Faculty. The contract able advice, consultation, surdeveloped in Indonesia. Current of two years unless terminate and allow for three participating the Economic Faculty of the highest quality. Indonesian	ion will provide the ct will provide for a pervision with techni ent status: The cont d at an earlier date. Into a University of Indon	n American Univers cal assistance in ract will be enter The technical st xpenditures are a esia, but the facu essed the desire t	the field of E ed into in FY aff would cons total of \$200,	conomics. The 1956 and will ist of five to 000. There are affed. and wit	remain in force for contrict and for four conditions for four conditions for four conditions, the few exceptions,	iginally be or a period r man years s enrolled not of the	



#### OUND TOWN

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

### Country Indonesia Table 16 Page 5 Date November 1, 1954 OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

			Initial					ars)	
Code	Antimites and Cale antimites	Control	Date of	THE 3 OFF		ual	Estimated	stimated	
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 19	55 FY 1956
70	Public Administration								
76	General Services	Undetermined	FY 1956				····		150
	The contract under considerati ment and Commercial studies at to furnish technicians in spec The contract will be entered i estimated expenditures under t	intermediate school dified fields. The stanto in FY 1956 and wi	level. The cont taff would consis ill remain in for	ract would pro t of three tec ce for two yes	ovide for s chnicians f ars unless	ome reput or two me terminate	ted American Br an years. Curr ed at an earlic	usiness Scho rent status er date. Ti	ool :
77	Organization and Administration of Institutes or Bureaus of Public Administration	on Cornell University	FY 1956						200
	This proposed contract would padministration School where U. sored project are the Ford Four portion would include: Estable of the foreign faculty, salary nicians for Personnel Survey, of three years unless terminat \$200,000 to cover seven technical	S. Government assists and ation, Colombo Plan ishment of a Library, and expenses of threand 30 participants. ed at an earlier date	ance would be apply of Organization, Unit on-the-job train the technicians for Current status:  The total cost	copriate. Oth nited Nations, ning of four l in-service t This contract t of the contr	ner contrib , and Gover librarians, training of et will be ract is est	utors in mment of salary a present entered i	this multi-latindonesia. The and expenses of administrators into in FY 1956 amount to \$50	terally spon ne FQA-finant two profess, two tech- ofor a peri	n- nced ssors -

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

## Country <u>Indonesia</u> Table <u>16 Page 6</u> Date <u>November 1, 1954</u>

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

			Initial			Obligation	ons (In thousar	nds of dollars)	
Code			Date of		Actual			Estim	
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
90	General and Miscellaneous								
92	Information (Mass Communications, etc.)	L. deRochemont Corp.	May 1, 1953		240			95	150
	This contract was established and Documentary films. The contract staff consisted of a Projecurrent status: The contract agreed upon. Three of the staffor salaries and supplemental FY 1955, and \$150,000 for FY 1	ontract provides for Lect Manager and 4 tech was entered into May aff are now in Indones equipment, extension	ouis deRochemont ( nnical specialists 1, 1953, and will sia, two having con	Corporation The contr remain in f mpleted thei	to advise act was or orce for a r work and	on directariginally of period of returned	ing and product developed in Wi f 17 months with to the States	ing such films. ashington. th extensions . Expenditures	
92	Information (Mass Communications, etc.)	Undetermined	FY 1956						150
	The proposed contract would pradio equipment furnished the to advise, consult and superviin FY 1955 and four technician for a period of two years unleft 1955 earmarked by FOA/W from	Indonesian Government se the radio installants in specified fields ass terminated at an e	during the last ation now being con in FY 1956. Curr earlier date. The	two years. nstructed. rent status: estimated e	The contraction of the staff this contraction of the staff that is a superior of the staff tha	ct would pwould constract would constract would so for this	provide for an sist of two rac ld be entered :	American firm dio engineers into in FY 1955	
99	All Other	Undetermined	FY 1956						400
	This contract would furnish the man is a very necessary as a Chief Advisor and fourteen to Current status: The contract ment and personnel to take the	ljunct to the future i sechnicians for a peri	ndustrial planning of of or a period of	g of the Gov This is a ne	vernment. w contract	The control original?	actor's staff water light action is staff with the staff of the staff	would consist on Indonesia.	f
	ment and personnel to take the	e necessary photograph	o for a period of ones and other data.	The estima	ited cost o	f the con-	tract is \$400,	DENTIAL	_

#### Country Indonesia STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT Table 17 Page 1 (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds) Date November 1, 1954 (In thousands of dollars and dollar equivalents) FY 1956 FY 1955 FY 1954 A. Deposit Accruals: Commensurate basis 51,618 b/ 53,350 55,440 Balance of accruals carried forward 1,775 2,395 U. S. aid furnished ·55,745 55,440 53,393 Total 305 43 Less: Deposit waived 55,440 55,440 53,350 Total Deposit Accruals B. Deposit Account Transactions: 51,618 <u>b</u>/ 52,266 53,166 Balance carried forward Actual deposits against above requirements: a/ 648 **c/** 900 Commensurate basis 53,166 52,266 53,166 Total less transfers for U. S. use 53,166 53,166 52,266 Balance available for withdrawals

### STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

Country Indonesia
Table 17 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars and dollar equivalents)

	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
Expenditures (actual withdrawals):			
By 9 activities:			
1. Agriculture and Natural Resources	-	-	-
2. Industry and Mining	-	-	-
3. Transportation	-	-	-
4. Labor	-	-	-
5. Health and Sanitation 6. Education	-	-	-
7. Public Administration	-	-	-
8. Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	-		-
9. General and Miscellaneous		33 <u>f</u> /	-
Other: Direct	_	2,012 <u>e</u> /	1,750 g/
	_	2,012 9	<b>1,700 <u>R</u></b> /
Total Expenditures		2,045	1,750
Dishumononta hu Commentino Communit			
Disbursements by Cooperating Government By 9 activities:			
-, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
1. Agriculture and Natural Resources	_	_	_
2. Industry and Mining	_	_	-
3. Transportation	-	-	-
4. Labor	<b>-</b> ,	-	-
5. Health and Sanitation	-	-	-
6. Education	-	-	-
7. Public Administration	-	-	-
8. Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing 9. General and Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Uther	-	-	-
	- <u>a</u> √	1,575	1,750
Total Expenditures		1,575	1,750

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### STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

Country Indonesia
Table 17 Page 3
Date November 1, 1954

FY 1956

(In thousands of dollars and dollar equivalents)

FY 1954

FY 1955

Exchange rate used was Rupiah 11.4 to the dollar.

- b/ Figure arrived at by taking June 30, 1954, balance as shown on status of counterpart cash statement submitted by U.S. Disbursing Officer and adding and subtracting known transactions during FY 1954. Of this total \$43,295,000 was accumulated under the Tri-lateral (U.S.-Dutch-Indonesian) Agreement.
- c/ All deposits for counterpart during FY 1954 were deposited in the bi-lateral account #2 which is handled by the U. S. Disbursing Officer.
- d/ There were no withdrawals from the counterpart funds during FY 1954, therefore no disbursement by the Cooperating Government.
- by the terms of an agreement with the Indonesian Government, USOM will be supported during FY 1955 in an amount of Rp. 23 million, 10 million for Administrative support and 13 million for Housing. From counterpart account number 1 (Rp. 496,307,204) USOM had agreed to earmark Rp. 72.8 million as of January 1, 1954, and only Rp. 1,439 thousand has been withdrawn. Negotiations will be undertaken to clarify the status of this account as well as to determine the ultimate use of counterpart account number 2.
- If The sum of Rp. 385,000 has been set up in August, 1954, in a Special Account to cover the cost of travel for TA's within the confines of the Republic of Indonesia.
- g/ The sum of Rp. 20 million is estimated as the amount to be budgeted for Administration and Housing during FY 1956.

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#### STATUS OF SECTIONS 550 AND 402 FUNDS

Country Indonesia Table 18
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dol.		Date November 1, 1954		
	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956	
A. <u>Dollar Program</u> a/				
Total Surplus Agricultural Commodities				
Furnished under Sections 550 and 402	-	-	28,000 <u>a</u> / <u>b</u> /	
Less: Sales Proceeds to be Programmed for OSP Balance available for non-military program	<u>-</u> -	- -	28,000	
B. Deposits of Local Currency b/				
Balance carried forward	-	-	-	
Actual deposits during year	-	-	19,000	
Total available for expenditures	-	-	7,000	
Total available for obligation	-	-	12,000	
C. <u>Obligations in Local Currency</u>				
Development Assistance	<del>-</del> :	. 🖚	12,000 <u>c</u> /	
Technical Cooperation		-	-	
Total	-	-	12,000	
D. Expenditures in Local Currency				
Development Assistance	<b>-</b>	-	7,000 <u>c</u> /	
Total	-	-	7,000	

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a/ \$1.00 = Rp. 11.40 b/ \$14,000,000 Agricultural Surpluses plus \$14,000,000 processing and transportation charges. c/ Smallholder rubber, land development and irrigation, forestry, shipbuilding, highway construction, civil aviation.

#### COMPT DENTIT AT

#### GENERAL CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE

Table Indonesia

19 Page 1

November 1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: Rupiahs 11.4 = US \$1.00

(Millions of dollar equivalents)

	FY 1953 <u>a</u> /	FY 1954 <u>a</u> /	FY 1955 <u>s</u> /	FY 1956 <u>a</u> /
Revenue: b/	<u>c</u> /	₫/	<u>e</u> /	<b>e</b> /
Income taxes	171.2	126.3	130.0	135.0
Other taxes	398.0	369.8	370.0	375.0
Profits on Government enterprises	42.5	43.0	44.0 10.0	45.0 18.0
Special account (FOA counterpart)	13.2	<u>f</u> / 30∙7	10.0	10.0
Other foreign grants Other revenues	576.8	430.2	465.0	465.0
TOTAL REVENUE	1202.6	1000.0	1019.0	1038.0
xpenditures:				
National defense	339.9	300.0	307.0	307.0
Other	1127 c/	963.2	970.0	970.0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1469.9 <u>c</u> /	1263.2	1277.0	12 <b>7</b> 7.0
eficit	264.3	263.2	258.0	239.0

a/ Indonesian budget year ending in the calendar year indicated.

b/ Excludes receipts from borrowings and payment for debt redemption.

c/ Adjusted from preliminary reports of actual 1953 operations.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{\mathbf{d}}$ / From budget estimates, with some allowance for underestimate of revenue and expenditures.

e/ Wholly inadequate data are available for arriving at estimates for 1955 and 1956 and, as a matter of fact, the financial notes of the Finance Ministry to Parliament purportedly clarifying the 1954 budget will not be officially available until released by the Parliament.

#### GENERAL CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE

CONFIDENTIAL
Country Indonesia

Table 19 Page 2

Date November 1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: Rupiahs 11.4 = US \$1.00 (Millions of dollar equivalents)

Footnotes

An item of Rp. 500,000,000 was included in the Indonesian supplemental budget estimates for 1954 under the designation "counterpart". There are two counterpart accounts in Indonesia. Counterpart No.1 amounts to approximately Rp. 494,868,240. This account arose under the Trilateral Agreement between the U.S., Netherlands and Indonesia. The background of this account may be summarized as follows:

The Indonesian Government presented a "suggested" program to USOM in August, 1951; the proposals were reviewed by the NAC and an "illustrative" program was approved on April 7, 1952. Procedural arrangements providing for USOM-Indonesian earmarking and release of funds, for reporting, project checking, etc. were agreed upon. An agreement also was made providing for eligibility for reimbursement of project expenditures made by the Indonesian Government subject to USOM concurrence and also subject to the procedural arrangements. As of January 1, 1954, about Rp. 73 million were approved for earmarking, Rp. 42 million for release, and Rp. 1,439,000 had been released. The accounts of the Bank Indonesia continued to carry the remainder of the account in the amount of Rp. 494,868,240.80. In its analysis of the Indonesian Budget for 1954, USOM has not included this amount as a revenue, believing this to be a subject for USOM-Indonesian discussions, but it should be noted that the Indonesian budget does include this item as a revenue. Account No. 2, in the amount of about Rp. 128 million arose under the Bilateral Agreement and is available for administrative and TA support in accordance with the terms of the Bilateral Agreement. Actually supporting funds have, in the past, come directly from the Indonesian budget although agreement has been reached to use counterpart funds in the future. For the purpose of this table, it has been assumed that as a part of a general agreement on counterpart between USOM and the Government of Indonesia, counterpart fund deposits will be required only on "saleables".



#### BALANCE OF FAYMENTS

Country Indonesia
Table 20 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

	(м	illions of dollars equi		te Used: Rupiahs	11.4 = US \$1.00
		CY 1953	CY 1954	CY 1955	CY 1956
Α.	Goods and Services	<u>a</u> /	_	<u>b</u> /	<u>ъ</u> /
	Exports Imports Trade Balance Non-monetary gold movement (net) Foreign travel Transportation and insurance Investment income Government n.i.e. Miscellaneous Oil Companies	856.6 770.0 86.6 1.7 -10.4 -26.1 -54.5 -33.9 -44.5	789.4 <u>b</u> / 692.9 <u>b</u> / 96.5 1.7	807.0½/ 710.5½/ 96.5 1.7	829.6 <sup>b</sup> / 749.3 <sup>b</sup> / 80.3 1.7
	Total Services	-222.8	-207.8 <u>c</u> /	-207.8	-207.8
	Total Goods and Services	-136.2	-109.6 <sup>d</sup> /	-109.6	-125.8
в.	Private Financing				
	Remittances Direct Investment Other	1 1.6	4 3.0 <u>e/</u>		
	Total Private Financing	1.5	2.6	3.5	6.0
c.	Net Errors and Omissions	16.9	7.6	· -	-
D.	Surplus (/) or Deficit (-) A through C	-117.8	-99.4	-106.1	-119.8
		- 94 -		Commence	

#### LUENTIAL

#### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

Table 20 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: Rupiahs 11.4 = US \$1.00

		CY 1953	CY 1954	CY 1955	CY 1956
Offic	cial Financing				
1. I	Oonations			e/	£
	Grants from U.S.	3.0	3.1	9.1-/	25.1 <u>f</u> ,
	Other	.2	•3	9.1 <sup>f</sup> / .4 9.5	1.0 26.1
	Total Donations	3.2	3.4	9.5	26.1
2. I	Long-Term Capital		~ /	h/	h
	Loan repayments	-20.3,	-19.9 <u>8</u> /,	-20.2h/	-20.2 <u>h</u>
	Loans from U.S.	13.21/	30.71/ 15.0k/	38 <b>.</b> 5 <b><u>1</u>/</b>	74.4
	Loans from IBRD - IMF	-	15.04/	26.3 <sup>m</sup> /	17.0 31.3 102.5
	Other	<u>-</u>	17.61		31.3=
	Total Long-Term Capital	-7.1	43.4	44.6	102.5
3. 8	Short-Term Capital				0.0
	Change in reserves (increase -)	26.2	-5•9 58•5	52.0	-8.8
	Monetary gold (increase -)	95•5	58.5	• -	-
	Other Total Short-Term Capital	121.7	52.6 <u>n</u> /	- 52.0	-8.8
			•	106.1	119.8
	Total Official Financing $(1/2/3)$	117.8	99•4	100.1	119.0
	randum on Reserves	105.2	1 kg 7	00.7	<b>2</b> 0 F
	atus, end of period:	195.3	142.7	90.7	99•5
	Gold	148.1	89.6		
IV	Net foreign exchange	47.2	53.1		
		<b>-</b> 95 <b>-</b>		CONF	

#### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

COME

Country	Ind	onesia	1	
Table		Page		
Date	Nov	ember	1,	1954

Exchange Rate Used: Rupiahs 11.4 = US \$1.00

#### Footnotes

/ Source: For 1953, Bank Indonesia Report 1953-1954, Page 80.

Estimated from meager available data. The Finance Ministry Financial notes to the Parliament on the supplemental 1954 budget will not be available until released by the Parliament. Projections for 1955 and 1956 assume moderate increases in exports, somewhat greater increases of importation of capital goods.

c/ Decreases in invisible account in an amount of Rp 190 million should occur primarily from decreases in interest payments, insurance and foreign travel. A transfer tax of 66 2/3% on investment income will probably encourage reinvestment in Indonesia rather than transfers out of the country.

d/ A trade balance somewhat more favorable in 1954 than in 1953 is expected, despite an unfavorable start, due primarily to import restrictions resulting from shortage of foreign exchange.

e/ Source: Ministry of Finance, based on 7 months of 1954. Estimates for 1954, 1955 and 1956 may be conservative but seem warranted by the Bank Indonesia report for 1952 and 1953.

f/ Calculated on the basis of program submission.

g/ Rp 341 million was due in 1954 but, of this amount, Rp 114 million is due Japan, and it is unlikely this portion will be paid in 1954. Indonesia evidently feels that this should be a claim against reparations.

h/ Estimate based on past years.

i/ Exim Bank loans under \$100,000,000 loan-credit agreement.

of the \$38.5 million estimated for 1955, \$25.5 million is Exim Bank Loans, and \$13 million is contingent on approval of this program and assumes a further Exim Bank loan of \$25.5 million.

The item of \$15 million represents a credit extended for the purchase of US \$15 million after payment for membership in the IBRD and IMF. No advances are estimated for 1955, until after a Mission study of Indonesia. An assumption is made of a \$17 million loan in 1956.

1/ Represents a rough estimate deferred transactions payments to Holland and Japan in an indeterminable amount. Source:
National Planning Bureau.

This assumes that there will be an inflow of capital goods from France, West Germany, and Holland, as a result of credits extended by manufacturers and exporters of capital goods with government guarantees. Negotiations at some stage for such credits from France in an amount of Rp 400,000,000; W. Germany, Rp 100,000,000 or more and Holland Rp 75,000,000 or more, and there are recent indications that some kind of agreement might be negotiated with Italy.

n/ The Indonesian target maximum deficit is Rp 600,000,000 for 1954, or \$52.6 million. In view of large deficit at beginning of year, severe restrictions on imports have been put into effect.

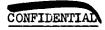
#### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

CONTRIBUTION

Country Indonesia
Table 20 Page 4
Date November 1, 1954

#### Basic Assumptions for Forecasting Budget and Balance of Payments

- 1. A continuation in office through the first part of 1955 of the present Cabinet, election uncertainties, and a 3 to 6 months "hiatus" period for a succeeding Cabinet.
- 2. An increase in capital in-flow including U.S. aid beginning about mid-year 1955.
- 3. No change in the official exchange rate Rupiahs 11.4 = US \$1.00.
- 4. No major tax reform.
- 5. No major evolution in budget controls, but some improvement in 1955, primarily allowing capital expenditures to occupy a larger proportion of the budget without an overall increase.
- 6. No run-away price inflation in Indonesia; a fairly stable price level.
- 7. A Gross National Product for 1955 approximately equivalent to that for 1952, resulting in a slight decrease in per capita income.
- 8. More effective import restrictions, but sporadically applied, stemming from non-availability of foreign exchange, in the latter months of 1954, and continuing into 1955.
- 9. No major change in private foreign investment climate until after elections.
- 10. No major change in the world political and economic conditions.



#### CONFIDENTIAL

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Table 22 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

		(In thousands	of dollars	)		Dave	ember 1, 1994
		FY 1954		FY 1955		FY 1956	
Code	Activity and			Technical		Development,	Technical
No.	Sub-activity	Total a/	Total	Cooperation	Total	Assistance b/	Cooperation
10	Agriculture and Natural Resources	97	1,245	1,245	3,000	1,500	1,500
11	Research, Agricultural Education and	<del></del>					
	Extension	(20)	195	195	213	-	213
12	Land and Water Resources	230	562	562	1,029	500	<b>52</b> 9
13	Crop and Livestock Development	(120)	189	189	1,110	800	310
14	Agricultural Economics, Farm Organization						
	and Agricultural Credit	6	19	19	46	-	46
15	Agricultural Marketing and Processing	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	<del>-</del>	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Forestry	(2)	-	-	200	200	-
18	Fisheries	3	242	242	357	-	357
19	All Other	-	38	38	45	-	45
20	Industry and Mining	1,337	815	815	19,200	17,400	1,800
21	Mining and Minerals	-	15	15	1,643	1,500	143
22	Power and Communications	69	14	14	29	-	29
23	Manufacturing and Processing	24	65	65	12,900	12,900	-
24	Service Industries	-	24	24	-	-	-
25	Engineering and Construction	900	-	-	700	•	700
26	Marketing and Distribution	-	-	-		-	_
27	Industrial Management	-	54	54	82	-	82
28	Industrial Training	344	587	587	786	-	786
29	All Other	-	56	56	3,060	3,000	60
30	Transportation	78	210	210	11,000	10,100	900
31		-	14	14	416	250	166
32		-	-	-	-	-	-
33	<del>-</del>	-	24	24	2,500	2,500	-
34	Port Facilities and Harbor Improvement	-	10	10	28	-	28
35	Inland Waterways	-		<b></b> `	2,900	2,900	- 00
36	Ship Operations	-	41	41	188	-	188
9.							

#### COMPTDEMETAL

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country Indonesia Table -22 Page 2 Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)							
		FY 1954	FY 1955		FY 1956		
Code No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Total a/	Total	Technical Cooperation	Total	Development Assistance b	Technical Cooperation
30 37 39	Transportation (Cont'd) Air Transport All Other	78 -	121	121	4,968 -	4,450 -	518 -
40 41 42	•	<u>(69</u> ) -	500	<u>500</u>	700	<del></del>	<u>700</u>
43 44	for Workers Labor Productivity Labor Management Relations	20 (70) -	312 142 -	312 142	336 152 -	: :	336 152 -
45 46 47 48 49	Industrial Safety-Hygiene	(23)	24 - - 22	- 24 - - 22	24 158 - 30	- - - -	24 158 - 30
50 51 52	Health and Sanitation Control of Specific Diseases Environmental Sanitation	366 377 (553)	<u>105</u> -	<u>105</u> -	2,900 2,700 -	2,600 <u>c/</u> 2,600 <u>c</u> /	300 100 

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155

45

45

155

45

542

59 All Other

Advisory Services to

54 Health Training and Education 55 Health Facilities Construction, Remodeling, Equipment

53 Health Facilities - Operation of an

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country Indonesia
22 Page 3
Date November 1, 1954

CONFIDENCE

	(In thousands of dollars)					ember 1, 1954	
		FY 1954		FY 1955		FY 1956	
Code No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Total a/	Total	Technical Cooperation	Total	Development Assistance b	Technical Cooperation
60	Education	476	430	430	1,200	·	1,200
61		513	<u>430</u> 363	<u>430</u> 363	925	-	925
62		-	<b>-</b>	J-5 -	,_, _	_	)-) -
63	Home Economics Education	-	-	-	_	_	_
64	Elementary Education	-	_	-	_	_	_
65	Secondary Education	-	-	<b>-</b> .	-	_	-
66	Professional and Higher Education	-	-	-	200	-	200
67	Fundamental Adult and Community Education	, <b>-</b>	~	-	-	-	_
68	Educational Administration	-	15	15	-	-	-
69	All Other	(37)	52	52	75	, <b>-</b>	75
70	Public Administration	1,172	<u> 195</u>	<u> 195</u>	_ 800	-	800
71	Organization and Management of						
	Particular Ministries or Programs	1,152	29	29	405	-	405
72	Government-Wide Organization and						
	Management	10	67	67	-	•	
73	Public Personnel Administration	-	-	-	-	-	-
74	Budget Administration	-	-	•	-	-	-
. 75	Public Finance	-	16	16	-	-	-
76	General Services	-	-	-	150	-	150
77	Organization and Administration of Institutes or Bureaus of Public						
	Administration	10	60	60	200	_	200
78	Statistics - General and Census	_	_	-	-	-	-
79	All Other	-	23	23	45	-	45

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#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country Indonesia Table 22 Page 4 Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)							
		FY 1954	F	Y 1955		FY 1956	
Code	Activity and			Technical		Development,	Technical
No.	Sub-activity	Total a/	Total	Cooperation	Total	Assistance b/	Cooperation
80	Community Development, Social Welfare						
00	and Housing	-	60	60	400	-	400
81	Community Development	-	_	-		-	-
82	Social Welfare	-	-	, <b>-</b>	_	-	<del>-</del>
83	Housing	-	60	60	400	-	400
84	Aided Self-Help Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-
85	Supporting Projects, Housing	-	-	-	-	•	-
86	Emergency Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-
89	All Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
90	General and Miscellaneous	412	140	140	800	400 <u>c</u> /	400
90	Trade and Investment				-		_
92	Information (Mass Communications, etc.)		120	120	370	<del>-</del> ,	370
99	All Other	412	20	20	430	400 <u>c</u> /	30
77	ALL VOICE					£/	
	Total	3,869 <u>d</u> /	3,700 ₫/	/ <u>e</u> / 3,700 <u>d</u> / <u>e</u> /	40,000	32,000 £/	8,000

Not deobligations during FY 1954 applicable to prior fiscal years' obligations.

Development Assistance \$1.4 million Technical Cooperation  $$\overline{3.3}$  million Total

\$29.0 million on loan basis and \$3.0 on grant basis.

Technical Cooperation only.

On loan basis, except as footnoted.

On grant basis.

Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.131 million in FY 1954 and \$0.3 million in

Excludes pending supplemental requests as follows:

## FAR EAST AND PACIFIC REGION PROPOSED FY 1956 PROGRAMS

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OFFICE OF FAR EASTERN OPERATIONS
FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

Country: <u>JAPAN</u>

#### General Narrative Statement

#### Current Aid Requirements

Assistance to Japan under the Mutual Security Program to date has been confined to MDA and Section 550 commodities. In current discussions (November 1954), the Japanese Government has requested defense-support-type and technical (productivity) assistance. The United States Government has advised the Japanese that it is prepared to finance the dollar costs of technical assistance for the operation of a productivity center, but does not consider that the Japanese financial position justifies further dollar grants at this time. It is presently contemplated that in FY 1955 an amount not exceeding \$500,000 from Section 121 funds will be made available for the productivity project and that foreseeable requirements of Japan for economic programs can most appropriately be met under a P.L. 480 program of about \$100 million. Agreements on both the productivity and P.L. 480 programs are in the process of being negotiated.

Japan's precarious international payments position is the most immediate problem facing that country. Extraordinary earnings of dollars arising from the presence of large numbers of troops in Japan and from special U.S. procurement have bolstered Japan's external financial position since the Korean War, and have tended to postpone Japanese action to correct what is probably a fundamental payments disequilibrium. In 1953, Japan received some \$800 million in receipts from these sources, compared with an estimated \$600 million in 1954. The likelihood is that such special earnings will decline further as troop withdrawals continue and as receipts from MDAP/OSP diminish. Unless Japan soon finds ways to increase substantially its export earnings, it will face the choice of exhausting its remaining exchange reserves or severely restricting imports and other payments, with attendant political disturbance.

The program now being considered under P.L. 480 is designed to help attack the problem of expanding Japan's trade while the country is still enjoying fairly large receipts from special sources. Part of the yen currency accruing to the U.S. Government from the sale of grains, cotton, and certain other surplus products would be loaned to help finance programs to raise the competitive capabilities of Japanese industry and to expand Japan's trade, particularly with the countries of Free Asia.

#### Prospects for FY 1956

There is a definite possibility that the Japanese financial position will require serious U.S. Government consideration of substantial dollar assistance under the Mutual Security Program in FY 1956. Special earnings are expected to decline by roughly \$100 million in Calendar 1955 (to a level of between \$450-\$500 million), and little change is expected in the level of Japanese imports at a value of slightly more than \$2 billion annually. With gold, dollar, and sterling reserves at less than \$850 million as of the end of August 1954, Japanese ability to increase exports beyond the present level of \$1.4 billion annually becomes of crucial importance to the protection of these reserves. In view of the uncertainty that Japan will be able to increase export earnings sufficiently in 1956 to offset the expected further decline in U.S. special expenditures, adequate flexibility should be preserved in the FY 1956 Mutual Security Program so that assistance can be provided as required.

To the extent that developments indicate a requirement for extraordinary economic assistance, it is intended to provide for this contingency under a reserve fund to be requested for the FY 1956 Mutual Security Program. This amount would supplement P.I.. 480 programs in FY 1956, which will be considerably smaller than

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#### FAR EAST AND THE PACIFIC

Country: JAPAN

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

the FY 1955 programs unless the legislative limitation of \$700 million over three years for all countries is expanded. Consideration would be given to extending part or all of any

dollar assistance on a loan basis repayable on terms similar to those now authorized under P.J. 665, Section 505. Assistance for the Japanese productivity program would continue in FY 1956.

## FAR EAST AND PACIFIC REGION PROPOSED FY 1956 PROGRAMS

CONFIDENTIAL

#### KOREA

OFFICE OF FAR EASTERN OPERATIONS
FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

November 9, 1954

COMPTOENTIAL

#### SUMMARY OF OBLIGATIONS BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION)

Country Korea

Date November 1, 1954

(Tr	n thousands of dollars)		
	FY 1954 Actual	FY 1955 Estimated	FY 1956 Estimated
Military Assistance a/ b/	245,000 <b>c</b> /	240,000* <u>c</u> /	220,000 <u>c</u> /
Direct Forces Support b/	90,000 <u>c</u> /	180,000 °C/	180,000 9/
Defense Support Bilateral Program - FOA and CRIK Components	265,300	219,700	300,000
U.S. Contributions to United Nations Korean Reconstruction Agency $\underline{d}$	23,200	19,000	-
Korea Emergency Food Relief e/	9,000		<u>-</u>
Total Obligations (All Grant Aid)	632 <b>,</b> 500 <b>c</b> /	658 <b>,7</b> 00 <b>c</b> /	700,000

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes War Reserves and initial issue of equipment.



a/ Military Assistance is presented by FOA for Korea only.

b/ Details of Military Assistance and Direct Forces Support are being presented and justified by the Department of Defense.

Z/ Subject to modification by Department of Defense.

d/ Data for UNKRA component in the following tables relate to combined U.S. and other contributions.

e/ Excluded from the following tables.

#### Country: KOREA

#### General Narrative Statement

#### U. S. Objectives

The overall objectives of the U.S. in Korea are to bring about the unification of the country by peaceful means, and under a democratic government; to help develop a self-supporting economy capable of sustaining simultaneously a standard of living approximating the 1949/50 level and a military force adequate for internal security and for defense against all but major aggression; and to assist in the organizing, training and equipping of such a military force. Proposals for the FY 1956 military and economic assistance programs for Korea assume that these programs will be completely within the Mutual Security Program and will consist of the three components of (a) military assistance, (b) direct forces support and (c) defense support, including technical cooperation. Together, they represent an integrated and coordinated effort to accomplish U.S. objectives by:

- (1) Providing sufficient economic, financial and other assistance to enable the ROK to equip and maintain a military force of the competence described above.
- (2) Stabilizing the economy by encouraging the restriction of ROK military expenditures to the minimum consistent with agreed force levels, by providing essential consumer goods and raw materials, and by assisting the ROK to increase tax revenues and control credit.
- (3) Providing capital equipment and raw materials which will enable the ROK to increase production and produce commodities now being imported, thereby increasing Korea's capacity for self-support.

(4) Developing Korean technical and administrative skills necessary for economic growth.

#### Major Changes in Situation Since January 1, 1954

Political - The most significant development related to the Mutual Security Program contemplated for FY 1956 is the current impasse between the U.S. and the ROK regarding certain fundamental issues. In developing the FY 1955 economic and military aid program during the July 1954 visit with President Rhee, the U.S. attempted to reach agreement on the several outstanding issues by incorporating them in a draft Minute which outlined a series of U.S. and ROK understandings. Agreement has not been reached on the Minute and this dispute has delayed implementation of large portions of the FY 1955 aid program for more than three months. For purposes of the FY 1956 presentation, it is assumed that the Minute will be signed before January 1, 1955, and that the FY 1955 program will be implemented to the extent indicated in the attached tables in the last half of the fiscal year.

Military - Decisions as to levels of the ROK armed forces in FY 1955 and FY 1956 necessarily determine final requirements and levels of aid for the various components of the program. As of this date the ROK Government has not agreed to U.S. proposals with respect to FY 1955 force levels; and there has been no decision regarding the U.S. position on FY 1956 levels. The U.S. proposal for FY 1955, which was incorporated in the draft Minute which is now awaiting ROK action, provides for a force ceiling of 720,000 men, including cadres of ten reserve divisions scheduled for formation by the end of calendar year 1955.



Country: KOREA

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

For the purpose of this presentation it is assumed that forces ceilings in FY 1956 will continue at 720,000 men. To the extent that it is possible to reduce force levels without sacrificing U.S. military objectives, progress toward attainment of the self-support objective can be hastened by increasing the investment component of the Defense Support program.

Economic - Inflationary pressures have mounted steadily over the last six months. The Pusan wholesale price index rose from 102 to 120 between May and August 1954. Another indication of the deterioration in value of the currency is reflected in increases in black market rates for dollars as follows:

	March 4, 1954	October 26, 1954
Greenbacks	HW 415	ны 630
MPCs	HW 295	HW 520

The stalemate over the Minute negotiations, by delaying implementation of the FY 1955 Defense Support program, will almost certainly aggravate inflationary tendencies over coming months. Although the flow of materials from the FY 1954 program has been large, a break in the pipeline of several basic commodities, e.g. cotton and fertilizer, is almost certain to occur.

A further complicating factor in the Korean economic situation is the serious deterioration of the ROK foreign exchange position. Since July 1954 the ROK has been deprived of its main source of dollar earnings - sale of Hwan to the U.S. Army - because of a disagreement on the military conversion rate. Completion of the tungsten contract with the U.S. in

April 1954 eliminated an important source of dollar earnings from exports.

#### Progress in Implementation of the Defense Support Program

Pursuant to the negotiations with the ROK last summer, there was agreement within the Executive Branch that the inflationary situation in Korea required the provision of additional budgetary support in FY 1955 for the ROK Army. Accordingly, it was tentatively agreed to increase the Defense Support program to \$280 million, about \$45 million more than had been appropriated for FY 1955. Because of delay in implementing the program, it is now assumed that only about \$239 million (\$220 million FOA and \$19 million U.S. contribution to UNKRA) will be obligated in FY 1955.

As of November 1954, obligations against FY 1955 defense support funds totaled only \$45 million - all for imports of consumer "saleable" commodities and relief supplies. It is now proposed to move ahead, beginning around December 1, with procurement of limited amounts of additional commodities such as fertilizer, cotton, coal and POL.

A full-scale resumption of the FY 1955 program, however, will await agreement on the Minute. In contrast to the retarded rate at which the FOA program has been implemented, UNKRA has been obligating funds up to the limit of fund availabilities.

#### Analysis of the Pipeline

Out of the total of \$379.6 million available for defense support purposes in FY 1954, \$147.4 million was expended. The major portion of these expenditures was for FOA-financed soft goods and CRIK relief goods. Thus the incoming FOA FY 1955 pipeline



Country: KOREA

#### FAR EAST AND THE PACIFIC

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

includes for the most part saleable capital goods and project assistance commodities. The UNKRA pipeline into FY 1955 consists almost entirely of capital goods.

A somewhat similar composition of the pipeline is indicated for FY 1956. For all funding sources combined, the incoming pipeline for FY 1956 is currently estimated at \$234.5 million. This includes \$27.2 million for UNKRA which will consist almost entirely of hard goods. The incoming FOA FY 1956 pipeline of \$207.3 million will consist of approximately \$124 million of hard goods and \$68 million of soft goods. To redress this continuing imbalance and alleviate inflationary pressures, it is proposed that out of the \$300 million requested for FY 1956 about \$167 million be obligated for soft goods and approximately \$136 million be earmarked for imports of hard goods.

#### FY 1956 Illustrative Program

#### Assumptions Concerning Organization

The FY 1956 program has been prepared on the assumptions that: (a) CINCUNC responsibility for aid administration in Korea will cease during FY 1956, (b) an FOA Mission will be established, (c) an orthodox Military Assistance Advisory Group will be established, (d) UNKRA will be phased out beginning July 1, 1955 or sooner (negotiations regarding UNKRA contributions are now in progress and should a FY 1956 UNKRA program become possible the FOA program will be adjusted accordingly), (e) KCAC staff, to the extent operationally necessary, will be available for at least the first half of FY 1956. (Assumptions concerning Korea's status as a theater of operations, a KCAC phase-out and the character of the MAAG, are subject to

revision, based on decisions which may be reached at a later date by the appropriate Washington agencies.)

#### How Aid Levels for FY 1956 Were Determined

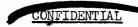
The <u>Military Assistance</u> figure was derived from an examination of present and projected force levels. The amount proposed for MDAP allows for additional supplies and equipment needed to organize, equip and maintain the force levels proposed for FY 1956.

The level of assistance proposed for <u>Direct Forces Support</u> takes into account present stocks and the pipeline of common-use items as well as projected requirements for such items in FY 1956.

The <u>Defense Support</u> component reflects an attempt to strike a rational balance between investment and counter-inflationary requirements. The magnitude of the counter-inflationary segment, almost two-thirds of the \$300 million total, was based on estimates of imports needed to counteract the inflationary effects of the anticipated deficit in the ROK budget (assuming a 720,000-man force level), and on estimated local currency expenditures for the projected investment program.

To permit the flexibility of action which the tenuous ROK fiscal situation requires, the FY 1956 program includes a \$25 million reserve which will be used, as needed, to stabilize the prices of key commodities in short supply. Even with the special reserve fund, this component of the program (consumer saleables) represents the minimum believed necessary to forestall serious inflation, and assumes a marked improvement in cooperation by the ROK in such fiscal matters as reduction of budgetary expenditures and improved credit control. The "saleable" program has been





Country: KOREA

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

further checked against the estimated capacity of the economy to absorb additional imports, taking into account existing inadequacies of the Korean commercial credit institutions and in distribution channels within the country.

The FY 1956 investment program of \$94.2 million compares with \$72.7 million now planned for FY 1955. Amounts programmed in FY 1956 for power, communications, and mining are about double the anticipated FY 1955 level. Although still very small in relation to the development needed to make significant progress toward self-support, it represents the maximum which it is believed the economy can sustain without generating undue inflationary pressures.

#### Use of Agricultural Commodities in the Program

It is proposed to use \$43 million worth of agricultural surpluses in the FY 1955 program. Of this total, \$31 million would be financed under Sec. 402 of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, and \$12 million under Title I of Public Law 480. In FY 1956 it is planned to use \$40 million of surpluses under the Mutual Security Act. The amount to be used under P.L. 480 in FY 1956 has not yet been determined.

FCA:0/FE November 9, 1954

## Forecast of Trend of Defense Support Aid Levels (FY 1956-1960)

It is anticipated that the U.S. Government will endeavor to obtain ROK Government agreement to reduce its force levels to not more than 350,000 men - this target to be achieved sometime in FY 1957. If such a course of action is approved by the National Security Council and can be made effective, it is anticipated that total requirements for the various types of assistance now being extended to Korea - military, direct forces support, and defense support - could be reduced accordingly.

The joint Dulles-Rhee statement of August 8, 1953, when the Mutual Defense Treaty was signed, envisaged a program of \$1 billion. Whether this amount will be sufficient to achieve U.S. objectives will depend in large measure upon the ROK force levels which the U.S. eventually agrees to help maintain. Although estimates of prospective aid levels are particularly hazardous at this time, it is probable that defense support assistance will diminish substantially after FY 1956.

CONFIDENTIAL

#### CCHRITTAT

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT - ALL FUNDING SOURCES

Country Korea
Table 1 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

									Date	NOA	emoer 1,	1774
				(In the	usands of do							
			UNKRA			Proj	ect Assistar					
			FY 19 <b>53</b>	Non-Project			US & UN Emp	ployed	Contract	Other		
Act	•		Carryover	Assistance			Technic	Lans	Service	Local	Funding	Source
No		Total	Undistrib	.Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S.Natls.	U.N.	Technicians	Costs	U.S.	UNKRA
1	Agriculture & Natural Resources											
т.	1954	4,204	914	_	3,245	_	_	22	23	_	1,000	3,204
	1955	8,787	7 <del>-</del> -	_	8,748	<b>3</b> 9	_		-	_	8,204	583
			_	_	9,050	<b>J</b> 9	_	_	-	_	9,050	703
	1956	9 <b>,05</b> 0	_	_	9,000	_	<b>-</b>	_	-	-	9,000	-
2.	Industry and Mining								_			_
	1954	76,260	3,070	-	53,188	19	-	<b>2</b> 90	19,693	-	60,682	15,578
	1955	22,306	-	-	21,476	10	-	-	820	-	16,1 <b>3</b> 0	6,176
	1956	41,900	-	-	41,900	-	-	-	-	-	41,900	-
3.	Transportation											
•	1954	26,405	619	_	25,581	-	-	-	205	-	25,786	619
	1955	34,445	_	_	34,125	-	-	-	<b>32</b> 0	-	34,445	-
	1956	21,700	-	-	21,700	-		-		-	21,700	_
١.	Tabasa		*									
4.	<u>Labor</u> 1954			,								
	1955											
	1956											
	1970											
5.	Health and Sanitation											
	1954	6,145	<b>35</b> 8	-	5,694	-	-	9 <b>3</b>	.=	-	3,104	3,041
	1955	5,785	-	-	<b>2,5</b> 69	-	-	31	3,185	-	2,430	3,355
	19 <b>5</b> 6	3,500	-	-	<b>3,5</b> 00	-	-	-	-	· <del>-</del>	<b>3,5</b> 00	-

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT - ALL FUNDING SOURCES

Country Korea
Table 1 Page 2

CONFIL

				/Tm +h-					Date_	Nove	ember 1,	1954
			UNKRA	(In the	ousands of do	<u></u>	ect Assistar	100				
Act.			FY 1953 Carryover			110,	US & UN Emp	ployed	Contract Service	Other Loca		g Source
No.	Activity	Total	Undistrib	.Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S.Natls.	U.N.	Technicians	Cost	B U.S.	UNKRA
6. E	Education											
٠. ي	1954	3,005	1,213	_	367	48 ·	_	155	1 222		750	0.053
	1955	4,070	-,5	-	367 3,460	-	-	<b>155</b> 90	1,222 520	-	752 1,500	2,253
	1956	5,750	-	_	5,000	_	=	<del>-</del>	750	-		2,570
		27.12			,,,,,,,,		_	_	100	-	5,750	~
7. <u>F</u>	Public Administration											
	1954	1,735	-	-	1,640	<b>7</b> 0	-	-	25	-	1,735	-
	1955	5,825	-	-	<b>3,</b> 9 <b>5</b> 0	675	-	_	1,200	-	5,825	-
	1956	6 <b>,5</b> 00	-	-	<b>3,5</b> 00	1,000	-	-	2,000	-	6,500	-
8. c	Community Development, Social											
	Telfare and Housing											
<u></u>	1954	36,516	3,208	_	33,036	_		22	050		21 002	1. (2.2
	1955	36,016	-	_	36,016	_	<u>-</u>		250	-	31,903	4,613
	1956	8,600	_	-	8,600	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	-	34,066 8,600	1,950
		,			,,,,,			_	_	-	0,000	-
9. <u>T</u>	echnical Support											
	1954	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-
	1955	3,753	-	-	-	-	3,753	-	-	-	3,753	-
	1956	3,500	<del>.</del>	-	-	-	3,500	-	-	-	3,500	· -
	Total - 9 Activities											
	1954 - 9 ACCIVITIES	154,270	9,382		100 751	1 27		E96	02 120	_	ما مرم	22.25
	1955	120,987	7,302	<u>-</u>	122,751 110,344	137	2 752	582	21,418		24,962	29,308
	1956	100,500	-	-	93,250	724 1,000	3,753 3,500	121	6,045		06,353	14,634
	-//-	200,700	_	-	93,250	1,000	<b>3,5</b> 00	-	<b>2,75</b> 0	- I	00,500	-

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CONFIDENMIAI

### COMPLEASE

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT - ALL FUNDING SOURCES

Country Korea
Table 1 Page 3
Date November 1, 1954

				(In the	ousands of do	llars)						
			UNKRA			Prog	ject Assista	nce				
			<b>FY</b> 1953	Non-Project			US & UN Em	ployed	Contract	Other		
Act.				Assistance			Technic		Service	Local	Fundin	g Source
No.	Activity	Total	Undistrib	.Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S.Natls.	U.N.	Technicians	Costs	U.S.	UNKRA
Mo	intenance of Civilian Supply											
140.	1954	142,933	154	142,779	_	_	_	_	_	~	140,277	2,656
	1955	118,677		118,677	_	_	_	_	-	-	113,347	5,330
	1956	174,500	-	174,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	174,500	-
_												
ln	flation Reserves 1954	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
	1955	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	-
	1956	25,000	-	25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,000	-
C.v.	ecial Projects											
<u> ap</u>	1954	1,896	117	19	_	_	-	1,315	110	335	-	1,896
	1955	1,850	±±1		_	_	_	1,300	300	<b>25</b> 0	_	1,850
	1956	<b>-</b> ,0,0	_	_	_	-	_	-,500	J	-	-	-,-,-
Ope	erations - UNKRA	0 000						2,929	_	_	_	2,929
	1954	2,929 3,000	-	-	-	-	<b>-</b>	3,000		_	_	3,000
	19 <b>5</b> 5 19 <b>5</b> 6	3,000	_	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	3,000	_	_	-	J,000 -
		_	_	_								
Adı	ministration - UNKRA	3 550						3 550		_	_	1,558
	1954	1,558	-	-	-	-	-	1,558	-	_	_	1,600
	1955	1,600	-	-	-	-		1,600	-	_	_	<b>-</b> ,000
	1956	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-			
To	tal - All Funding Sources	202 50/	0 (20	110.709	100 753	3.07		6 201.	03.509	225	065 020	38,347
	1954	303,586	9,6 <b>5</b> 3	142,798	122,751	137	2 752	6,384	21,528	335	265,239	26 111
	1955	246,114	-	118,677	110,344	724	3,753	6,021	6,345	<b>25</b> 0	219,700	26,414
	1956	300,000	-	199,500	73,250	1,000	<b>3,5</b> 00	-	2,750	-	300,000	-

COMPTDENTIAL

#### CONTIDENTIAL

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT (FOA-CRIK COMPONENT)

Country Korea

Table 3 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

			(In thou	sands of dollars	3)	•	Date November	1, 1954
Act.		Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	Project Assistance: U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources				***************************************			
	1954	1,000		1,000	<del>.</del>	-	-	-
	1955 1956	8,204 9,050	-	8,200 9,050	<u>4</u> -	- -	-	-
2.	Industry and Mining							
	1954	60,682	-	41,989	-	-	18,693	-
	1955 1956	16,130 41,900	-	16,130 41,900	:	<del>.</del> -	-	-
3.	Transportation							
	1954 1955	25,786	-	25,581	-	-	205	-
	1956	34,445 21,700	-	34,125 21,700	-	<del>-</del> .	320 -	- · -
4.	Labor							
	1954	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1955 1956	- -	-	-	-	-	-	- -
5.	Health and Sanitation							
	1954 1955	3,104	-	3,104	-	-		-
	1956	2,430 3,500	-	2,430 3,500	-	-	-	-
				/		COM	DATE	

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#### COMPONITIAL

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT (FOA-CRIK COMPONENT)

(In thousands of dollars)

Country Korea
Table 3 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

Act.		Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	Project Assistance: U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
6.	Education							
	195 <sup>4</sup> 1955	752 1,500	- -	1,500	- -	- -	752 -	-
	1956	5,750	-	5,000	-	-	750	-
7.	Public Administration							
	1954 1955	1,735 5,825	-	1,640 3,950	70 675	-	25 1 <b>,</b> 200	-
	1956	6,500	-	3,500	1,000	-	2,000	-
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing							
	1954	31,903	-	31,653 34,066	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	250	-
	1955 1956	34,066 8,600	-	8,600	<u>-</u>	-	•	-
9.	Technical Support							
	1954 1955	3,753	- -	-	-	3 <b>,</b> 753	-	-
	1956	3,500	-	- ,	-	3,500	-	-
	Total - 9 Activities							
	1954	124,962	- -	104,967	70 670	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19,925	-
	1955 1956	106,353 100,500	-	100,401 93,250	679 1,000	3,753 3,500	1,520 2,750	-
						CON	Table A.	

#### COMPTEMENT

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT (FOA-CRIK COMPONENT)

Country Korea
Table 3 page 3
Date November 1, 1954

		(In thous	ands of dollars)			Date Movember	1, 1974
Act. No.	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	Project Assistance: U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
Maintenance of Civilian Supply							
1954 1955 1956	140,277 113,347 174,500	140,277 113,3 <sup>1</sup> +7 174,500	- -	- -	. <del>-</del>	- -	-
Inflation Reserve							
1954 1955 1956	- - 25,000	- - 25,000	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -	- -
Total							
1954 1955 1956	265,239 219,700 300,000	140,277 113,347 199,500	104,967 100,401 93,250	70 679 1,000	3,753 3,500	19,925 1,520 2,750	-

CONFINAL

#### CONTRACTOR

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT (UNKRA Component, 1954 and 1955 only)

Country Korea
Table 4 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

				(In thou	sands of dol	lars)		Dav	e 110 v	ember 1, 1994
Act.		Total		Non-Project Assistance .Commodities		Proj Participants	ject Assistance UN Employed Technicians UN Nationals	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs	UNKRA Operations & Administration
1.	Agriculture & Natural Resource 1954 1955	3,204 583	914 -	Ξ.	2,245 548	- 35	22 -	23 -	-	Ξ
2.	Industry and Mining 1954 1955	15,578 6,176	3,070	-	11,199 <b>5,34</b> 6	19 10	290 -	1,000 820	-	:
3.	Transportation 1954 1955	619 -	619 -	-	· -	-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>
4.	<u>Labor</u> 1954 1955	-		:	-	:	: <b>-</b>	- - -	-	- -
5.	Health and Sanitation 1954 1955	3,041 3,355	358 -	, <del>-</del> -	2,590 1 <b>3</b> 9	- -	9 <b>3</b> <b>3</b> 1	3,185	-	· -
6.	Education 1954 1955	2,253 2,570	1,213	-	<b>3</b> 67 1,960	48 -	<b>155</b> 90	470 520	-	:
7.	Public Administration 1954 1955	-	- -	- -	-	- -	- -	- -	-	-

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT (UNKRA Component, 1954 and 1955 only)

Country Korea Table\_ 4 Page 2 Date November 1, 1954

			UNKRA Project Assistance								
				Non-Project			UN Employed	Contract	Other	UNKRA	
Act.		_		r Assistance			Technicians	Service	Local	Operations &	
No.	Activity	Total	Undistri	c.Commodities	Commodities	Participants	UN Nationals	Technicians	Costs	Administration	
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing 1954 1955	4,613 1,950	3,208	-	1,383 1,950	<u>-</u>	22	-	-	-	
9.	General and Miscellaneous 1954 1955	-,,,,,			1,900	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total - 9 Activities	29,308	9,382	-	17,78 <sup>1</sup> 4	67	582	1,493	-	-	
	1955 Maintenance of Civilian Supply	14,634	-	-	9,943	45	121	4,525	-	-	
	1954 1955	2,656 5,330	154 -	2,502	5,330	-	-	<b>-</b>	-	-	
	Special Projects 1954 1955	1,896 1,850	117	19 -	:	Ē	1,315 1,300	110 300	335 250	:	
	UNKRA Operations 1954 1955	2,929 3,000	- -	-	Ξ	:	· _ -	-	7 <u>-</u>	2,929 3,000	
	UNKRA Administration 1954 1955	1,558 1,600	-	-	Ξ	-	<u>-</u>	-	:	1,558 1,600	
	Total 1954	38,347	9,653	2,521	17,784	67	1,897	1,603	335	4,487	
	1955	26,414	-	-	15,273	45	1,421	4,825	250 NTIAL	4,600	
					- 118 -			20.5	HILL		

#### NON-PROJECT ASSISTANCE - COMMODITY BREAKDOWN OF CBLIGATIONS - DEFENSE SUPPORT - FOA/W

Table Date November 1, (In thousands of dollars) FY 1954 Actuala/ FY 1956 Estimated FY 1955 Estimated Commodity Detail 52,764 45,450 49,300 Agricultural Commodities 11,450 12,020 11,300 Food Fertilizer 40,744 34,000 38,000 36,000 21,050 33,000 Fuel 18.000 Coal 17,000 16,000 Petroleum, Oil and Lubricants 18,000 41,959 41,400 Raw Materials & Semi-Finished Products 17,373 2,641 4.000 2,088 Iron and Steel 1,429 3,146 Medicinal and Pharmaceutical 3,000 828 800 Pesticides 329 37,614 11,257 33,600 Other 36,600 Machinery and Vehicles 23,254 11,551 7,726 2,496 13,200 Construction, Mining and Conveying Equipment 2,810 7,800 Electrical Apparatus 3,577 Industrial Machinery 2,315 6,000 5,000 Tractors (Non-Agricultural) Motor Vehicles and Parts 3,751 500 3,000 Agriculture Machinery 300 1,100 Other 3,200 5,500 3,130 36,200 Miscellaneous 5,973 1,250 Scientific and Professional Instruments 300 500 Miscellaneous Iron and Steel 1,000 Miscellaneous Commodities Educational 150 3,700 Other (Incl. Ocean Freight) 5,823 950 6,000 Inflation Reserve 25,000 113,347 Total 140,277 199,500

Excludes CRIK.

Country Korea

#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY FUNDING SOURCE

COMPTDEMETAL

Table 7

Date November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

			Totals	
Fiscal Year	Totals	FOA	CRIK	UNKRA
1954				
nliquidated Obligations	76.7	-	48.4	28.3
ew Obligations	302.9	199.3	66.0	37.6
otal Available	379.6	199.3	114.4	65.9
cpenditures	147.4	24.3	98.3	24.8
nliquidated Obligations	232.2	175.0	16.1	41.1
1955				
nliquidated Obligations	232.2	175.0	16.1	41.1
ew Obligations	. 246.1	219.7	-	26.4
otal Available	478.3	394.7	16.1	67.5
cpenditures	243.8	187.4	16.1	40.3
nliquidated Obligations	234.5	207.3	-	27.2
1956				
nliquidated Obligations	234.5	207.3	-	27.2
ew Obligations	300.0	300.0	-	_
otal Available	534.5	507.3	-	27.2
kpenditures	303.4	276.2	-	27.2
nliquidated Obligations	231.1	231.1	-	-1

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#### FAR EAST AND PACIFIC

### Country: Korea 7

PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT - FOA

Date: November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars) Project Assistance U.S. Employed Contract Non-Project Other Technicians Service Assistance U.S. Nationals Local Technicians Local Costs Fiscal Year Total Commodities Commodities Participants Capital Soft 1954 Goods Goods Unliquidated Obligations 0 84.9 58.1 20.0 36.3 199.3 New Obligations 58.1 20.0 84.9 36.3 Total available 199.3 0.5 23.8 24.3 0 Expenditures 20.0 84.4 34.3 36.3 175.0 Unliquidated Obligations 1955 20.0 175.0 94.4 24.3 36.3 0 Unliquidated Obligations 17.4 0.7 3.8 1.5 219.7 81.3 115.0 New Obligations 3.8 21.5 Total available 394.7 175.7 139.3 53.7 0.7 32.5 0.4 3.4 7.0 187.4 72.8 71.3 Expenditures 0.4 14.5 Unliquidated Obligations 207.3 102.9 68.0 21.2 0.3 1956 14.5 68.0 21.2 0.3 0.4 102.9 Unliquidated Obligations 207.3 2.8 300.0 91.3 166.9 34.5 1.0 3.5 New Obligations 1.3 3.9 17.3 507.3 234.9 55.7 Total available 194.2 8.0 0.8 276.2 3.6 Expenditures 100.6 137.3 25.9 97.6 0.5 0.3 9.3 Unliquidated Obligations 93.6 29.8 231.1

CONFIDENTIAL.



Country Kôrea
Table 10
Date November 1, 1954

PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT - CIVILIAN RELIEF IN KOREA - CRIK

					P	roject Assistance	}	
		Non-Pr Assist	ance			U.S. Employed	Contract Service	Other
Fiscal Year	Total	Commod	ities	Commodities	Participants	Technicians	Technicians	Local Cost
1954		Capital Goods	Soft					
Unliquidated Obligations	48.4		48.4	-	<del>-</del> .	-	-	_
New Obligations	66.0		66.0	-	, <b>-</b>	-	-	-
Total available	114.4		114.4	-	-	-	-	_
Expenditures	98.3		98.3	-	-	_	-	-
Unliquidated Obligations	16.1		16.1	-	-	-	-	-
<u>1955</u>								
Unliquidated Obligations	16.1		16.1	_	_	-	-	_
New Obligations	-		-	-	-	-	_	_
lotal available	16.1		16.1	-	-	-	_	_
Expenditures	16.1		16.1	-	-	-	-	-
Jnliquidated Obligations	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
1956								
Unliquidated Obligations	_		-	-	-	_	_	_
lew Obligations			-	-	_	_	<u>-</u>	_
Total available	_		_	_	_	•	_	-
expenditures	-		-	-	-	•	* <u>_</u>	_
Jnliquidated Obligations	-		_	-	_	_	_	_



#### CONFIDENCTAL

#### FAR EAST AND PACIFIC

Country: Korea
Table: 11
Date: November 1, 1954

#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT - UNKRA

				(In million	ns of dollars)				
						Proj <b>e</b> ct	Assistance		
		Non-Pr	-				Contract		
		Assist				U.N. Employed	Service	$\mathbf{O}$ ther	Cperations &
Fiscal Year	Total	Commod	The second second second second second	Commodities	Participants	Technicians	Technicians	Local Costs	Administration
1051		Capital	Soft						
1954		Goods	Goods						
Unliquidated Obligations	28.3	8.3	5.0	13.0	-	1.0	-	-	1.0
New Obligations	37.6	11.8	4.5	13.3	-	1.9	1.6	-	4.5
Total Available	65.9	20.1	9.5	26.3	-	2 <b>.9</b>	1.6	-	5.5
Expenditu <b>re</b> s	24.8	5.8	5.5	6.4	-	2.0	1.6	-	3 <b>.</b> 5
Unliquidated Obligations	41.1	14.3	4.0	19.9	-	0.9	-	-	2.0
1955									
Unliquidated Obligations	41.1	14.3	4.0	19.9	_	0.9	<u>-</u>	_	2.0
New Obligations	26.4	1.3	4.0	10.0	-	1.4	4.8	0.3	4.6
Total Available	67.5	15.6	8.0	2 <b>9.9</b>	. <b>-</b>	2.3	4.8	0.3	6.6
Skpenditures	40.3	10.0	7.0	12.1		1.5	4.8	0.3	4.6
Unliquidated Obligations	2 <b>7.</b> 2	5.6	1.0	17.8	-	0.8	-	-	2.0
1956									
Unliquidated Obligations	27.2	5.6	1.0	17.8	-	0.8	_	-	2.0
New Obligations	-	-	-	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b> ,	<b>-</b> '	-	· <b>-</b>	-
Total Available	27.2	5.6	1.0	17.8	-	0.8	-	-	2.0
Expenditures	27.2	5 <b>.</b> 6	1.0	17.8	-	0.8	-	-	2.0
Unliquidated Obligations	-	-	-	-	-	· <b>-</b>	-	-	-
ourranted optifactons	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· •

CONFIDENTIAL

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF PARTICIPANTS OBLIGATED BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND 9 ACTIVITIES

Country Korea Table 12

Date November 1, 1954

			F	Y 1954				Y 1955 ,				Y 1956 ,	
	Activity	Total	FOA/DS	FOA/TCE/	UNKRA/TC	Total	FOA/DS	FOA/TCE/	UNKRA/TC	Total	FOA/DS	FOA/TCE/	UNKRA/TC
l.	Agriculture and Natural Resources	5	-	-	5	17	-	10 <u>b</u> /	7	-	-	-	-
2.	Industry and Mining	4	-	-	ļţ	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	
3.	Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	Labor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
5.	Health and Sanitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Education	10	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Public Administration	50	-	50 <u>a</u> /	-	135	-	135	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	General and Miscellaneous	_			-	_	-	_	-	200 2	<u>.</u> / -	200 <u>a</u> /	-
	Total	69	_	50	19 `	154	-	145	9	200 8	ı/ <b>-</b>	200 <u>a</u> /	9

a/ Third country trainee logistic expense only.

b/ Special subsidized Farm Bureau Trainees.

c/ Assumed phase-out UNKRA in FY 1956.

COMPTIONALITIES

Undistributed: Detail not presently available.

Technical Cooperation activities included in Defense Support.

PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF TECHNICIANS OBLIGATED BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND 9 ACTIVITIES

CONFIDENTIAL

Country Korea

Table 14

Date November 1, 1954

			F	Y 1954			F	Y 1955			F	Y 1956	
	Activity	Total	FOA/DS	FOA/TCe/	UNKRA/TCC/	Total	FOA/DS	FOA/TC <sup>e</sup> /	unkra/tcc/	Total		FOA/TC <sup>C</sup> e/	UNKRA/TO
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resource	es -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Industry and Mining	60	-	-	60	48	-	-	48	-	-	-	-
3.	Transportation	-	-	-	-	22	-	22	-	-	-	-	-
4.	Labor	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Health and Sanitation	5	-	-	5	165	-	-	165	-	-	-	-
6.	Education	21	-	-	21	84		20 <u>a</u> /	64	38	-	38	-
7.	Public Administration	-	-	-	-	60	-	60	•.	300	-	300	-
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	1	-	-	1	-	· •	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	General and Miscellaneous	71	-	-	71	65	-	-	65	-	-	-	-
	Operations and Administration - UNKRA	224	_	_	224	230		· -	230	-	-	_	
	Totals	382	-	-	382	674	-	102	572	338	-	338	- <u>t</u>

Estimated by Mission.



Assumed phase-out UNKRA FY 1956.

Includes contract Service Technician.

Does not include Contractors Technical Specialists or KCAC personnel. Technical Cooperation activities included in Defense Support.

#### CONTINUE

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS - FOA

## Country Korea Table 16 Page 1 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FY 1955/1956

			Initial		Obligat	ions (In t	housands of	dollars)	
Code			Date of			tual			mated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
20	Industry and Mining								
		International	Feb.26,1954	-	-	-	325	-	-
22	Power and Communications	Engineering Corp.	Oct.1954 (Amend.	)				100	
	The contract calls for a detailed s to a transmission circuit between t It also provides for assistance to tions for procurement. By June 195 been written. Contract negotiated	he Hwachon Plant and the the project engineer in r 4 the field surveys for t	Chung Pyung Plant ehabilitation and	, replaceme installati	nt of cabl on work in	es and reg the field	airs to the and final	dam and pe detailed sp	n-stacks. ecifica-
22	Fower and Communications	Not selected	-		_		450(est	.) -	-
	It is expected that the proposed co factual findings related to the pos sent the final phase of the current vising assistance and consultation estimates of operation costs, prepa electric plants as requested by ROK	sible construction of new ly conceived power progra services as required, inc ration of specifications	hydro-electric gom. It is current luding responsibilities.	enerating p ly planned lity for pr	lants. Su that the s eparation,	ch plants, cope of th planning,	if constru e contract field work	cted, would will includ , progress	repre- le super- reports,
		Pacific							
	Power and Communications	Bechtel Corp.	May 1954				10,000		



#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS - FOA

# CONFIDENTIAL Country Korea Table 16 Page 2 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FY 1955/1956

			Initial				nousands of		
le			Date of		Actu		THE SAFE.	Estin	
٠.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FI 195
	Industry and Mining (continued)								
2 <b>2</b>	Power and Communications	Not selected	-		-	-	600(est.	.) -	
	The proposed contract relates to e clude preparation of plans, specification diesel electric power generation, South Korea Electric Company, Seou to be completely rehabilitated at to be rehabilitated are at Taejon,	ications, tests of materi transmission and distribu l Electric Company, and t the Yongwol and Tangin-ri	als, and supervis- tion systems, thre he Korea Electric	ion of install ee substations Power Company	ation of n , and for . The ste	ecessary three hes am and el	equipment i avy maintens lectric gene	for thermal ance shops f erating equi	and for the ipment :
23	Manufacturing and Processing	Not selected	_	_	_		7,000		
	It is proposed that the initial co	ntract provide the Govern	ment of the Repub	lic of Korea w	ith comple	te engine	eering and o	construction	ser-
	It is proposed that the initial covices including procurement of mat limited force remaining an addition for (1) the design and establishme and management of the plant, include awarded based upon findings of will be Contractor and Republic of	erials and equipment, for mal twelve months for tra ent of a distribution and ding the training of a Ko National Research Council	a used fertilize ining purposes. marketing system rean staff eventu	r plant. The It is also ant for the urea t ally to take o	project mu icipated to o be produ over comple	st be con hat addit ced in th te contro	mpleted in t tional contr he plant and ol and opera	three years racts will p i (2) the op ation. (3)nt	with a provide peratio tract t
	vices including procurement of mat limited force remaining an addition for (1) the design and establishment and management of the plant, included be awarded based upon findings of	erials and equipment, for mal twelve months for tra ent of a distribution and ding the training of a Ko National Research Council	a used fertilize ining purposes. marketing system rean staff eventu	r plant. The It is also ant for the urea t ally to take o	project mu icipated to o be produ over comple	st be con hat addit ced in th te contro	mpleted in t tional contr he plant and ol and opera	three years racts will p i (2) the op ation. (3)nt	with a provide peration tract to
33	vices including procurement of mat limited force remaining an addition for (1) the design and establishment and management of the plant, include be awarded based upon findings of will be Contractor and Republic of	erials and equipment, for mal twelve months for tra ent of a distribution and ding the training of a Ko National Research Council	a used fertilize ining purposes. marketing system rean staff eventu	r plant. The It is also ant for the urea t ally to take o	project mu icipated to o be produ over comple	st be con hat addit ced in th te contro	mpleted in t tional contr he plant and ol and opera	three years racts will p i (2) the op ation. (3)nt	with a provide peration tract to
	vices including procurement of mat limited force remaining an addition for (1) the design and establishme and management of the plant, include awarded based upon findings of will be Contractor and Republic of Transportation	erials and equipment, for mal twelve months for transit of a distribution and ding the training of a Konational Research Council Korea.  Utah Construction Company  Truction of extensions of Ministry of Transportation of the construction of the co	the Korea Nationa on engineering p	r plant. The It is also ant for the urea t ally to take o ted in Washing	project mu icipated to be producted to be producted. D. C. reen Naeson tters of contact and lia	st be con hat addi- ced in the te control, but sign g-Chalam coordinate ison between	appleted in tional contribe plant and operagnatory part  159  and Songluion arising ween the ROI	three years racts will p i (2) the op ation. (3) n ties to cont  k-Yongwol. from the en K Ministry (	It cal

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS - FOA

# Country Korea Table 16 Page 3 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FY 1955/1956

			Initial		Obligat	ions (In th	ousands of	dollars)	
Code			Date of		Ac	tual		Esti	nated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	<b>FY</b> 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
30	Transportation (continued)								
33	Railways	Not selected	_		-	_	<u>-</u>	120	
	It is anticipated that a contract will structure. The details of this contractor and the R.O.K. Ministry of Tra	act will be determined	vice to the Kores in Washington, I	n National Re	ailways in signatory	revamping parties to	the existi the contr	ng outmoded act will be	rate the Con
36	Ship Operations	Not selected		•	-	_	-	200	_
50	A contract is contemplated under which ments of these ships. (It is expected which the company started such a project parties to the contract will be the co	d that this contract weet in Korea.) The de	ill be similar to tails of this con	that negotiatract will be	ated with	the Pacific	Far East	lines in 19	00 under
	Production 2 or 2 th 2	University							
	Professional and Higher Education	of Minnesota	· _	_	_	_	<b>7</b> 50	-	750
66									750



#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS - FOA

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FY 1955/1956

Country Korea
Table 16 Fage 4
Date November 1, 1954

			Initial		Obligat	ions (In t	housands of		
ode			Date of		Actual FY 1951 FY 1952 FY 1953				imated
0.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	<b>FY</b> 1955	FY 1.95
)	Public Administration								
72	Government-Wide Organization & Ma	nagement Not selected	*					500	
	It is anticipated that a contract office buildings in Seoul and/or tract ultimately made between ROK	U.S. use. It is anticipat							
72	Covernment-Wide Organization & Ma	nagement Aot selected		*	_			700	2,000
	For FY 1955 three contracts for to magnitudes have not yet been determined to the magnitudes have not yet been determined to the second								
	Civil Aviation: Three Civil Avia: Industrial Development: It is ex ROK Government on industrial devetrial projects.	pected that approximately	10 technicians and	d engineers	will const	itute a ce	ntral advis	ory group	
	Miscellaneous Services: A contra- approximately 15 technicians will procurement, contract development For FY 1956 it is proposed that to yet been determined. The details various contracts will be the indi-	advise the Government in , public health administra echnical assistance contra of these respective contr	such fields as man tion, bio-statist acts be financed for acts will be deter	nagement, bud icians, envi: or various t rmined in Was	dget and s ronmental ypes of go shington,	upply, acc sanitation vernment a	ounting, speand communicativities.	ecification icable disc The fields	n writing eases. s have no
76	General Services	King Associates,I	nc. June 25,1954	**	_		250	-	_
	This contract requires contractor an office building and dependent of of Korea and the buildings and pro- contractor to supervise and act a bidding in Korea between the Cont- contract officer.	housing units to be used b operty should revert to th s FOA's representative whe	by OEC or FOA personem upon completion and if construction	onnel. The to of occupand tion occurs.	title to t cy by OEC/ This con	he buildin FOA. The tract was	g will rest contract fu negotiated	with the I rther regulater after compe	Republic ires the etitive
			- 129 <b>-</b>				CUL	DENTIAL	

#### CONFIDENTIAL

## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY, SUB-ACTIVITY, AND FUNDING SOURCE FY 1954 through FY 1956

country Korea

Table 22 Page 1 Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

Code	Activity and		FY 1954			<b>FY 1</b> 955		FY 1956
No.	Sub-activity	Total	FOA/CRIK	UNKRA	Total	FOA/CRIK	UNKRA	FOA
10	Agriculture and Natural Resources	4,204	1,000	3,204	8,787	8,204	<u> 583</u>	9,050
11	Research, Agricultural Education and				1	1		
	Extension	-	-	-	1,104	1,104	-	1,000
12	Land and Water Resources	1,507	-	1,507	4,000	4,000	-	5,500
13		1,001	1,000	1	927	900	27	1,450
14	Agricultural Economics, Farm Organization							
	and Agricultural Credit	50	-	50	-	-	-	-
15	Agricultural Marketing and Processing	-	•	-	2,000	2,000	-	-
16		14	-	14	-	-	-	-
17	Forestry	62	-	62	261	200	61	100
18	Fisheries	1,598	_	1,598	495	-	495	1,000
19	All Other	(28)	-	(28)	-	-	-	•
20	Industry and Mining	76,260	60,682	15,578	22,306	16,130	6,176 2,436	41,900
21		2,627	_	2,627	2,436		2,436	4,500
22	Power and Communications	36,968	36,792	176	9,130	9,130	-	17,400
23	Manufacturing and Processing	36,665	23,890	12,775	10,740	7,000	3,740	5,000
29	All Other	-	-	-	•		-	15,000
30	Transportation	26,405	25,786	619	34,445	34,445	-	21,700
31	Highways	2,447	2,447	-	4,000	4,000	-	5,000
32	Urban Transit and Traffic Engineering	, . -	-	-	1,100	1,100	-	1,100
33		19,991	19,657	334	8,710	8,710	<b>-</b> ,	7,100
34	Port Facilities and Harbor Improvement	3,982	3,682	300	2,500	2,500	-	4,000
35	Inland Waterways	(5)	-	(5)	-	-	, <b>-</b>	
36	Ship Operations	-	_	-	2,725	2,725	-	4,000
37	Air Transport	(10)	_	(10)	310	310	-	· .
39	All Other	(_0)	_	-	15,100	15,100	_	500

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## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY, SUB-ACTIVITY, AND FUNDING SOURCE FY 1954 through FY 1956

Country Korea
Table 22 Page 2
November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars) Code FY 1954 FY 1955 FY 1956 Activity and Sub-activity Total FOA/CRIK UNKRA Total FOA/CRIK UNKRA FOA No.  $\frac{6,145}{3,104}$ Health and Sanitation 3,104 3,104 3,041 50 3,355 52 Environmental Sanitation 53 Health Facilities - Operation of an 639 405 Advisory Services to 639 405 1,000 2,402 2,402 54 Health Training and Education 2,950 2,950 3,005 809 5,750 1,500 60 Education 4,070 1,500 2,570 61 Technical Education 62 Vocational Agriculture Education 60 2,000 64 Elementary Education 845 66 Professional and Higher Education 750 1,500 1,500 2,250 1,289 2,570 2,570 69 All Other 1,291 5,825 5,825 6,500 1,735 1,735 Public Administration 70 71 Organization and Management of Particular 950 4,875 950 4,875 1,500 1,735 1,735 Ministeries or Programs 5,000 79 All Other



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## OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY, SUB-ACTIVITY, AND FUNDING SOURCE FY 1954 through FY 1956

Country Korea
Table 22 Page 3

Date November 1, 1954

Code	Activity and		FY 1954			<b>FY 1</b> 955		<b>FY</b> 1956
No.	Sub-activity	Total	FOA/CRIK	UNKRA	Total	FOA/CRIK	UNKRA	FOA
80	Community Development, Social Welfare							
	and Housing	36,516	31,903	4,613	36,016	_34,066	1,950	8,600
81	Community Development	802	-	802	365	365		1,300
82	Social Welfare	-	-	-	•	-	-	6,300
83	Housing	3,811	-	3,811	1,950		1,950	1,000
89	All Other	31,903	31,903	-	33,701	33,701	-	-
	Technical Support	-	-	-	3,753	3,753	-	3,500
	Total - Activity	154,270	124,962	29,308	120,987	106,353	14,634	100,500
	Maintenance of Civilian Supply	144,829	140,277	4,552	120,527	113,347	7,180	174,500
	Inflation Reserve for Salable Commodities	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,000
	Special Projects			•				
	Operations	2,929	_	2,929	3,000	-	3,000	
	Administration	1,558	-	1,558	1,600	-	1,600	-
	Total	303,586	265,239	38,347	246,114	219,700	26,414	300,000



## FAR EAST AND PACIFIC REGION PROPOSED FY 1956 PROGRAMS



#### PHILIPPINES

OFFICE OF FAR EASTERN OPERATIONS
FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

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#### PROPOSED FY 1956 BUDGET

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Country Philippines
Date November 1, 1954

#### SUMMARY OF OBLIGATIONS BY FUNCTION

	FY 1954 Actual	FY 1955 Estimated	FY 1956 Estimated
Defense Support	14,794 <u>a</u> / <u>b</u> /	12,400	34,025
Technical Cooperation	-	7,300 <u>b</u> /	6,375 <u>b</u> /
Total Obligations	14,794 b/	19,700 <u>b</u> /	40 <b>,</b> 400 <u>b</u> /
Defense Support to be financed by:			
(a) Loans	- -	-	25,000
(b) Grants	14,794	12,400	9,025
Sechnical Cooperation to be financed by:			
(a) Grants		7,300	6,375
Total	14,794	19,700	40,400

a/ Authorized and conducted in FY 1954 as an integrated program including features of Technical Cooperation and Defense Support.

b/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.206 million in FY 1954, \$0.3 million in FY 1955 and \$0.3 million in FY 1956.



#### General Narrative Statement

It is in the interest of the United States to encourage a stable, democratic government in the Philippines with greater capacity to contribute to the mutual defense effort, to increase the economic opportunities for its people, and to become a major force in the creation of a cooperative community of non-communist Asian nations. The basic U.S. objectives bearing on the FOA program are to assist the Philippines to:

- (1) Increase the nation's economic capabilities to participate effectively in the mutual defense effort and, at the same time, achieve a more adequate rate of productive investment without impairing consumption levels.
- (2) Achieve political and social stability, with a concomitant improvement in the general understanding and exercise of the principles of democratic government.

The attainment of these objectives is being retarded by an inadequate rate of domestic capital formation, long-run adverse balance of payments prospects, and a low level of economic activity, which results in unemployment and a lack of economic opportunity for the people.

The FOA program is designed specifically to assist the Philippine Government in removing these obstacles to the attainment of the objectives, and is directed at assisting the Philippine Government to:

(1) Formulate and execute a coordinated economic development program.

- (2) Encourage private investment in productive enterprise, particularly in extractive and manufacturing industries, and foster diversification and expansion of agricultural production.
  - (3) Improve the effectiveness of government operations.

#### General Situation and Effect on FY 1956 Program

Perhaps the most significant feature in the past year in the Philippines, as compared to other Far Eastern countries, has been the relative stability in the country's political and military situation, as well as the absence of significant change in the economic field. The stability in the military and political fields represents a substantial gain. During this period the Huk threat has been reduced largely to a nuisance problem and the favorable political position of President Magsaysay, despite continuing opposition to his program by elements in the Philippine Congress, is encouraging indication of the likelihood of a continuation of a vigorous domestic program which basically coincides with the objectives of the United States in the Philippines.

On the other hand, there has been an absence of significant economic changes. This is indicated in a leveling off in economic activity at an undesirably low point, accompanied by extensive unemployment and underemployment. This period of economic behavior under "normal" conditions has permitted the basic weakness of the Philippine economy to come into sharper focus than ever before. If it is to avoid economic stagnation, with its dangerous political consequences, the country must broaden the base of its exports, diversify its

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#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

agriculture, and expand its extractive and manufacturing industries. This requires an acceleration of investment which it cannot accomplish without external assistance.

The outlook for the Philippines international payments position is not encouraging. The volume of Philippine exports of its principal products is expected to remain fairly stable, but the long-term price trends for these products are not favorable. The consequences may be a continuation of existing trade and exchange restrictions and a general inhibiting influence on economic development.

The frustration of the desire for significant progress in economic development (shared by all of the underdeveloped countries in Free Asia) contains the seed of a possibly serious political problem, particularly in view of the possibility of a revival of the Huk threat and in light of what Filipinos consider to be U.S. commitments to the Philippines for the development of their economy. In this connection, much of the Philippine argument for revision of the Bell Trade Act is based on the need to permit and encourage development of industry in the country.

The program for FY 1956 is essentially designed to meet this need, and U.S. support is proposed at this time because the existence of political stability, together with a slightly deflationary economic condition, provides perhaps the best opportunity for the Philippines to undertake a substantial investment program with a minimum of political or financial disturbances. In this connection, it may be noted that in the past year the Philippine Government for the first time has seriously plunged into the preparation

of a comprehensive five-year economic development program, which provides added assurance of successful utilization of increased U.S. assistance in the investment field.

#### Determination of FY 1956 Aid Level

The principal element in the program for FY 1956, as well as the principal point of departure from previous programs, is the loan component of \$25 million for industrial projects. The grant portion requested (\$6.7 million for technical cooperation and \$9.0 million for defense support) continues support for long-term projects started in earlier years at about the same levels as in FY 1954 and FY 1955. These two segments of the program were determined on the basis of the experience gained in earlier years, both as to the requirements and proven capacity of the Philippines to utilize effectively these kinds and magnitudes of assistance.

The loan component of the program provides assistance in attacking the problem of accelerating the rate of economic development. The level of this component and the nature of the projects are based on plans and priorities prepared by the Philippine National Economic Council and are part of the integrated development program covering a five-year period now being developed by that organization. The Philippine Government has requested this amount on the basis of a total program calling for expanded investment requiring about \$60 million in dollar costs during FY 1956. On the basis of the balance of payments outlook for that year, it is not expected that the Philippine Government could finance more than \$35 million of this fund without reducing the amount of Philippine dollar reserves to a precarious level. Through exchange the property of the property o

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#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

the Philippines have maintained their reserves at about \$300 million, an amount regarded by the Philippine Government as a minimum reserve.

The determination to extend this development assistance on a loan rather than on a grant basis rests on the assumption that loans repayable in local currency will be authorized along the same lines as in P.L. 665. The balance of payments outlook justifies Philippine reluctance to incur large dollar obligations in the immediate future. Deeply engrained Philippine convictions on protecting exchange reserves at present levels are still strong enough to make it inadvisable for the U.S. Government at this time to insist that the Philippines take part of the loan proposed for FY 1956 on a dollar repayment basis. Insistence on dollar repayment would entail not only a risk of dissipating the political benefits to the U.S. underlying the offer of loan assistance benefits for outweighing any financial gains that might accrue to the U.S. - but could result in a slow-down of the development effort which is fundamental to building economic strength.

#### Implementation of Present Program

The present FOA program is being implemented at a rate and in a fashion representing a marked improvement over earlier programs. The operating relations between USOM and the Philippine Government have evolved into a clear and effective pattern, and the Philippine Government has taken over and is continuing many of the programs previously initiated by FOA. As indicated in the program tables, present projects are largely a continuation and consolidation

of programs started in earlier years, and a high degree of administrative competence and financial responsibility on the part of Philippine officials resulting from this experience has facilitated implementation. The pipeline into 1956, expected to be in the same order of magnitude as in the previous year, is essential to the acceleration of the Philippine development effort and does not constitute any serious implementation problem.

#### Local Currency Burden

The Philippine record in financing projects under the FOA program is outstanding in terms of its budgetary contributions. The Philippine Government recognizes in FY 1956 and FY 1957 that it will be subject to severe budgetary strain as a result of the effectuation of an economic development program concomitant with the reorganization and expansion of its defense forces. Nevertheless, it considers that the slack in the economy will permit increases in the money supply without damaging inflationary effects.

The proposed FY 1956 program makes no provision for local currency support of increased Philippine defense activities because of the uncertain state of planning of force goals, both as to size and timing. However, the prospective deficit in the central government budget indicates that unless economic development expenditures are to be curtailed at the same time, an agreed expansion of the Armed Forces of the Philippines would seriously raise the question whether U.S. budgetary support would not be required, in the form of imports of saleable commodities.





#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

In this connection, although the uses of the local currency proceeds have not yet been determined, a preliminary P.L. 480 program is presently under review, contemplating sales totaling \$8 million (\$5 million for rice, \$2 million for dried milk, and \$1 million for cotton). On its own initiative the Philippine Government has informed the United States of its desire to purchase 185,000 tons of rice under P.L. 480, with the proposal that 90 percent of the pesos accruing to the United States be granted to the Philippines to be used for military construction projects. It is extremely uncertain, however, whether the U.S. will include rice in P.L. 480 programs for Southeast Asian countries.

#### Program Trend and U.S. Commitment

Through FY 1955 the U.S. Government will have made available to the Philippines about \$100 million in grant assistance and \$25 million in Eximbank loans, or one-half of the \$250 million total of loans and grants over a five-year period recommended by the Bell Mission and subscribed to by the U.S. Government in the Foster-Quirino Agreement of November 1950. The fact that only half of the assistance envisaged will have been extended in a five-year period arises in large measure from the relatively slow initial rate at which the Philippines have been able to utilize

FOA:0/FE November 9, 1954 foreign aid effectively, and from the strong disinclination of the Philippine Government to increase its external dollar indebtedness.

On the basis of present evidence it is estimated that the remaining \$125 million can be effectively programmed at an accelerated rate over a period of three or four years, beginning in FY 1956. It is anticipated that after FY 1956, there could be a substantial shift toward a reduction in defense support grants and an increase in loans. In the event, however, that increased military costs or other extraordinary financial developments threaten drastically to curtail economic development, it may be necessary to continue substantial grant assistance in order to protect prograss in the economic development field.

Technical cooperation could be reduced after FY 1956 to a level of about \$5 million annually, and loans could be increased to an average of about \$35 million per year. On the basis of experience with the loan component in FY 1956 and in light of balance of payments developments, efforts will be made beginning in FY 1957, to negotiate with the Philippine Government a shift in the loan component from local currency to dollar repayments, with the target of eliminating local currency repayment loans by the end of FY 1959.



#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country Philippines
Table 1 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

					Project A	ssistance	
Act.	Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
NO.	AC CIVICY		OOMMON TO TOO				
1. Agricu	ulture and Natural Resources						
	954	3,931	(10)	2,749	382	364	446
	955	4,295	-	3,496	228	421	150
	956	3,885	-	3 <b>,</b> 150	203	532	-
	try and Mining		(161)	73	51	236	(153)
	954	46	(101)		72	250 97	270
	955	7,945	5,000	2,506	235	330	775
19	956	28,890	25,000	2,550	237	<b>55</b> 0	113
3. Trans	portation						
	954	4,966	(2)	4,563	62	243	100
	955	2,245	•	2,135	57	53	<b>\-</b>
	956	2,815	-	2,500	75	240	-
4. Labor				_	98	73	175
	954	346	-	-	94	66	
	955	160	-	<b>-</b>	154	91	_
19	956	245	<b>-</b> .	-	1,74	7-	
	h and Sanitation 954	3 /80	_	1,113	147	219	-
		1,479	_	1,237	395	173	
	955	1,805	_	1,815	205	195	_
	956	2,215	_	1,01)	~~,	_//	
6. Educa	<u>tion</u> 954	2 /44	_	1,252	574	152	510
	955	2,488	-	502	432	176	450
10	956	1,560	-	265	225	180	420
_	,,,,	1,090				C. PUENT	<u>IAL</u>

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country Philippines
Table 1 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

				Project A	ssistance		
Act. No. Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	
7. Public administration							
1954	1,682	-	291	222	269	900	
1955	1,615	-	348	186	292	789	
1956	1,170	-	102	163	330	575	
8. Community Development, Social Welfare and	Housing						
1954	(9)	_	(9)	_	-	_	
1955	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1956	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9. General and Miscellaneous							
1954	(135)	(146)	11	_	-	_	
1955	75	-	-	-	<b>7</b> 5	-	
1956	90	-	-	-	90	-	
Total Country Program							
1954	14 <b>,7</b> 94	(319)	10,043	1,536	1,556	1,978	
1955	19,700	5,000	10,224	1,464	1,353	1,659	
1956	40,400	25,000 <del>2</del> /	10,382	1,260	1,988	1,770	

<sup>( )</sup> Net deobligations during FY 1954 applicable to prior fiscal years! obligations.



a/ To be provided on a loan basis.

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### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT

Country Philippines
Table 3 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

					Project A	ssistance	
Act.	Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources		(20)		200	2/1	11/
	1954	3,931	(10)	2,749	382	364	446
	1955	2,840	-	2,840	-	-	-
	1956	2,900	-	2,900	-	-	-
2.	Industry and Mining						/ - · · · ·
	1954	46	(161 <b>)</b>	73	51	236	(153 <b>)</b>
	1955	7 <b>,</b> 425	5,000	2,425	-	-	-
	1956	27,000	5,000 b/ 25,000 b/	2,000		-	-
3.	Transportation						
	1954	4 <b>,</b> 966	(2)	4 <b>,</b> 563	62	243	100
	1955	2,135	-	2,135	-	-	-
	1956	2,500	-	2,500	-	-	-
4.	Labor						
	1954	346	-	-	98	73	<b>1</b> 75
	1955	-	-	<b>-</b>	-	-	-
	1956	-	-	-	-	· <del>-</del>	-
5.	Health and Sanitation						
	1954	1,479	-	1,113	147	219	-
	1955	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1956	1,625	-	1,625	· -	-	-
6.	Education			3 050	57	152	510
	1954	2 <b>,</b> 488	-	1 <b>,2</b> 52	574	152	210
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	_	-	-	-

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT &

Country Philippines Table 3 Page 2 Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

				Project Assistance			
ct. No.	Activity	Total	Non-Project Assistance Commodities	Commodities	<u>Participants</u>	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technician
7 Dubli	administration						
	954	1,632	-	291	222	269	900
	955	_	-	-	-	-	-
195		-	-	-	-	-	-
	nity Development, Social Welfa	re and Housing					
	954	(9)	-	(9)	-	-	-
195		-	-	-	-	-	-
19	956	-	-	-	-	-	-
	al and Miscellaneous	(305)	(246)	11			
	954	(135)	(146)	11	-	-	<b>-</b>
195 195		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Country Program						
	954	14,794	(319)	10,043	1 <b>,</b> 536	1 <b>,</b> 556	1,978
19	955	12,400	5,000	7,400	-	-	-
19	956	34,025	25,000b	9,025	-	-	-

To be provided on a loan basis.



Net deobligations during FY 1954 applicable to prior fiscal years' obligations.
Authorized and conducted in FY 1954 as an integrated program including features of Technical Cooperation and Defense Support.

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#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country Philippines
Table 5 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

				Project	Assistance	1				
Act.		Total	Commodities	Partic <b>i</b> p <b>a</b> nts	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians				
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources									
	1954	-	-	-	-	-				
	1955	1,455	6 <b>56</b>	228	421	150				
	1956	985	250	203	532	-				
2.	Industry and Mining									
	1954	-	<b>-</b>	-	-	· <b>-</b>				
	1955	520	81	72	9 <b>7</b>	270				
	1956	1,890	550	235	330	775				
3.	Transportation									
	1954	-	-	-	-	-				
	1955	110	-	57 75	53.	-				
	1956	315	-	75	240	-				
4.	Labor									
• -	1954	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-				
	1955	160	_	94	66	-				
	1956	245	-	154	91	-				
5.	Health and Sanitation									
	1954	-	-	<b>-</b> ·	-	-				
		1,805	1,237	395	173	-				
	1956	590	190	205	195	-				
	1955	1,805 590	1,237 190	395 205	173 195	:				

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#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country Philippines
Table 5 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

(In	thous	ands	$\mathbf{of}$	doll	ars)

ect Assistance U.S. Employed Technicians - 176 180	Contract Service Technicians - 450 420
180	450
180	450
180	450 420
180	420
_	
_	
-	-
292	789
330	575
-	_
-	_
-	-
-	-
75	-
90	-
-	-
1,353	1,659
1.988	1,770
	75 90

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NON-PROJECT ASSISTANCE: COMMODITY BREAKDOWN OF OBLIGATIONS - ALL FUNCTIONS - FY 1956

Country Philippines

Table 6

Date November 1, 1954

	(In	thousands o	of dollars)			Δ.	100	nber 1, 1774
		I	Y 1955 Est	imated		FY-1950	6 Estimated	d
	FY					Direct		
	1954		Defense	Technical		Forces	Defense	Technical
Commodity Detail	Actual	Total	Support	Cooperation	Total	Support	Support	Cooperation
Agricultural Commodities	_	_	<b>-</b> ,	<b>-</b>	<del>.</del>		<del>-</del>	· . <del></del>
Fertilizer	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Food	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Petroleum Products								
Raw Materials and Semi-Finished Products	(21)	<del>-</del>	_	-	1,500	_	1,500	_
Iron & Steel Mill Materials & Products					1,000		1,000	
Medicinal & Pharmaceutical Preparations	(21)	_	-	-	´ <b>-</b>	-	´ <b>-</b>	-
Pesticides	· -	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Other	-	-	-	-	500	-	500	-
Machinery and Vehicles	(152)	5,000	5,000	<u> </u>	20,500		20,500	
Construction, Mining & Conveying Equipment	(92)	400	400	-	8,000	-	8,000	_
Electrical Apparatus, Generators & Motors	(6)	1,000	1,000	-	6,000	-	6,000	-
Industrial Machinery	(42)	3,000	3,000	-	5 <b>,</b> 500	-	5 <b>,</b> 500	-
Tractors (non-agricultural)	. <del>.</del>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor Vehicles, Engines & Parts	(2)	400	400	-	500	-	500	-
Agricultural Machinery	(10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other including technical services	-	200	200	-	500	-	500	-
Miscellaneous	(146)		_		3,000		3,000	
Scientific and Professional Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Misc. Iron & Steel Manufactures	-	-	-		2 <b>,</b> 500	<b>-</b> ,	2,500	-
Misc. Commodities for Ed. & Scientific Use	-	-	-	<u> -</u>	-	-	-	-
Other (incl. ocean freight, n.e.c.)	(146)	_		_	500		500	
Total	(319)	5 <b>,</b> 000	5,000	-	25 <b>,</b> 000	_	25,000	-

<sup>( )</sup> Indicates net deobligations during FY 1954 applicable to prior fiscal years! obligations.

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#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

(In millions of dollars)

Country Philippines

Table 7
Date November 1, 1954

					Project Assistance				
Fiscal Year	Total <u>a</u> /	Non-Project Assistance Commodities		Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians		
1954		Capital <u>Goods</u>	Soft <u>Goods</u>						
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	28.8 14.8 43.6 20.1 23.5	1.4 (0.3) 1.1 0.8 0.3	- - - -	25.1 10.0 35.1 17.5 17.6	0.6 1.6 2.2 0.2 2.0	0.4 1.5 1.9 1.2 0.7	1.3 2.0 3.3 0.4 2.9		
<u>1955</u>							<b>\$</b> -		
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	23.5 19.7 43.2 21.3 21.9	0.3 4.8 5.1 0.7 4.4	- - - -	17.6 10.9 28.5 15.9 12.6	2.0 1.2 3.2 1.7 1.5	0.7 1.1 1.8 1.5 0.3	2.9 1.7 4.6 1.5 3.1		
<u>1956</u>									
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	21.9 40.4 62.3 26.2 36.1	4.4 25.0 <u>a</u> / 29.4 9.4 20.0	- - - -	12.6 10.4 23.0 10.7 12.3	1.5 1.3 2.8 1.2 1.6	0.3 1.9 2.2 2.1 0.1	3.1 1.8 4.9 2.8 2.1		

a/ Represents the \$25 million Defense Support Loan component of the FY 1956 Program.



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#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT

Country Philippines
Table 9
Date November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

					Project Ass	istance	
Fiscal Year	Total	Non-Pro Assista Commod	ance	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
<u>1954</u> <u>a</u> /		Capital Goods	Soft Goods				
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	28.8 14.8 43.6 20.1 23.5	1.4 (0.3) 1.1 0.8 0.3	- - - -	25.1 10.0 35.1 17.5 17.6	0.6 1.6 2.2 0.2 2.0	0.4 1.5 1.9 1.2 0.7	1.3 2.0 3.3 0.4 2.9
<u>1955</u>							
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	23.5 12.4 35.9 19.6 16.3	0.3 4.8 5.1 0.7 4.4	- - - -	17.6 8.1 25.7 15.6 10.1	2.0 (0.2) 1.8 1.5 0.3	0.7 (0.3) 0.4 0.3 0.1	2.9 - 2.9 1.5 1.4
<u>1956</u>							
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	16.3 34.0 50.3 19.0 31.3	4.4 25.0 <u>b</u> / 29.4 9.4 20.0	- - - -	10.1 9.0 19.1 8.2 10.9	0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1	1.4 1.4 1.1 0.3

a/ The FY 1954 program was authorized and conducted as an integrated program, including features of Technical Cooperation and Defense Support.

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b/ Represents the \$25 million Defense Support Loan component of the FY 1956 program.

#### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country Philippines Table 11 Date November 1.

(In hundreds of thousands of dollars)

					Project Assi	istance	
Fiscal Year	Total	Non-Pro Assista Commodi	ince	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
<u>1954</u>	eggenggander gebreite inn verk van de gebreite verk verk van de gebreite van de gebreite van de gebreite van d	Capital Goods	Soft Goods				
Unliquidated obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New obligations a	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total available	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	-	-	-	-	Ξ	-	-
<u>1955</u>							
Unliquidated obligations	-	-	-	-	. <del>.</del>	. <del>.</del>	
New obligations	7.3	-	-	2.8	1.4	1.4	1.7
Total available	7.3 1.7	-	-	2.8 0.3	1.4 0.2	1.4 1.2	1.7
Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	5.6	-	-	2.5	1.2	0.2	1.7
<u>1956</u>							
Unliquidated obligations	5.6	-	-	2.5	1.2	0.2	1.7
New obligations	6.4	-	-	1.4	1.3	1.9	1.8
Total available	12.0	-	-	3.9	2.5	2.1	3.5
Expenditures	7.2	-	-	2.5	1.0	2.0	1.7
Unliquidated obligations	4.8	-	-	1.4	1.5	0.1	1.8

a/ The FY 1954 program was authorized and conducted as an integrated program, including features of Technical Cooperation and Defense Support.



# Country Philippines Table 12 Date November 1, 1954

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF PARTICIPANTS OBLIGATED BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND 9 ACTIVITIES

		FY 195	4		FY 195	5		FY 1956		
Activity	Total	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	Total	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	Total	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	
1. Agriculture and Natural Resources	98	-	98	73	-	73	62	-	62	
2. Industry and Mining	13	-	13	30	-	30	76	-	76	
3. Transportation	19	-	19	17	-	17	19	-	19	
4. Labor	24	-	24.	30	-	30	42	-	42	
5. Health and Sanitation	34	-	34	79	-	79	37	-	37	
6. Education	116	-	116	88	-	88	45	-	45	
7. Public Administration	62	-	62	50	-	50	47	-	47	
8. Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	-	-	-	-	-	· ·	-	-	-	
9. General and Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	366	-	366	367	-	367	328	-	328	

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - STATISTICS ON PARTICIPANTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country Philippines
Table 13 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

		Acti	ual	Estim	
		FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
Funding (In thousands of	dollars)				
Programs New obligations Expenditures		500 500	1,536 1,536 200	1,464 1,464 1,700	1,260 1,260 1,300
Unliquidated obligations end of FY		600	1,936	1.700	1,660
Numbers					
1951 and 1952 Programs	Arrivals	75	1	_	_
In training or in process	Departures In Training	48 35	35 1	1 -	-
1953 Program					
Target Obligated Arrivals Departures In training		121 121 17 4 13	xxx xxx 101 46 68	xxxx xxxx 3 71 1	xxx xxx xxx 1
1954 Program					
Target Obligated Arrivals Departures In training		XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX	366 366 39 12 27	xxx xxx 271 180 118	xxx xxx 28 118 28
			27	118	28 FTILTUTIAL

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - STATISTICS ON PARTICIPANTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country	Philippines
Table	13 Page 2
Date	November 1, 1954

ACUU	al	Estin	Estimated		
FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956		
xxx	XXX	367	xxx		
xxx	xxx		XXX		
xxx	XXX				
xxx					
xxx	XXX	90	137		
xxx	xxx	XXX	328		
xxx	xxx	XXX			
жx	XXX	XXX			
XXX	XXX		50		
xxxx	XXX	XXX	120		
17	140	384	455		
4	58	271	378		
13	95	209	285		
	XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

CONFIDENTIAL

Country Philippines
Table 14 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

	<del></del>	FY 1954		· <del></del> _	FY 1955			FY 1956	
activity and Personnel Category	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
1. Agriculture and Natural Resources									
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	22 23 <b>-</b> 1/2	22 23 <b>-</b> 1/2	-	38 28	- -	38 28	35 3 <b>5-1/</b> 2	-	35 35 <b>-</b> 1/2
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	9 42	9 42	<u>-</u>	16 4	- -	16 4	16 -	<del>-</del>	16
2. Industry and Mining								•	
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	9 11 <b>-</b> 3/4	9 11 <b>-</b> 3/4	- -	20 5	<u>-</u>	20 5	16 22	-	16 22
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	1	- 1	-	6 4 <b>-</b> 1/2	- -	6 4 <b>-</b> 1/2	21 19 <b>-</b> 1/2	- -	21 19 <b>-</b> 1/2
3. Transportation									
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	14 17	14 17	-	18 3 <b>-</b> 1/2	-	18 3 <b>-</b> 1/2	16 16	- -	16 16
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	- 3-1/2	- 3-1/2	-	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	<b>-</b>	- -	<u>.</u>
			- 152 -				COM		

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## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

Country Philippines
Table 14 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

	FY 1954	Technical			Technical			m , • ·
Total	Defense Support	Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Coopera-	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
10021	Виррого	01011	10041	Dasion			33773	
					,	,		4
6	6	-	4-1/2	-	4-1/2	6	-	6 6
			,		,	,		4
<b>-</b> 8	8	-	<del>-</del>	-	-	-	-	-
			3.5		7.5	10		10
9 11-3/4	9 11-3/4	-	15 11 <b>-</b> 1/2	-	11-1/2	13	-	12 13
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
					- 4	2.5		7.5
		-	16	-	16	15	-	15 17
11	11	-	11-3/4		11-3/4	17	-	1.7
_			200		20	20		28
	-		30 25 2/4	•	)∪ 25 2//		<u>-</u>	26 25
25	-	25	25 <b>-</b> 5/4	-	47 <b>-</b> 3/4	2)	<del>-</del>	2)
						(10)		
	70tal 3 6 - 8 9 11-3/4 - -	3 3 6 6 8 8 8 8 9 9 11-3/4 11-3/4 11-3/4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	3 3 - 6 6 8 8 8 - 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	3 3 - 6 4-1/2  - 8 - 4 - 4 - 1/2  - 9 11-3/4 11-3/4 - 15 11-1/2	3 3 - 6 - 4-1/2 8 8 - 15	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

Country Philippines
Table 14 Page 3
Date November 1, 1954

			FY 1954			FY 1955			FY 1956	
activity and Personnel Category		Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
7. Public Administration										
U.S. Employees - U.S. Na Positions filled end of Man Years obligated du	f FY	21 25 <b>-</b> 1/2	21 25 <b>-</b> 1/2	- -	22 19 <b>-</b> 1/2	<u>-</u>	22 19 <b>-</b> 1/2	20 22	-	20 22
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of Man Years obligated du		31 44 <b>-</b> 1/2	31 44 <b>-</b> 1/2	:	40 31	- -	40 31	8 13	-	8 13
Total Positions filled end of Man Years obligated		137 230 <b>-</b> 1/2	129 205 <b>-1/</b> 2	8 25	231 149	-	23 <b>1</b> 149	198 190	<u>-</u>	198 190



## PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF FIELD PROGRAM PERSONNEL FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ACTIVITIES

Country Philippines
Table 15
Date November 1, 1954

		ual	Estima	ated
	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
A. Funding (Obligations)				
(In thousands of dollars)				
U.S. Employees:				
Programs	2,212	3,533	3,012	3 <b>,</b> 768
U.S. Technicians:	1,267	1,555	1,353	1,998
Full time	1,267	1,555	1,353	1,998
Temporary and Parttime		· <u>-</u>	· -	_
Contract technicians (Incl. incidental costs)	945	1,978	1,659	1,770 .
Total obligations	2,212	3,533	3,012	3,768
B. Numbers				
U.S. Employees:				
Total Target	121	137	231	198
U.S. Technicians:			_	
Full time				
Positions filled end of FY	107	89	135	121
Man Years (obligations) Temporary and parttime	96	106 1/2	85 1/4	132 1/4
Positions filled end of FY	_	<b>-</b>		_
Man Years (obligations)	-		-	· -
Contract technicians:				
Positions contracted for during FY		_,	60 = 1	۲۵
(disregarding length of stay)	20	74	68 3/4	52
Positions filled end of FY	1/4	48	96	77 77 2 4
Man Years (obligations)	36	124	64 1/4	57 3/4
Totals:	202	1 27	231	198
Positions filled end of FY	121	137	149 1/2	190
Man Years (obligations)	132	230 1/2	149 1/2	190

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

# Country Philippines Table 16 Page 1 November 1, 1954

### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955, OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956 8/

			Initial		Obligati	ons (In the	ousands of	dollars)	
ode			Date of		Ac	tual		Esti	mated
o.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	<b>FY 1</b> 951	FY 1952	<b>FY</b> 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	<b>FY</b> 19
	Agriculture and Natural Resources								
11	College of Agriculture	Cornell University	July 1, 1952	_	225	-	526		-
	assist the College in the rehabili contract on July 1, 1954, to provi- very successful in improving the q installation and use of equipment in the quarterly Narrative Report At the present, there are 10 staff	de for 14 staff-advisers uality of instruction at provided under the FOA pr for the period April 1, 1	and the contract pe the College, aiding ogram. A thorough 954, to June 30, 19	riod was ex in develop summary of a	tended to ing the ne accomplish ed to FOA/	June 30, 19 cessary pho ments unde: W on Augus	957. The piysical plan r this cont t 31, 1954,	roject has t and in th ract is inc as TOUSFO	been e luded A-205.
	one before the end of 1954. Corne							an addition	8T
		ll University is permitte							<b>a</b> 1
41	one before the end of 1954. Corne							88 88	



#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

## Country Philippines Table 16 Page 2 November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955, OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956 a

			Initial		<b>O</b> bligati	ons (In th	ousands of	dollars)	
ode			Date of		Ac	tual		Esti	nated
lo	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	<b>FY</b> 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 195
)	Education								
	And the second s	U. S. Teaching							
61	Vocational Industrial Training	Institution	Proposed				-	255	120
	The purpose of this proposed contractrial arts teachers. The plan, to byear. The three-year contract (from Public Schools, with the work being Public Schools and Iloilo or Cebu th	e developed in the field, May 1, 1955, to April 30, concentrated at the Philip	will call for a 1958) would be	team of 8 me between some	n the fire outstand	st year, 9	the second college and	year, and the Bureau	4 the th
62	Vocational Agricultural Training	U.S. Teaching Inst.	Proposed	-	-	_	-	150	300
	This proposed contract between a qua		e in the United	States and t	he Philip	pine Burea	u of Public	Schools wo	uld
	provide a team of three men for thre will probably be Central Luzon Agric to improve the quality of teacher edculture departments in 300 high scho	ultural College, Mindanao ucation for the staffs (pr	Agricultural Colesent and future	lege, and Ba	ybay Agri ols of vo	cultural S cational a	chool. The griculture	purpose wo	nools uld be i-
66	will probably be Central Luzon Agric to improve the quality of teacher ed	ultural College, Mindanao ucation for the staffs (pr	Agricultural Colesent and future	lege, and Ba	ybay Agri ols of vo	cultural S cational a	chool. The griculture	purpose wo	nools uld be i-

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

#### Country Table

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Philippines 16 Page 3 Date November 1, 1954

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955, OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956 a/

			Initial		Obligati	ons (In th	ousands of	dollars)	
Code			Date of			tual		ant firm of Bo cords management ing these reconsisting the Bure ting up training	mated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	<b>FY</b> 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
70	Public Administration								
71	Bureau of Lands Mcdernization	Booz, Allen, & Hamilton	July 17, 1954	_		420			_
	land patent issuances, verificate dations to improve the operation in installing recommended equipment programs, and assisting in the determinant of the determinant	ion of surveys, equipment nee of this Bureau. Additionall ent procedures, rendering pro	ds, office proced y, the contractor fessional counsel	ures and (b) will take p for Bureau	) preparing primary rem managemen	g a report sponsibili t, assisti	summarizin ty in assis ng in setti	g these rec ting the Bu ng up train	ommen- reau ing
	17, 1953, is scheduled to termina quently, 3 additional people were specify the overhead allowance processary overhead allowance.	ate on December 31, 1955. The added to the field staff and	e contract provide d there are curre	ed for three ntly 5 peopl	e people to Le oper <b>a</b> tio	o initiall	y survey the	e problem. contract d	Subse-
73	17, 1953, is scheduled to termina quently, 3 additional people were specify the overhead allowance page 17.	ate on December 31, 1955. The added to the field staff and rovided the contractor but me	e contract provide d there are curre	ed for three ntly 5 peopl	e people to Le oper <b>a</b> tio	o initiall	y survey the	e problem. contract d	Subse-

for the installation of new procedures.

#### NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

#### OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955, OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956 a/

C TITISEAUIT AT

Country Table Philippines 16 Page 4

ate November 1, 1954

<del></del>			Initial		Obligati	ons (In th	ousands of	dollars)	
Code			Date of			tual		Esti	mated
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	<b>FY</b> 1955	FY 1956
74	Modernization of Budgeting and Accounting	Booz, Allen, & Hamilton	July 1, 1954	-	<u></u>	-	245	350	500
	This contract between the Philip Philippine Government in modern agencies, by (a) assisting in the installing of procedures designed cedures, (c) assisting in the in the preparation of material be assigned in the field. Five on the basis of his normal per of June 30, 1955, with provision for Washington.	izing the budgetary, accounting implementation of the received to coordinate the allotting interaprovement of existing interaprovement of existing interaprovement of existing interaprovement of existing interaprovement of the proposed legislation technicians are presently in the diem billing rate, which inclined	ng, and auditing p ntly emacted "Perf g, accounting, and gency accounting p revising current the Philippines. udes salary, overh	ractices of ormance Budg disbursing ractices, ar accounting suffices are contracted, and feed, and feed	the Phili get Bill," of funds nd (d) con statutes. et provide e. The co	ppine Gove (b) couns in conform sulting wi The contr s that the ntract is	rnment, its elling in tance with n the gene act provide contractor scheduled t	department he developm ew budgetin ral auditin s that 5 te shall be r o terminate	s and ent and g pro- g office chnicians eimbursed on
77	Institute of Fublic Alministrat	ion University of Michigan	June 15, 1952	•	170	_	270	_	
	This is a contract between the U of the Philippines establish an public administration, and in the training courses for government training in public administration maintenance of a public administration years of consultant services. If the staff members are presented allowance of 40%	Institute of Fuelic Administ the preparation and issuance of management personnel, (c) property, (d) assisting in the deve tration library. The contract This contract has been amended sently in the field. This co	ration by (a) prover publications for coviding guidance is lopment of training to originally provided and now provided ntract, which is s	iding direct general dis n the development of the development of the for a maximacheduled to	tion and a stribution orment of and (e) a all-time t num of 12 terminate	ssistance, (b) cond the Instit ssisting i echnicians persons, i on or abo	in research ucting semiute as a Renthe establand an avencluding cout June 30,	on problem nars and in gional Cent lishment an rage of 1 1 nsultants.	s of -service er for d /2 man Seven

a/ Excludes contracts for which less than \$250,000 will be obligated.

## STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

Country Philippines
Table 17 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

COMPLETED FATTE

(In thousand	s of dollars and dollar equiv	alents)	
	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
A. Deposit Accruals:			
I. Commensurate basis			
Balance of accruals carried forward	2,231	746	1,000
U.S. aid furnished	18,983	21,300	17,600
Loan repayments	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Total	21,214	22,046	18,600
Less: Deposit waived	1,748	3,646	3,500
Deposit deferred	-	-	•
Total	1,748	3,646 <u>a</u> /	3,500
Total requirements for deposit:	19,466	18,400	15,100
II. Sales proceeds:	-	-	-
U.S. aid furnished	(784)*	(700)*	(4,400)*
Estimated sales proceeds, incl. carryover	784	700	4 <b>,</b> 400 <u>b</u> /
III. Other (specify)	None	None	None
Total Deposit Accruals	20,250	19,100	19,500
Deposit Account Transactions:			
Balance carried forward	13,328	10,787	527
Actual deposits against above requirements: c/			
I. Commensurate basis	18,465	17,500	14,300
II. Sales proceeds	1,039	700	4,400
III. Other (specify)	None	None	None
Total	32,832	28,987	19,227
Less transfers for U.S. use	847	900	927
Balance available for withdrawals	31,985	28,087	18,300



## STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

Table Philippines
Table 17 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousand	is of dollars and dollar equiva	lents)	Date November 1, 1774
	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
<pre>C. Expenditures (actual withdrawals): By 9 activities:</pre>			
<ol> <li>Agriculture and Natural Resources</li> <li>Industry and Mining</li> <li>Transportation</li> <li>Iabor</li> <li>Health and Sanitation</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Public Administration</li> <li>Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing</li> <li>General and Miscellaneous</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Total Expenditures</li> </ol>	8,634 1,802 3,485 37 1,929 2,175 1,537 662 937	9,859 2,082 d/ 8,170 63 399 2,321 1,934 288 2,444 27,560	3,300 4,640 d/ 6,250 130 300 630 2,500
D. Disbursements by Cooperating Government By 9 activities:			
<ol> <li>Agriculture and Natural Resources</li> <li>Industry and Mining</li> <li>Transportation</li> <li>Iabor</li> <li>Health and Sanitation</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Public Administration</li> <li>Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing</li> <li>General and Miscellaneous</li> </ol>	9,413 1,785 2,948 1 1,498 1,833 1,674 1,161	9,900 3,000 4,000 35 500 2,000 1,500 500 1,500	7,650 1,500 4,000 50 350 1,000 500 100 500
Other Total Disbursements	21,250 9/	22 <b>,</b> 935 <b>9</b> /	15,650 <b>9/</b>

## Country Philippines Table 17 Page 3 Date November 1, 1954

### STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

- a/ This increase in estimated payments waiving counterpart deposit in FY 1955 is the result of an anticipated increase in expenditures for unliquidated and new obligations in FY 1955 for participants and U.S. technicians, since these obligations will now be accrued and disbursed on a monthly basis.
- b/ Excludes non-project Defense Support assistance provided in FY 1956 on a loan basis.
- c/ Two Philippine Pesos equal one U.S. Dollar.
- \$0.7 million is included in FY 1955 and \$4.4 million in FY 1956 to be derived from sales proceeds of equipment and machinery imports to be used for essential industrial development projects. The use of this counterpart in FY 1955 (\$0.6 million) has not been included as a part of the FY 1955 counterpart program.
- e/ Includes \$3.6 million transferred to trust funds and sub-accounts in FY 1954, \$2.9 million in FY 1955, and \$650,000 in FY 1956.
- \* Information, not added in.

#### TATOMICS

#### GENERAL CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE

Country	Philippin	nes
Table_	19	24.78
Date_	November	1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: \$1 = 2 pesos

(Millions of dollar equivalents)

	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956 a/
Revenue b/				
Income taxes Other taxes	58 <b>.</b> 8 251 <b>.</b> 1	54.1 267.8	59.6 274.5	62 <b>.</b> 5 282 <b>.</b> 5
Profits on Government enterprises Special account (FOA counterpart) Other foreign grants	13.7	23.0	26 <b>.</b> 9	23.0
Other revenues	36.4	29.7	29.0	30.4
TOTAL REVENUE	360.0	374.6	390.0	398.4
xpenditures				
National defense Other Adjustment (FY 1955) <u>c</u> /	91.8 258.0	88.1 302.7 -	85.6 435.4 (88.0)	90.0 387.1 -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	349.8	390.8	433.0	477.1
Deficit or Surplus	10.2	16.2	43.0	78.7

a/ This estimate was prepared subsequent to receipt of the Philippine Government's loan request and takes into account the effects of a proposed FY 1956 loan program. For FY 1956 it was assumed that prices would remain unchanged from calendar year 1954, that economic activity would increase moderately from FY 1955, and that tax administration would become increasingly effective.

Represents USOM estimate of difference between appropriations and amounts expected to be authorized for expenditure by the budgeting authorities.



b/ Excludes receipts from borrowings and payment for debt redemption.

#### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

Country Philippines
Table 20 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: \$1.00 = 2 Pesos

(Millions	of dollar	equivalents)					
	CY	1953	CY 1954	CY	1955	FY	1956

	CY 1953	CY 1954	CY 1955	FY 1956
A. Goods and Services				
Exports	385.9	378.1	361.4	361.4
Imports	-499.8	-508.4	-476.1	-487.5
Trade Balance	-113.9	-130.3	-114.7	-126.1
Non-Monetary gold movement (net)	16.8	14.0	14.0	14.0
Foreign travel	-10.2	-10.2	-10.2	-10.2
Transportation and insurance	-47•7	-49.3	<b>-</b> 45.2	-44.8
Investment income	-34.6	<b>-</b> 34 <b>.</b> 6	-34.6	-34.6
Government n.i.e.	134.2	139.7	131.7	131.7
Sub-Total, Current Account	-55•4	-70.7	-59.0	-70.0
B. Private Financing				
Remittances	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Direct Investment	9.8	29.6	29.6	29.6
Other	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0
			10.4	48.6
Total Private Financing	28.8	48.6	48.6	40.0
C. Net Errors and Omissions	-3.3	-	-	-
D. Surplus (/) or Deficit (-) A through C	-29.9	-22.1	-10.4	-21.4

#### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

Table Philippines

Table 20 Page 2

November 1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: \$1.00 = 2 Pesos

#### (Millions of dollar equivalents)

	CY 1953	CY 1954	CY 1955	FY 1956
• Official Financing				
<pre>1. Donations     Grants from U.S.     Other</pre>	21.9	19.4	20.0	26.0
Total Donations	21.9	19.4	20.0	26.0
2. Long-Term Capital Loan repayments Loans from U.S. Loans from IBRD Other	-9.6 7.7 -	-9.6 12.3 -	-9.6 - - -	-9.6 5.0 -
Total Long-Term Capital	-1.9	2.7	<b>-</b> 9 <b>.</b> 6	-4.6
3. Short-Term Capital Change in reserves (increase -) Monetary gold (increase -) Other	10.1	- -	- - -	=
Total Short-Term Financing	<b>≠</b> 9•9	-	-	-
Total Official Financing $(1 \neq 2 \neq 1)$	3) 29.9	22.1	10.4	21.4
Memorandum on Reserves Status, end of period:				
Gold and dollars Sterling Other	296 <b>.</b> 0 - -	296 <b>.</b> 0 - -	296 <b>.</b> 0 - -	296.0 - -

#### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

CONFIDEN	TAIT
Country	Philippines
Table	20 Page 3
Date	November 1, 1954

#### Forecasting Assumptions

The general assumptions on which the estimates were based are:

- (1) The October 1954 export price levels for most major Philippine exports will prevail through FY 1956.
- (2) The government will manage its import policy with a view to maintenance of the present level of foreign exchange reserves, even though this policy would lead to some decline in the total value of imports which would prevent the accomplishment of many high priority investment projects.
- (3) The estimated calendar year 1954 level of private foreign investment (a level substantially higher than in previous years) is assumed to continue through FY 1956.
- (4) It is assumed that there will be no inflow of public capital apart from FOA assistance.

In addition, no allowance in the balance of payments forecast has been made for the possible effects of current negotiations with the United States on the Bell Trade Agreement revisions and with Japan on reparations payments.



#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

(In thousands of dollars)

Country	Philippin	nes	
Table	22 Page		
Date	November	1,	1954

		EV 105//		TW 1055				ember 1, 17,74
Code	Activity and	FY 1954 a		FY 1955			FY 1956	
No.	Sub-activity	Total	m-+-1	Defense	Technical		Defense	Technical
	Dab-activity	10081	Total	Support	Cooperation	Total	Support	Cooperation
10	Egriculture and Natural Resources	3,941	4.295	2,840	1,455	2 005	2 000	0.07
11	Research, Agricultural Education and	23.2-1	315/2	21040	±1422	3.885	2,900	985
	Extension	818	247	_	247	316		21/
12	Land and Water Resources	1,243	2,937	2,540	397	2,698	2 / 00	316
13	Crop and Livestock Development	1,397	249	~ , ,,40	249	2,098 99	2,400	298 99
14	Agricultural Economics, Farm Organization	-,,,,	~~,		247	77	-	99
	and Agricultural Credit	92	75	_	75	141	_	141
15	Agricultural Marketing and Processing	398	463	300	163	527	500	27
16	Home Economics and Rural Youth	<u>b</u> /	<u>b</u> /	_	_	) b/	700	~1
17	Forestry	(51)	188	_	188	<u>3</u> 6	_	36
18	Fisheries	-	91	_	91	13	_	13
19	All Other	44	45	-	45	55	-	55
50	Industry and Mining	207	2.945	2,425	520	3.890	2,000	1.890
21	C	104	327	200	127	504	-	504
22	Power and Communications	12	2,400	2,225	175	2,346	2,000	346
23	Manufacturing and Processing	3	-	-	-	-	´ <b>-</b>	-
24		-	-	, <del>-</del>	•	-	<u>-</u>	-
25	Engineering and Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Marketing and Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Industrial Management	38	218	-	218	565	-	565
28	Industrial Training	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	All Other	50	-	-	-	475	-	475
30	Transportation	4.968	2,245	2.135	110	2.815	2,500	315
31	• •	4,642	908	870	38	1,203	1,000	203
32	Urban Transit and Traffic Engineering	-	-	-	<b>-</b> ,	-	´ <b>-</b>	-
33	Railways	-		-	-	6	-	6
34	Port Facilities and Harbor Improvement	193	1,299	1,265	34	1,551	1,500	51

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

(In thousands of dollars)

47

Country Philippines
Table 22 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

		FY 1954 a		FY 1955			FY <b>1</b> 956	)
Code	Activity			Defense	Technical	***************************************	Defense	Technical
No.	Sub-activity	Total	Total	Support	Cooperation	Total	Support	Cooperation
30	Transportation (Cont'd)							
35		-	_	-	-	-	-	_
36	Ship Operations	-	-	-	-	-		-
37	Air Transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
39	All Other	133	38	-	38	55	-	55
40	Lahor	346	160	-	160	245	_	245
41	Labor and Trade Union Leadership	270	42	-	42	75	-	75
42	apprenticeship and In-Service Training							
	for Workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43		-	7	-	7	25	-	25
44		-	22	-	22	31	-	31
45	Labor and Social Legislation and							
	Enforcement	15	27	-	27	30	-	30
46	•	31	16	-	16	29	-	29
47		-	-	-	-	3	-	3
48		4	3	-	3	-	-	-
49	All Other	26	43	-	43	52	-	52
50	Health and Sanitation	1.479	1,805	-	1,805	2,215	1,625	590
51	Control of Specific Diseases	(205)	447	-	447	446	425	21
52	Environmental Sanitation	670	847	-	847	1,264	1,200	64
53	Health Facilities - Operation of and							
	Advisory Services to	742	38	-	38	190	-	190
54	Health Training and Education	279	447	-	447	285	-	285
55	Health Facilities Construction,							
	Remodeling, Equipment	(64)	-	-	-	-	-	-
59		57	26	-	26	<b>3</b> 0	-	30

COMP

### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

(In thousands of dollars)

Country	Philippines
Table	22 Page 3
Date	November 1, 1954

		FY 1954 a		FY 1955			FY 1956	
Code	Activity and			Defense	Technical	<del></del>	Defense	Technical
No.	Sub-activity	Total	Total	Support	Cooperation	Total	Support	Cooperation
60	Education	2,488	1,560	_	1,560	1,090	_	1,090
61	Technical Education	633	542	-	542	315	_	315
62	Vocational Agriculture Education	566	502	_	502	530	-	530
63	_	204	77	_	77	-	_	-
64	Elementary Education	90	169	_	169	75	_	75
65	Secondary Education	-		_		100	-	100
66	•	946	240		240	30	_	30
67		•	-	-	•	-	-	-
68	Educational Administration	<del>-</del>	-	-	₩	_	<b>-</b> ·	_
69	All Other	49	30	-	30	40	-	40
70	Public Administration	1,682	1,615	-	1,615	1,170	-	1,170
71	Organization and Management of					-		
	Particular Ministries or Programs	50 <del>9</del>	261	-	261	12	-	12
72	Government-Wide Organization and							
	Management	14	246	-	246	81	-	81
73	Public Personnel Administration	171	133	-	133	100	-	100
74	Budget Administration	276	503	-	503	642	-	642
75	Public Finance	63	217	-	217	222	-	222
76	General Services	94	145		145	72	-	72
77	Organization and Administration of Institutes or Bureaus of Public							
	Administration	<b>30</b> 0	20	-	20	10	-	10
78	Statistics - General and Census	12	75	•	75	6	-	6
79	All Other	243	15	-	15	25	-	- 25

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country Philippines Table 22 Page 4 Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

		FY 1954 a		FY 1955			FY 1956	
Code No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Total	Total	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	Total	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation
80 81 82 83 84 85 86	Community Development, Social Welfare  and Housing Community Development Social Welfare Housing Aided Self-Help Housing Supporting Projects, Housing	<u>(9)</u> (9)	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	-	-
89 90 91 92 99	General and Miscellaneous Trade and Investment Information (Mass Communications, etc.)	11 11	- - - 75	- - - -	- - - - 75	- - - 90	:	90
	Total	15,113c/	14,700	7.400	7.300d/	15,400	9,025	6,375 <sup>d</sup>

Not deobligations during FY 1954 applicable to prior fiscal years obligations.

This total does not reflect a deobligation of \$319.0 thousand in non-project assistance.

Excludes regional and interegional costs (including domestic program expenses).



Authorized and conducted in FY 1954 as an integrated program including features of Technical Cooperation and Defense Support. Included in Agricultural Extension because all such activities are integrated and are the responsibility of the Philippine Bureau of Agricultural Extension.

#### CONFIDENTIAL

## PROPOSED FY 1956 PROGRAMS

3

THAILAND

OFFICE OF FAR EASTERN OPERATIONS
FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

November 9, 1954

CUNT LDMIN

#### PROPOSED FY 1956 BUDGET

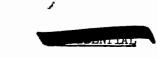
Country Thailand Date November 1, 1954

SUMMARY OF OBLIGATIONS BY FUNCTION

	(In thousands of dollar		, 1
	FY 1954 Actual	FY 1955 Estimated	FY 1956 Estimated
Defense Support	3,580	3,500 <u>a</u> /	19,000 <u>a</u> /
Technical Cooperation	5,346b/	4,700 <u>b</u> /	5,700 <u>b</u> /
Total Obligations	8,926 <u>b</u> /	8,200 <u>b</u> /	24,700 <sup>B</sup> / b/
Defense Support to be financed by:			
(a) Grants	3,580	3,500	19,000
Technical Cooperation to be financed by:			
(a) Grants	5,346	4,700	5,7∞
Total	8,926	8,200	24,700

CONFIDENTIAL

a/ Excluding possible local currency programs which may be funded through PL 480 operations.
b/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.194 million in FY 1954,
\$0.300 million in FY 1955 and \$0.300 million in FY 1956.



Country: THAILAND

#### FAR EAST AND THE PACIFIC

#### General Narrative Statement

#### Objectives

The overall U.S. objective in Thailand is to strengthen the country's position as a center of non-communist influence in Southeast Asia, and as a bulwark against further communist expansion in that area. The FOA aid program is designed to implement, by economic measures, this U.S. objective. The U.S. aim of strengthening non-communist nations and assisting in collective action to halt the spread of communism through aggression and subversion coincides with Thailand's own political and economic interests.

The goal of the program is to help Thailand achieve a rate of economic growth adequate to (a) support military and police forces competent to maintain internal security and to cope with border incursions; (b) to permit an improvement in living standards and to mitigate conditions of economic hardship which might provoke political unrest; (c) expand economic capabilities to support the needed economic development and the required military forces.

To these ends the FOA program is designed to help the Thai to (a) increase the scope and effectiveness of essential government services; (b) develop the economically backward Northeastern provinces which are particularly exposed to communist penetration; (c) improve the budgetary and fiscal activities of the government and its planning and management of development projects; (d) expand and diversify production and improve credit, marketing and distribution facilities.

In the light of increasing communist pressure in the area and of Thailand's inability to finance an accelerated development program while bearing the burden of rising military expenditures, FOA has broadened the means used to achieve these objectives. In addition to the Technical Cooperation Program to help Thailand make better use of its own resources, assistance for financing projects of major importance to economic progress and defense support was furnished in FYs 1954 and 1955 and is proposed on a more substantial scale for FY 1956.

#### Recent Developments

The Indochina truce has had a profound effect on the thinking of the Thai, creating in their view increased uncertainty as to the political future of Laos and Cambodia with which Thailand shares more than 1,000 miles of common border. Because of their interpretations as to recent trends of U.S. policy in the Far East, as a result of developments in Korea and Indochina, the Thai are apprehensive as to whether the U.S. would stand with them in the event of open aggression. This apprehension was not entirely allayed by the Manila Pact. There are recent indications that the communist campaign to subvert the peoples of Northeast Thailand is being substantially accelerated, especially since the Indochina truce.

The Central Government is strongly anti-communist and, in cooperation with USIS, is conducting a large-scale indoctrination program among national and provincial officials on the methods and



Country: THAILAND

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

evils of international communism. However, this indoctrination does not as yet reach the general population which remains vulnerable to communist propaganda.

The Thai Government continues its build-up of military forces in response to the worsened condition in Southeast Asia. Their defense expenditures in 1954 were about five times those of 1950. During the year the functions of the Joint U.S. Military Advisory Group in Thailand were broadened to include organizational and training recommendations to the Thai forces. The military assistance program also was expanded to increase the number of Thai forces receiving U.S. supplies and equipment.

The entire Thai economy is overshadowed and depressed by the existence of large rice surpluses and the decreased world market price for rice. Thereas Thailand had a favorable balance of payments only three years ago, and foreign exchange holdings amounted to about \$300 million at the end of 1953, it has been losing foreign exchange at the rate of \$50 to \$60 million annually during the past two years. As government finances depend to a large degree on profits from rice export sales, revenues are down and substantial budget deficits have been incurred.

The Thai Government has moved to alleviate some of these economic ills by such measures as an import licensing system, limiting the use of preferential rates of exchange, and reducing rice export prices. Much larger budget deficits have been avoided by drastically curtailing developmental and defense expenditures. These budgetary limitations impede the government's ability to train and equip Thailand's defense forces and also carry on the basic economic development which maintenance of political stability and independence requires.

In summary it can be said that the economic situation in Thailand is progressively deteriorating at a time when more economic resources than ever before are required to support a military build-up, and to fight a cold war with accelerated economic development and psychological offensives.

#### Implementation of Present Program

After a period of rather slow progress in FY 1954, program implementation is now proceeding at an accelerated rate with the arrival, near the end of FY 1954, of large numbers of participants, an upsurge in the rate of technician recruitment and the placing of several large commodity orders. The major part of the FY 1955 Technical Cooperation Program consists of continuing projects on which implementation is proceeding with little or no interruption. The large Northeast Highway defense support project is rapidly getting under way and the construction phase is expected to commence about January 1, 1955.

The pipeline at the end of FY 1954 was abnormally large due to a combination of the following circumstances:

- (1) Developments in Southeast Asia led to the need for new defense support projects late in the fiscal year for which additional funds amounting to \$3,580,000 were allocated and obligated in June 1954;
- (2) Delayed availability of funds at the beginning of the fiscal year; and
- (3) Thai budgetary difficulties which made it prudent to delay the implementation of certain projects until local currency financing could be assured.



Country: THAILAND

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

In FYs 1955 and 1956 the expenditure rates will be considerably accelerated due to:

- (1) The immediate procurement of a large amount of equipment and supplies for the Northeast Highway.
- (2) A large increase within the Technical Cooperation program of the technical services component (on which expenditures are almost immediate).

#### FY 1956 Program

#### (1) Framework

The FY 1956 program is geared to the worsening economic situation in Thailand and to the changed political situation in Southeast Asia, described above. At this juncture, FOA feels that waging a successful cold war for the loyalty of the Thai people to their non-communist government is as important as building up local military strength. If the cold war is lost and Thailand succumbs to internal subversion, the military forces which are being developed may never be brought into play. It is felt that economic strength, a favorable psychological atmosphere among the peoples, and political stability are all-important in combatting subversion.

#### (2) Aid Level

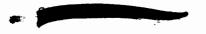
In view of the vital stake of the United States and the Free World in Thailand's continued resistance to communist pressures, it is important to (a) accelerate the rate of development of facilities that will contribute to an improvement in standards of living, especially in the Northeast; (b) enhance the mobility of Thailand's military forces; (c) increase

the capacity of the country to support its military forces and finance further economic growth, and (d) expand commercial and cultural exchange between Thailand and friendly neighboring States in order to encourage closer political ties. Under present financial conditions Thailand cannot finance an expanded investment program with its own resources.

By the end of calendar year 1954 Thailand will have used all but approximately \$2.5 million of the credits, totaling about \$25 million, extended in recent years by the IBRD. The Thai Government and the IBRD are presently negotiating a further railway loan and it is believed that the Thai Government will approach the Bank for a large loan for hydroelectric power development as soon as the report of the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation survey team, now in preparation, is completed. It is believed that the long-run outlook for the Thai economy is sufficiently sound that these and other projects may be found acceptable for loan financing by established banking institutions.

"Bankable" projects, however, will not prove adequate to meet the need for immediate improvement in Thailand's economic situation. In view of Thailand's close cooperation with the United States, the country looks to the U.S. to help it out of its present plight. From the point of view of the political effect in Thailand and in neighboring countries, the United States cannot afford at this juncture to let Thailand down. To meet this need, a \$19 million defense support program is proposed for FY 1956. This level of aid should permit implementation of Thai development programs, assuming that anticipated loans from banking institutions also materialize.

In addition, the Thai Government has requested budgetary support for its military build-up, for which no definitive provision has been made in the FY 1956 country program because of the absence of a detailed analysis of current expenditures for military



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Country: THAILAND

#### General Narrative Statement (continued)

and internal security forces. If there is agreement that Thai military or police forces should be increased above present force goals, or if cost estimates for present forces are substantially increased, additional U.S. assistance may be required to help cover the local currency costs involved. Provision is made for this potential additional requirement in the proposed regional reserve.

The proposed \$6 million Technical Cooperation Program consists primarily of successful continuing projects, with the addition of a \$1 million community development project specifically aimed at combatting subversion in the Northeast.

#### (3) Nature of Program

In response to the situation described under "Framework" and "Aid Level" above, the FY 1956 FOA program is concentrated in the Northeast and East of Thailand due to the susceptibility of these areas to communist subversion and to the importance of developing regional ties with the contiguous countries of Laos and Cambodia. The essential elements of this program are:

- (a) improving communications by developing highways and telecommunications, and
- (b) actions pointed toward achieving favorable impact on the population in these areas with projects of community development, aid to small industries, improvement of health conditions, and agricultural extension and irrigation.

Improved communications are all-important in developing these relatively isolated areas and linking them to Bangkok, the focal point of commerce and government, as well as to Laos and Cambodia. Such a program will provide some immediate economic benefits in the form of local employment. Continued improvement should result as better communications lead to new economic development and increased trade. Not to be overlooked is the important political effect on the isolated peoples, of tangible evidence of the interest of their own Government, and of the U.S., in their welfare.

A top priority objective at all times is to improve Thai public administration whenever an opportunity presents itself in this sensitive field. The FY 1955 Indiana University public administration contract will continue in FY 1956 and the new Engineering Advisory Services contract proposed in FY 1956 should figure largely in improving national planning and administration in the industrial and public works sectors.

In the Technical Cooperation program there has been a substantial shift in the ratio of commodities to technical services between FY 1953, when 73 percent of the program was spent for commodities, and FYs 1955 and 1956 when only 29 percent is projected for this purpose in each year.

#### Loan Programs

All FOA aid is proposed to be on a grant basis. In considering the overall needs of Thailand, FOA believes that most of the large amounts needed for developmental activity in such fields as hydro power, irrigation and railway development, to the extent that they are bankable, will come from established loan institutions such as the IBRD. An FOA

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Country: THAILAND

#### General Narrative Statement (Continued)

loan program now might adversely affect the prospects for IERD loans already under consideration. It is planned to confine the FCA grant aid activities to non-bankable projects that are needed for defense support or cold war purposes.

#### Agricultural Commodities

A P.L. 480 program of \$4 million is projected for FY 1955 and of \$6 million for FY 1956. Planning has not progressed far enough to permit a thorough analysis. However, if Thailand will accept agricultural surpluses in these amounts, a portion of the proceeds will be used to meet local currency needs of defense support and cold war activities.

#### Aid Forecast

It is assumed that existing conditions will prevail in Southeast Asia for two to three years and will then gradually improve, both politically and economically. On this basis, it is anticipated that the requirements for Defense Support and

Technical Cooperation programs will average about \$20 million annually during fiscal year 1957 through 1960. The Defense Support Program is expected to continue through FY 1958 at about the level proposed for FY 1956 and then decline. The developmental portions of the Defense Support Program should be converted to loan financing as soon as the Thai financial situation permits. With the improvement of training facilities and government services in Thailand, the small Technical Cooperation program may gradually decline, but some technical assistance will be required beyond FY 1960.

If it should be found that Thailand requires budgetary support for the maintenance of its military forces, such aid would be additional to the above estimates.

FOA:0/FE November 9, 1954

CONFIDENTIAL

Country Thailand

Table 1 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

#### OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS (In thousands of dollars)

	Project Assistance							
Activity	Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs		
iculture and Natural Resources	1.673	804	240	339	290	_		
1955 1956	903 1,651	261 716	205 320	423 615	14	-		
ustry and Mining	11.7	16	97	h C				
1954 1955 1956	338 6,415	115 5,020	105 155	68 75	50 1,165	-		
nsportation	3.803	3.725	100	68	_	_		
1955 1956	3,918 10,490	1,270 8,055	126 180	122 255	1,400 2,000	1,000		
or 1954	15	_	_	15	_	-		
1955 1956	30 80	<u>-</u> .	15 50	15 30	-	-		
lth and Sanitation		. 1.00	1.00	005				
1955	1,045	428	320	297	-	-		
	1954 1955 1956  ustry and Mining 1954 1955 1956  nsportation 1954 1955 1956  or 1954 1955 1956  lth and Sanitation 1954	1954   1,673   1955   903   1,651	1,673   804   1955   903   261   1956   1,651   716   1955   1955   1956   19	Activity  Total  Activity  Total  Commodities  Participants  1,673 804 240 1955 903 261 205 1,651 716 320  Constry and Mining 1954 147 15 87 1955 338 115 105 1956 6,415 5,020 155  Insportation 1954 3,893 3,725 100 1955 3,918 1,270 126 1956 10,490 8,055 180  Cor  1959 30 - 15 1956 80 - 50  Ith and Sanitation 1954 2,105 1,480 400 1955 1,045 428 320	Activity Total Commodities Farticipants Employed Technicians    Commodities   Farticipants   Commodities   Farticipants   Employed	Activity Total Commodities Participants Employed Service  Activity Total Commodities Participants Technicians Technicians		



# Country Thailand Table 1 Page 2 Date November 1, 1954

# OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

		(In thousands	of dollars)			Dave November	1, 1//
				Project Ass	istance		
Act.		Total <sup>a/</sup>	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
6.	Education 1954 1955 1956	963 1,296 952	164 251 237	349 277 310	220 343 405	230 425 -	- - -
7•	Public Administration 1954 1955 1956	85 415 165	- - 15	85 75 150	- - -	340 -	- - -
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing 1954 1955 1956	- 230 1,095	- 230 645	- - 165	- - 285	- - -	-
9•	General and Miscellaneous 1954 1955 1956	45 25 2,030	- - -	- - -	45 25 30	2,000	-
	Total Country Programs 1954 1955 1956	8,926 8,200 24,700	6,188 2,555 15, <b>7</b> 50	1,261 1,123 1,665	957 1,293 2,120	520 2,229 5,165	1,000

a/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.194 million in FY 1954, \$0.300 million in FY 1955, and \$0.300 million in FY 1956.

# OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT

CONFIDENTIAL

Country Thailand Table 3 Page 1

Date November 1, 1954

			(In thousands o	of dollars)		Date No.	vember 1, 1954
		<del> </del>			oject Assistance		
Act.		Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources						
Τ.	1954	_	_	_	-	_	_
	1955	_	_	-	-	_	-
	1956	500	500	-	-	-	-
2.	Industry and Mining		•				
۷.	1954	_	_	_	_	-	~
	1955	_	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	· -
	1956	6,000	5,000	-	-	1,000	-
3.	Transportation						
٦.	1954	3,580	3,580	_	-	_	-
	1955	3,500	1,100	-	_	1,400	1,000
	1956	10,000	8,000	-	-	.2,000	
4.	Labor						
	1954	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1955	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1956	-	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Health and Sanitation						
	1954	-	-	-	-	•	-
	1955	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1956	500	500	-	-	-	-
				-	-	-	-
6.	Education					_	_
	1954	-	-	-	-	-	_
	1955	-	-	-	-	_	-
	1956	-	-	<del>-</del>			

# OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT

Country Thailand

Table 3 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

			(In thousands o	of dollars)			
				Pro	ject Assistance		
					U.S.	Contract	
Act.					Employed	Service	Other
No.	Activity	Total	Commodities	Participants	Technicians	Technicians	Local Costs
7.	Public Administration						
( •	1954						
	1955	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1956	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1970	-	-	-	-	-	-
8.	Community Development, Social Welfare	and					
	Housing						
	1954	-	-	-	-	_	_
	1955	-	-		-	-	_
	1956	-	-	-	-	-	-
9.	General and Miscellaneous						
<b>)</b> •	1954	_	_	_			
	1955	_	_	-	-	-	-
	1956	2,000	-	-	-	2 000	-
	1900	2,000	-	-	-	2,000	-
	Total - Defense Support						
	1954	3,580	3,580	_	_	-	_
	1955	3,500	1,100	-	-	1,400	1,000
	1956	19,000	14,000	_	_	5,000	_,500
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,			<i>)</i> ,000	

# OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country Thailand
Table 5 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

				Pro	ject Assistance	
Act.		Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
1.	Agriculture and Natural Resources 1954 1955 1956	1,673 903 1,151	804 261 216	240 205 320	339 423 615	290 14 -
2.	Industry and Mining 1954 1955 1956	147 338 415	15 115 20	87 105 155	45 68 75	- 50 165
3.	<u>Transportation</u> 1954 1955 1956	313 418 490	145 170 55	100 126 180	68 122 255	- - -
4.	<u>Labor</u> 1954 1955 1956	15 30 80	- - -	- 15 50	15 15 30	- - -
5.	Health and Sanitation 1954 1955 1956	2,105 1,045 1,322	1,480 428 562	400 320 335	225 297 425	- - -

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# OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country Thailand
Table 5 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

				Pro	ject Assistance	
Act.		Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
6.	Education 1954 1955 1956	963 1,296 952	164 251 237	349 277 310	220 <b>3</b> 43 405	230 425 -
7.	Public Administration 1954 1955 1956	85 415 165	- - 15	85 75 150	- - -	 340 -
	Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing 1954 1955 1956	230 1,095	- 230 645	- - 165	- - 285	- - -
	General and Miscellaneous  1954  1955  1956	45 25 30	- - -	- - -	45 25 30	- - -
	Total - Technical Cooperation  1954 <u>a/</u> 1955 <u>a/</u> 1956 <u>a/</u>	5,346 4,700 5,700	2,608 1,455 1,750	1,261 1,123 1,665	957 1,293 2,120	520 829 165

Excludes regional and interregional costs, (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.194 million in FY 1954, \$0.300 million in FY 1955, and \$0.300 million in FY 1956.



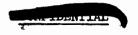
# PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - ALL FUNCTIONS

Country Thailand
Table 7
Date November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

			illions of dollars,	Project Assistance		
Fiscal Year	Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians	Other Local Costs
<u>1954ª</u> /						
Unliquidated Obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	9.2 8.9 18.1 4.7 13.4	8.0 6.1 14.1 3.2 10.9	0.7 1.3 2.0 0.5 1.5	0.5 1.0 1.5 1.0 0.5	0.5 0.5 - 0.5	- - - -
1955ª/						
Unliquidated Obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	13.4 8.2 21.6 12.3 9.3	10.9 2.6 13.5 7.6 5.9	1.5 1.1 2.6 1.8 0.8	0.5 1.3 1.8 1.7 0.1	0.5 2.2 2.7 0.8 1.9	1.0 1.0 0.4 0.6
Unliquidated Obligations New Obligations Total Available Expenditures Unliquidated Obligations	9.3 24.7 34.0 16.0 18.0	5.9 15.8 21.7 9.7 12.0	0.8 1.6 2.4 1.3	0.1 2.1 2.2 2.0 0.2	1.9 5.2 7.1 2.6 4.5	0.6 0.4 0.2

a/ Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.194 million in FY 1954, \$0.300 million in FY 1956.



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### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - DEFENSE SUPPORT

Country Thailand 7 Table 9

(In millions of dollars)

Date November 1, 1954

			Project Assistance	
			Contract Service	Other
Fiscal Year	Total	Commodities	Technicians	Local Costs
<u>1954</u>				
Unliquidated obligations	-	-	-	-
New obligations	<b>3.</b> 6	3 <b>.</b> 6	-	-
Total available	3.6	3.6	-	<b>-</b> *
Expenditures	<del>-</del>	-	-	-
Unliquidated obligations	3.6	3.6	-	-
1955				
Unliquidated obligations	<b>3.</b> 6	<b>3.</b> 6	-	
New obligations	3.5	1.1	1.4	1.0
Total available	7.1	4.7	1.4	T.0
Expenditures	4.6	3 <b>.</b> 8	0.4	0.4
Unliquidated obligations	2.5	0.9	1.0	0.6
<u>1956</u>				
Unliquidatea obligations	2.5	0.9	1.0	0.6
New obligations	19.0	14.0	5.0	-
Total available	21.5	14.9	6.0	0.6
Expenditures	9.6	7.0	2.2	0.4
Unliquidated obligations	11.9	<b>7.</b> 9	3.6	0.2



### PIPELINE ANALYSIS BY COST FACTORS - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Country Thailand

Table 11

Date November 1, 1954

(In millions of dollars)

			Project	Assistance	
Fiscal Year	Total	Commodities	Participants	U.S. Employed Technicians	Contract Service Technicians
<u>1954</u> <b>a</b> /					
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	9.2 5.3 14.5 4.7 9.8	8.0 2.5 10.5 3.2 7-3	0.7 1.3 2.0 0.5 1.5	0.5 1.0 1.5 1.0 0.5	0.5 0.5 - 0.5
<u>1955</u> a/					
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	9.8 4.7 14.5 7.7 6.8	7.3 1.5 8.8 3.8 5.0	1.5 1.1 2.6 1.8 0.8	0.5 1.3 1.8 1.7	0.5 0.8 1.3 0.4 0.9
<u>1956</u> <u>a</u> /					
Unliquidated obligations New obligations Total available Expenditures Unliquidated obligations	6.8 5.7 12.5 6.4 6.1	5.0 1.7 6.7 2.7 4.0	0.8 1.7 2.5 1.3 1.2	0.1 2.1 2.2 2.0 .2	0.9 0.2 1.1 0.4 .7

Excludes regional and interregional costs (including domestic program expenses) of \$0.194 million in FY 1954, \$0.300 million in FY 1955 and \$0.300 million in FY 1956.



# Country Thailand Table 12 Date November 1, 1954

# PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF PARTICIPANTS OBLIGATED BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND 9 ACTIVITIES

		FY 1954			<b>FY</b> 195	5		<b>FY</b> 1956	
Activity	Total	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	Total	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation	Total	Defense Support	Technical Cooperation
l. Agriculture and Natural Resources	55	-	55	41	-	41	64	-	64
2. Industry and Mining	17	-	17	21	-	21	31	-	31
3. Transportation	20	-	20	29	-	29	36	-	36
4. Labor	-	-	-	3	-	3	10	-	10
5. Health and Sanitation	82	-	82	65	-	65	67	-	67
6. Education	71	-	71	57	-	57	62	-	62
7. Public Administration	22	-	22	15	-	15	30	-	30
8. Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	33
9. General and Miscellaneous	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	267	-	267	231	-	231	333	-	333

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# PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country Thailand
Table 13 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

Act	ual	Esti	mate		
FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956		
756	1,261	1,123	1,665		
756	1,261	1,123	1,665		
		1,841	1,303		
690	1,501	783	1,145		
149	22	-	-		
147	xxx	xxx	xxx		
147	xxx	xxx	xxx		
112	35	-	-		
	96	<b>2</b> 9	-		
90	29	-	-		
		•			
xxx	267	xxx	xxx		
xxx	267	xxx	xxx		
xxx	98	168	1		
xxx	7	9 <b>7</b>	162		
XXX	91	162	1		
			CO».		
	756 756 425 690 149 147 147 112 22 90	756 1,261 756 1,261 425 450 690 1,501  149 22  147 xxx 147 xxx 112 35 22 96 90 29  xxx 267 xxx 267 xxx 98 xxx 98 xxx 7	756 1,261 1,123 756 1,261 1,123 425 450 1,841 690 1,501 783  149 22 -  147 xxx xxx 147 xxx xxx 112 35 - 22 96 29 90 29 -  xxx 267 xxx xxx xxx xxx xxx xxx 267 xxx xxx xxx xxx xxx xxx xxx xxx xxx xx	FY 1953         FY 1954         FY 1955         FY 1956           756         1,261         1,123         1,665           756         1,261         1,123         1,665           425         450         1,841         1,303           690         1,501         783         1,145    147    XXX   XXX	

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# PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ALL ACTIVITIES

Country Thailand
Table 13 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

	Ac FY 1953	tu <b>a</b> l FY 1954	Estin FY 1955	nate FY 1956	
1955 Program					
Target Obligated Arrivals Departures In training	XXX XXX XXX XXX	xxx xxx xxx xxx	231 231 126 70 56	xxx xxx 105 85 76	
Target Obligated Arrivals Departures In training	XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX	xxx xxx xxx xxx	xxx xxx xxx xxx	333 333 180 · 40 140	
Total (1953 - 1956 Programs)  Arrivals Departures In training	112 22 90	133 103 120	294 196 218	286 287 217	

# PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBER OF FIELD TECHNICIANS

# BY FUNCTION (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

Country Thailand
Table 14 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera tion		Defense	Technical		<b>FY</b> 1956	Technical
		01011	Total	Support	Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Coopera- tion
19 22 1/	- 3 -	19 22 1/3	32 28	-	32 28	<u>դ</u> դ 41	-	<u> </u> 41
12	-	- 12	7 1	-	7 1	6	-	6 -
3 3	-	3 3	<del>1</del> † <del>1</del> †	- -	<u>4</u>	5 5	- -	5 5
- -	-	- -	3 3	-	3 3	25 35	25 35	- -
4 4 1/2	- 2 -	4 4 1/2	9 8	:	9	17 17	<del>-</del> -	17 17
-	-	- -	85 90	85 90	-	90 60	90 • 60	-
	22 1/ 12 3 3 -	22 1/3 - 12 - 3 - 3 -	22 1/3 - 22 1/3	22 1/3 - 22 1/3 28  12 7 12 - 12 1  3 - 3 4 - 3 4 3 3 - 3 3 4 3 3 - 3 4 85	22 1/3 - 22 1/3 28 -  12 - 12 7 -  12 1 -  3 - 3 4 -  3 3 - 3 4 -  3 3 -  3 3 -  85 85	22 1/3 - 22 1/3 28 - 28  12 7 - 7  12 - 12 1 - 1  3 - 3 4 - 4  3 - 3  3 - 3	22 1/3 - 22 1/3 28 - 28 41  7 6 12 1 - 7 6 12 - 12 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	22 1/3 - 22 1/3 28 - 28 41 -  12 - 7 - 7 6 -  12 - 12 1 - 1 -  3 - 3 4 - 4 5 -  3 - 3 4 - 4 5 -  3 - 3 25 25  3 3 - 3 35  4 1/2 - 4 1/2 8 - 9 17 -  85 85 - 90 90

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# PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

Country Thailand
Table 14 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

		FY 1954			FY 19	55		<b>FY 1956</b>	
Activity and Personnel Category	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Technica Coopera- tion
Labor									
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals:									
Positions filled end of FY	1	-	1 1	1 1	-	1 1	2 2	-	2
Man Years obligated during FY	1	-	1	1	-	1	2	-	2
Contract Technicians:									
Positions filled end of FY	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Man Years obligated during FY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Sanitation									
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals:									
Positions filled end of FY	11	-	11	22	-	22	30	-	30
Man Years obligated during FY	<b>1</b> 5	-	15	20	-	20	28	-	28
Contract Technicians:									
Positions filled end of FY	2	-	2	_	_	-	_	-	_
Man Years obligated during FY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education									
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals:									
Positions filled end of FY	17	-	17	27	-	27	29	-	29
Man Years obligated during FY	17 1/3	-	17 1/3	23	-	23	27	-	27
Contract Technicians:									
Positions filled end of FY	-	-	-	7	-	7	10	-	10
Man Years obligated during FY	. 9	-	9	10	-	10	-	-	-

# Country Thailand Table 14 Page 3 Date November 1, 1954

# PROJECT ASSISTANCE - NUMBERS OF FIELD TECHNICIANS BY FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATION) AND ACTIVITY

			FY 1954			<b>FY 1</b> 955			<b>FY 1</b> 956	
Activity and Personnel Category		Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion	Total	Defense Support	Technical Coopera- tion
7. Public Administration										
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY		-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	-	- -
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY		1 -	 -	1 -	5 14	- -	5 14	8 -	-	<del>-</del> 8
8. Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing										•
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY	-	-	-	-	- -	-	<u>-</u> -	20 19	- -	20 19
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY		- -	-	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	. <u>.</u>	- -	- -	- -
9. General and Miscellaneous										
U.S. Employees - U.S. Nationals: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY		3 3	=	3 3	2 2	-	2 2	2 2	 -	2
Contract Technicians: Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY		<del>-</del> -	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	- -	25 60	<b>2</b> 5 60	- -
Total Positions filled end of FY Man Years obligated during FY		61 87 1/6	<u>-</u> -	61 87 1/6	204 204	85 90	119 114	313 296	140 155	173 141

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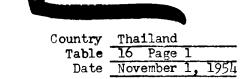
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# PROJECT ASSISTANCE - SUMMARY OF FIELD PROGRAM PERSONNEL FOR ALL FUNCTIONS (APPROPRIATIONS) AND ACTIVITIES

Country Thailand
Table 15
Date November 1, 1954

		ual		imated
	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
A. Funding (Obligations) (In thousands of dollars)				
U.S. Employees:				
Programs U.S. Technicians:	1,392	1,477	3,522	<b>7,</b> 285
Full time Temporary and part time	1,267	95 <b>7</b>	1,293	2,120
Contract technicians (Incl. incidental costs)	125	520	2,229	5,165
Total obligations	1,392	1,477	3,522	7,285
B. Numbers				
J.S. Employees:				
Total target (man-years) U.S. Technicians:	75	87	204	296
Full time	Z-	•		
Positions filled end of FY Man Years (obligations)	61 73	58 66	9 <b>7</b> 86	157
Temporary and part time	13	-	- 00	141
Positions filled end of FY		· •	-	_
Man Years (obligations)	-	-	-	-
Contract technicians:				
Positions contracted for during FY (disregarding length of stay)		0	1	
Positions filled end of FY	3	8 <b>3</b>	124 107	1 <b>7</b> 0 156
Man Years (obligations)	2	21	118	155
Totals:				
Positions filled end of FY	64	61	204	313
Man years (obligations)	<b>7</b> 5	87	204	296

# NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS



# OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

		Initial			Obligatio	ns (In thousan	nds of dollars	)
		Date of						nated
Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
Agriculture and Natural Resource	3_							
Agricultural Education	Oregon State College	9/14/54				290		
by USOM and provides for 6 tea	chnicians. Its expirat	tion date is about	April 15, 1	.95 <b>7, aft</b> er	having r	un a 30-month	term from the	issu-
Industry and Mining								
Telecommunications	Undetermined (	Contemplated FY 56						500
This contract is contemplated								
extensive telecommunications : It is estimated that approximated							stoped by USOM	•
•	Agricultural Education  This contract for the upgrading by USOM and provides for 6 tecance of the letter of commitments.  Industry and Mining	Agricultural Education Oregon State College This contract for the upgrading of the curriculum are by USOM and provides for 6 technicians. Its expirate ance of the letter of commitment. The overhead rate Industry and Mining	Activity and Sub-activity Contractor Contract  Agriculture and Natural Resources  Agricultural Education Oregon State College 9/14/54  This contract for the upgrading of the curriculum and of teaching and by USOM and provides for 6 technicians. Its expiration date is about ance of the letter of commitment. The overhead rate is 11%. At the Industry and Mining	Activity and Sub-activity Contractor Contract  Agriculture and Natural Resources  Agricultural Education Oregon State College 9/14/54  This contract for the upgrading of the curriculum and of teaching and administrate by USOM and provides for 6 technicians. Its expiration date is about April 15, 1 ance of the letter of commitment. The overhead rate is 11%. At the present time Industry and Mining	Agriculture and Natural Resources  Agricultural Education Oregon State College 9/14/54  This contract for the upgrading of the curriculum and of teaching and administrative technic by USOM and provides for 6 technicians. Its expiration date is about April 15, 1957, after ance of the letter of commitment. The overhead rate is 11%. At the present time the first Industry and Mining	Agriculture and Natural Resources  Agricultural Education Oregon State College 9/14/54  This contract for the upgrading of the curriculum and of teaching and administrative techniques of K by USOM and provides for 6 technicians. Its expiration date is about April 15, 1957, after having r ance of the letter of commitment. The overhead rate is 11%. At the present time the first technicians. Industry and Mining	Agriculture and Natural Resources  Agricultural Education Oregon State College 9/14/54 290  This contract for the upgrading of the curriculum and of teaching and administrative techniques of Kasetsart University USOM and provides for 6 technicians. Its expiration date is about April 15, 1957, after having run a 30-month ance of the letter of commitment. The overhead rate is 11%. At the present time the first technicians are just of Industry and Mining	Agriculture and Natural Resources  Agricultural Education Oregon State College 9/14/54 290  This contract for the upgrading of the curriculum and of teaching and administrative techniques of Kasetsart University was developed by USOM and provides for 6 technicians. Its expiration date is about April 15, 1957, after having run a 30-month term from the ance of the letter of commitment. The overhead rate is 11%. At the present time the first technicians are just commencing the:  Industry and Mining

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# NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

# Country Thailand Table 16 Page 2 Date November 1, 1954

# OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

		·	Initial			Obligation	ons (In thousan	s of dollars)			
ode			Date of Actual					mated			
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956		
30	Transportation	a manus and Banad and	TT								
31	Highways	Sverdrup and Parcel and Raymond Concrete Pile	Under Negotiation					1,400	2,000		
	The two basic contracts in FY 1955 are for the engineering and construction of a 200-mile defense highway in Northeast Thailand. The project was developed by USOM. The number of technicians to be employed are estimated to be approximately 90. Each contract will probably have a term of about 18 months, beginning about December 1954. A small initial reconnaissance contract has already been negotiated with Sverdrup and Parcel. The remaining contract with Sverdrup and Parcel, and the new one with Raymond Concrete Pile, are under active negotiations at the present time. Either an extension of these two contracts, or possible new ones with other firms, are contemplated for FY 1956 for a more extensive program for highway improvement in Northeastern and Eastern Thailand, involving new road construction, road improvement and road maintenance.										
60	Education		Under					l or			
66	Teacher Training	Indiana University	Negotiation					425			
	This contract with the Thai College of Education is for the improvement of the curriculum and of teaching and administrative techniques in teacher training. It was developed by USOM and is estimated to require 10 technicians. It is expected that it will be signed before the close of Calendar Year 1954 for a term of 3 years. The overhead allowance is as yet undetermined.										
66	Engineering Education	University of Texas	8/13/54				230				
	This contract with Chulalo niques in the College of E The overhead allowance is	ingineering. It was devel	loped by USOM a	nd emmolows 3 t	echnicians	s. Its ex	piration date i	S June 24, 199	57 <b>.</b>		

# NARRATIVE REPORT ON CONTRACTS

# Country Thailand Table 16 Page 3 Date November 1, 1954

# OUTSTANDING JULY 1, 1955 OR CONTEMPLATED IN FYS 1955/1956

			Initial		·	Obligatio	ns (In thousan	sands of dollars)				
Code			Date of			tual			nated			
No.	Activity and Sub-activity	Contractor	Contract	FY 1951	FY 1952	FY 1953	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956			
<b>7</b> 0	Public Administration											
71	Improvement of Revenue Administration	Howell & Company	9/28/54			45		45				
	This contract with the Government of Thailand is for the purpose of improving the administration of revenue collection and is to employ two technicians. It was developed by USOM. It was originally a one-year contract but is in the process of being extended for another year. The overhead allowance is not specifically segregated in the funding structure of this contract.											
77	Institute of Public Administration	Indiana University	Under Negotiation					295				
	tration; (b) providing grade improvements. It was developed	This contract with Thommasat University is for the three-way purpose of (a) establishing academic training in public administration; (b) providing graduate study for government officials; (c) advising governmental agencies in public administration improvements. It was developed by USOM and is estimated to employ 12 technicians. It will probably be signed within the next 3-6 months for a term of 3 years. The overhead allowance is as yet undetermined.										
90	General and Miscellaneous											
	Engineering Advisory Service	s Undetermined	Contemplated FY	56					2,000			
	This contract contemplated if administration in such field development. In addition, it veloped jointly by FOA/W and	is as hydroelectric po t will provide the se	ower, irrigation, ervices for develo	railways, his	ghways, tel cific proje	Lecommunica	ations and gene	ral industrial	L :			

G.V.

# STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT - TECHNICAL COOPERATION (Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

Table Table Page 1

Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars and dollar equivalents)a/

	FY 1954	FY 1955	FY 1956
. Deposit Accruals:			
Commensurate basis			
Balance of accruals carried forward U.S. aid furnished	2,300 4,700	1,655 7,700	455 6 <b>,</b> 400
Total	7,000	9,355	6,855
Less: Deposit waived	1,500	3,900	3,400
Total Deposit Accruals	5,500	5,455	3,455
Deposit Account Transactions:			
Balance carried forward	3,405	2,280 <u>b</u> /	1,630
Actual deposits against above requirements: a/ Commensurate basis	3,845(a)	5,000	2,425
Total	7,250	7,280	4,055
Less transfers for U.S. use	215	295	290
Balance available for withdrawals	7,035 b/	6 <b>,</b> 985	3 <b>,</b> 765

# STATUS OF SPECIAL LOCAL CURRENCY ACCOUNT - TECHNICAL COOPERATION

(Excludes Sections 550 or 402 Sales Proceeds)

Country Thailand Table 17 Page 2 Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars and dollar equivalents)

	FY 1954	FY 1955	<b>FY 195</b> 6
. Expenditures (actual withdrawals):			
By 9 activities:			
1. Agriculture and Natural Resources	1,570	1,530	915
2. Industry and Mining	15	315	50
3. Transportation	350	550	95
4. Labor	-	-	-
5. Health and Sanitation	900	985	820
6. Education	675	885	870
7. Public Administration	-	195	195
8. Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	-	10	-
9. General and Miscellaneous	1,015	885	675
Other	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	4,525	5 <b>,</b> 355	3,620
Disbursements by Cooperating Government By 9 activities:			
1. Agriculture and Natural Resources	940	1,725	1,210
2. Industry and Mining	90	.345	95
3. Transportation	480	395	195
4. Labor	-	-	
5. Health and Sanitation	890	935	870
6. Education	235	1,430	820
7. Public Administration	-	175	240
8. Community Development, Social Welfare and Housing	10	-	_
9. General and Miscellaneous	910	935	580
Other	-	-	-
Total Disbursements	3,555	5,940	4,010

Exchange rates used in conversions are either "actual" (a); or averaged or estimated as required.

Balance available for withdrawals less counterpart withdrawals (under "C" below) does not equal FY 1955 balance carried forward, because certain counterpart withdrawals fall outside program activities.

# Commence

# GENERAL CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE

Country Thailand
Table 19 - Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: 20 Baht to \$1.00

	(Millions of dol	lar equivalents)		
	Calendar Year 1953	Calendar Year 1954 Est.	Calendar Year 1955 Est.	Calendar Year 1956 Est.
Revenue				
Income taxes Other taxes Prolits on Government enterprises Special account (FOA counterpart)	12.0 99.9 32.4	12.0 103.1 34.7	15.0 111.9 39.1	15.0 120.0 40.0
Other foreign grants Other revenues	79.4	64 <b>.9</b>	78.0	85.0
TOTAL REVENUE	223•7 <sup><u>a</u>/</sup>	234.7 <sup>e</sup> /	244.0 <sup>a/</sup>	260.0 <sup>a/</sup>
Expenditures				
National defense Other	70.9 <sup>b/</sup> 196.3	81.6 <sup>b/</sup> 173.2	71.8 1 <b>99.</b> 2	90.0 200.0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	267.2	254.8	271.0	290.0
Deficit	43.5	20.1	27.0	30.0

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#### GENERAL CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE

Country Thailand
Table 19 - Page 2 (Notes)
Date November 1, 1954

#### FOOTNOTES

a/ Includes profits accruing to the Stabilization Fund, estimated as follows:

1953	\$26.6	million
1954	30.0	11
1955	35.0	11
1956	35.0	11

b/ Includes police expenditures.

#### FORECASTING ASSUMPTIONS

- 1. Continued world rice surplus with Thai able to sell 1 to 1.1 million tons at prices averaging the same as in 1954.
- 2. No outbreak of war which would either depress or encourage rice exports.
- 3. Continued present price levels.
- 4. Less Government deficit for 1955 than planned in 1954 (but probably not incurred).
- 5. Maintenance of approximate present levels of foreign exchange and gold reserves in 1955.



# BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

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Country Thailand
Table 20 Fage 1
Date November 1, 1954

Exchange Rate Used: See Note a/

	(M	illions of dollars equi	valent)		
		CY 1953	CY 1954	CY 1955	CY 1956
Α.	Goods and Services				
	Exports Imports Trade Balance Non-monetary gold movement (net) Foreign travel Transportation and insurance Investment income Government n.i.e. Total Services Subtotal, Current Acct.	339.9 -353.8 -13.9 -25.7 -5.6 -2.7 0.3 -2.3 -10.3 -49.9	276.0 -290.0 -14.0 -25.0 -5.0 -2.5 - -2.0 -9.5 -48.5	290.0 -280.0 10.0 -20.0	290.0 -285.0 5.0 -20.0
в.	Private Financing				
	Remittances Direct Investment Other Total private financing	_4.4 _4.3 _4.6 -13.3	-5.0 -4.0 -3.0 -12.0	-10.0	-10.0
c.	Net Errors and Omissions	3.1	-	-	-
D.	Surplus (/) or Deficit (-) A through C	-60.1	-60.5	-30.0	-35.0



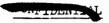
### BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

CONFIDENTIAL

Country Thailand
Table 20 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

	(Millions	of dollars equi	valent)	Exchange Rate Used:	See Note <u>a</u> /
	<u> </u>	CY 1953	CY 1954	CY 1955	C <b>Y</b> 1956
E. Of	ficial Financing	- The state of the	garagan akir siya daga daga girin geniniyin girin republik nagaga Amerikan Mil		
1.	Donations				
	Grants from U.S.	5.0	5.0	10.0	14.0
	Other	-0.5	-0.5	-	-
	Total Donations	4.5	4.5	10.0	14.0
2.	Long-Term Capital				
	Loan repayments	-1.5	<b>-1.</b> 5	-1.5	-1.5
	Loans from U.S.	-	-	-	-
	Loans from IBRD - IMF	8.2	5.0	1.5	1.0
	Other	1.0	_	_	-
	Total Long-Term Capital	7.7	3.5	-	<del>-</del> 0.5
3.	Short-Term Capital				
<b>J</b>	Change in reserves (increase -)	47.9	52.5	20.0	21.5
	Monetary gold (increase -)	-	-	_	-
	Other	-	-	_	
	Total Short-Term Capital	47.9	52.5	20.0	21.5
	Total Official Financing (1/2/3)	60.1	60.5	30.0	35.0
Me	emorandum on Reserves				
	Status, end of period:	302.5	250.0	230.0	208.5
	Gold and dollars	265.0	215.0	J	
	Sterling	20.0	25.0		
	Other	17.5	10.0		

A Rice exports were converted at 12.50, while remaining exports were converted at the open market rates (e.g. 21.16 in 1953 and 21.50 in 1954). With the exception of milk and medicines which are imported at a preferential rate, imports were converted at the open market rates.



# CONFIDENCE

# PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country Thailand
Table 22 Page 1
Date November 1, 1954

No.         Sub-activity         Total         Total         Support         Cooperation         Total         Support         Cooperation           10         Agriculture and Natural Resources         1,673         903         -         903         1,651         500         1,651           11         Research, Agricultural Education and Extension         265         125         -         125         398         200           12         Land and Water Resources, Land Reform         678         106         -         106         120         -           13         Crop and Livestock Development         240         350         -         350         487         -           14         Agricultural Economics, Farm Organization and Agricultural Credit, Land Tenure         230         153         -         153         435         300           15         Agricultural Marketing and Processing         - <t< th=""><th></th></t<>	
Code No.   Activity and Sub-activity   Total   Total   Total   Support   Cooperation   Total   Support   Total   Support   Cooperation   Total   Support   Total   Support	
No.         Sub-activity         Total         Total         Support         Cooperation         Total         Support         Cooperation           10         Agriculture and Natural Resources         1,673         903         -         903         1,651         500         1,61           11         Research, Agricultural Education and Extension         265         125         -         125         398         200           12         Land and Water Resources, Land Reform         678         106         -         106         120         -           13         Crop and Livestock Development         240         350         -         350         487         -           14         Agricultural Economics, Farm Organization and Agricultural Credit, Land Tenure         230         153         -         153         435         300           15         Agricultural Marketing and Processing         - <td< th=""><th>nical</th></td<>	nical
Research, Agricultural Education and Extension   265   125   - 125   398   200	ratio
Research, Agricultural Education and Extension   265   125   - 125   398   200	151
Extension 265 125 - 125 398 200  12 Land and Water Resources, Land Reform 678 106 - 106 120 - 1  13 Crop and Livestock Development 240 350 - 350 487 - 1  14 Agricultural Economics, Farm Organization and Agricultural Credit, Land Tenure 230 153 - 153 435 300  15 Agricultural Marketing and Processing	<u>151</u>
12   Land and Water Resources, Land Reform   678   106   - 106   120   -	198
13 Crop and Livestock Development 240 350 - 350 487 -  14 Agricultural Economics, Farm Organization and Agricultural Credit, Land Tenure 230 153 - 153 435 300  15 Agricultural Marketing and Processing	120
14 Agricultural Economics, Farm Organization and Agricultural Credit, Land Tenure 230 153 - 153 435 300  15 Agricultural Marketing and Processing	487
and Agricultural Credit, Land Tenure 230 153 - 153 435 300  15 Agricultural Marketing and Processing	407
15   Agricultural Marketing and Processing   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	135
Home Economics and Rural Youth   -   15   -   15   57   -   17   Forestry   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	135
17   Forestry   18   Fisheries   170   72   -   72   64   -   19   All Other   90   82   -   82   90   -	- -7
18 Fisheries       170       72       -       72       64       -         19 All Other       90       82       -       82       90       -         20 Industry and Mining       147       338       -       338       6,415       6,000         21 Mining and Minerals       50       158       -       158       55       -         22 Power and Communications       30       130       -       130       5,090       5,000         23 Manufacturing and Processing       -       20       -       20       40       -         24 Service Industries       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         25 Engineering and Construction       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         26 Marketing and Distribution       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         27 Industrial Management       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -	57
19 All Other   90 82 - 82 90 -   90   -	64
20   Industry and Mining   147   338   - 338   6,415   6,000	
22 Power and Communications       30       130       -       130       5,090       5,000         23 Manufacturing and Processing       -       20       -       20       40       -         24 Service Industries       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         25 Engineering and Construction       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         26 Marketing and Distribution       - <td>90</td>	90
22 Power and Communications       30       130       -       130       5,090       5,000         23 Manufacturing and Processing       -       20       -       20       40       -         24 Service Industries       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         25 Engineering and Construction       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         26 Marketing and Distribution       - <td>415</td>	415
22 Power and Communications       30       130       -       130       5,090       5,000         23 Manufacturing and Processing       -       20       -       20       40       -         24 Service Industries       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         25 Engineering and Construction       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         26 Marketing and Distribution       - <td>55</td>	55
24 Service Industries	90
24 Service Industries	40
26 Marketing and Distribution 700 500	-
26 Marketing and Distribution 700 500	-
27 Industrial Management 700 500	-
·	200
28 Industrial Training	-
29 All Other 67 30 - 30 530 500	30
30 Transportation 3,893 3,918 3,500 418 10,490 10,000	490
30 <u>Transportation</u> 3,893 3,918 3,500 418 10,490 10,000	160
32 Urban Transit and Traffic Engineering	_
33 Railways 65 101 - 101 85 -	85



### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country Thailand
Table 22 Page 2
Date November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars)

		FY 1954 a FY 1955			55	FY 1956		
Code	Activity and			Defense	Technical		Defense	Technical
No.	Sub-activity	Total	Total	Support	Cooperation	Total	Support	Cooperation
30	Transportation (Cont'd)							
	Port Facilities and Harbor Improvement	35	92	-	92	45	-	45
35	<u>-</u>	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
36		_	-	-	-	-	-	-
37	Air Transport	580	103	-	103	200	-	200
<b>3</b> 9	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
40	Labor	15	30	_	30	80	-	80
	Labor and Trade Union Leadership	<u>15</u> 15	30	-	30	80	-	80
	Apprenticeship and In-Service Training	-/	•					
'-	for Workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
43	Labor Productivity	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
44	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45								
	Enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
46								
	Welfare Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
47	Industrial Safety and Hygiene	-	-	-	-		-	-
48		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
49		-	-	. <del>-</del>	-	-	-	-
50	Health & Sanitation	2,105	1,045	_	1,045	1,822	<u>500</u>	1,322
	Control of Specific Diseases	276	143	-	143	125	-	125
	Environmental Sanitation	622	184	-	184	567	300	267
	Health Facilities - Operation of an							
75	Advisory Services to	380	183	-	183	220	-	220
54	Health Training and Education	405	412	-	412	555	-	555
55		•						
//	Remodeling, Equipment	347	55	-	<b>5</b> 5	280	200	80
59	<del>-</del>	75	68	-	68	75	-	75
"						0	ONIN	
						U		

#### PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country Thailand 22 Page 3 November 1, 1954

(In thousands of dollars) FY 1955 FY 1956 FY 1954 a/ Technical Technical Activity and Defense Defense Code Support Cooperation Cooperation Total Total Total Support No. Sub-activity <u>963</u> 305 952 312 952 312 60 1,296 Education 61 Technical Education 62 Vocational Agriculture Education 63 Home Economics Education 64 Elementary Education 65 Secondary Education 360 724 724 360 66 Professional and Higher Education 190 67 Fundamental Adult and Community 149 149 130 130 145 Education 68 Educational Administration 75 75 111 69 All Other 225 111 165 165 85 415 415 Public Administration 71 Organization and Management of Particular Ministries or Programs 72 Government-Wide Organization and Management 73 Public Personnel Administration 370 370 74 Budget Administration 45 45 75 Public Finance General Services 77 Organization and Administration of Institutes or Bureaus of Public Administration 78 Statistics - General and Census 165 165 79 All Other

COMPTDENTIAL



# PROJECT ASSISTANCE OBLIGATIONS BY ACTIVITY AND SUB-ACTIVITY

Country Thailand
Table 22 Page 4

Date November 1, 1954

		(In thou	sands of	dollars)				
		FY 1954 a/ FY 1955			FY 1956			
Code	Activity and			Defense	Technical	-	Defense	Technical
No.	Sub-activity	Total	Total	Support	Cooperation	Total	Support	Cooperation
80	Community Development, Social Welfare							
00	and Housing	-	230	-	230	1,095	-	1,095
81	Community Development	-	230	-	230	1,000	-	1,000
82	Social Welfare	-	-	-	-	95	-	95
83	Housing	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
84	Aided Self-Help Housing		-	_	-	-	-	-
85		-	_	-	-	-	-	-
	Supporting Projects, Housing	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
86	Emergency Housing	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
87	Land Reform	_	_	_	-	_	-	-
89	All Other	-	_					
	Garage and Manallamonus	45	25	_	25	2,030	2,000	30
90	General and Miscellaneous	<del></del>		_				-
91	Trade and Investment	45	25	_	25	30	-	30
92 99	Information (Mass Communications, etc.) All Other	-	-	-	-	2,000	2,000	-
	Total	8,926	8,200	3,500	4,700	24,700	19,000	5,700

a/ Technical Cooperation only.

